xlwt Release 1.3.0

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xlwt is a library for writing data and formatting information to older Excel files (ie: .xls)

Documentation is sparse, please see the API reference or code for help:

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API Reference

class xlwt.Workbook.Workbook (encoding='ascii', style_compression=0)

This is a class representing a workbook and all its contents. When creating Excel files with xlwt, you will normally start by instantiating an object of this class.

add sheet (sheetname, cell overwrite ok=False)

This method is used to create Worksheets in a Workbook.

Parameters

- **sheetname** The name to use for this sheet, as it will appear in the tabs at the bottom of the Excel application.
- **cell_overwrite_ok** If True, cells in the added worksheet will not raise an exception if written to more than once.

Returns The Worksheet that was added.

save (filename_or_stream)

This method is used to save the Workbook to a file in native Excel format.

Parameters filename_or_stream – This can be a string containing a filename of the file, in which case the excel file is saved to disk using the name provided. It can also be a stream object with a write method, such as a StringIO, in which case the data for the excel file is written to the stream.

class xlwt.Worksheet.Worksheet (sheetname, parent_book, cell_overwrite_ok=False)

This is a class representing the contents of a sheet in a workbook.

Warning: You don't normally create instances of this class yourself. They are returned from calls to add_sheet().

write(r, c, label='', style=<xlwt.Style.XFStyle object>)

This method is used to write a cell to a Worksheet.

Parameters

- **r** The zero-relative number of the row in the worksheet to which the cell should be written.
- c The zero-relative number of the column in the worksheet to which the cell should be written.
- label The data value to be written.

An int, long, or Decimal instance is converted to float.

A unicode instance is written as is. A bytes instance is converted to unicode using the encoding, which defaults to ascii, specified when the Workbook instance was created.

A datetime, date or time instance is converted into Excel date format (a float representing the number of days since (typically) 1899-12-31T00:00:00, under the pretence that 1900 was a leap year).

A bool instance will show up as TRUE or FALSE in Excel.

None causes the cell to be blank: no data, only formatting.

An xlwt.Formula instance causes an Excel formula to be written.

• **style** – A style, also known as an XF (extended format), is an XFStyle object, which encapsulates the formatting applied to the cell and its contents.

XFStyle objects are best set up using the easyxf() function. They may also be set up by setting attributes in Alignment, Borders, Pattern, Font and Protection objects then setting those objects and a format string as attributes of an XFStyle object.

Formatting

The XF record is able to store explicit cell formatting attributes or the attributes of a cell style. Explicit formatting includes the reference to a cell style XF record. This allows to extend a defined cell style with some explicit attributes. The formatting attributes are divided into 6 groups:

Group	Attributes	
Number format	Number format index (index to FORMAT record)	
Font	Font index (index to FONT record)	
Alignment	Border line styles and colours	
Border		
Background		
Protection	Cell locked, formula hidden	

For each group a flag in the cell XF record specifies whether to use the attributes contained in that XF record or in the referenced style XF record. In style XF records, these flags specify whether the attributes will overwrite explicit cell formatting when the style is applied to a cell. Changing a cell style (without applying this style to a cell) will change all cells which already use that style and do not contain explicit cell attributes for the changed style attributes. If a cell XF record does not contain explicit attributes in a group (if the attribute group flag is not set), it repeats the attributes of its style XF record.

```
xlwt.Style.easyxf(strg_to_parse='', num_format_str=None, field_sep=', ', line_sep=';', in-
tro sep=':', esc char='\\', debug=False)
```

This function is used to create and configure XFStyle objects for use with (for example) the Worksheet. write() method.

It takes a string to be parsed to obtain attribute values for Alignment, Borders, Font, Pattern and Protection objects.

Refer to the examples in the file $examples/xlwt_easyxf_simple_demo.py$ and to the xf_dict dictionary in xlwt. Style.

Various synonyms including color/colour, center/centre and gray/grey are allowed. Case is irrelevant (except maybe in font names). – may be used instead of _.

```
Example: font: bold on; align: wrap on, vert centre, horiz center
```

Parameters num_format_str - To get the "number format string" of an existing cell whose format you want to reproduce, select the cell and click on Format/Cells/Number/Custom. Otherwise, refer to Excel help.

```
Examples: "#, ##0.00", "dd/mm/yyyy"
```

Returns An XFstyle object.

Perhaps more useful is to consult the tutorial and the examples in the examples folder of the distribution.

For details of how to install the package or get involved in its development, please see the sections below:

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Installation Instructions

If you want to experiment with xlwt, the easiest way to install it is to do the following in a virtualenv:

```
pip install xlwt
```

If your package uses setuptools and you decide to use xlwt, then you should add it as a requirement by adding an install_requires parameter in your call to setup as follows:

```
setup(
    # other stuff here
    install_requires=['xlwt'],
)
```

Development

This package is developed using continuous integration which can be found here:

https://travis-ci.org/python-excel/xlwt

If you wish to contribute to this project, then you should fork the repository found here:

https://github.com/python-excel/xlwt

Once that has been done and you have a checkout, you can follow these instructions to perform various development tasks:

Setting up a virtualenv

The recommended way to set up a development environment is to turn your checkout into a virtualenv and then install the package in editable form as follows:

```
$ virtualenv .
$ bin/pip install -Ur requirements.txt
$ bin/pip install -e .
```

Running the tests

Once you've set up a virtualenv, the tests can be run as follows:

```
$ bin/nosetests
```

To run tests on all the versions of Python that are supported, you can do:

```
$ bin/tox
```

If you change the supported python versions in .travis.yml, please remember to do the following to update tox.ini:

```
$ bin/panci --to=tox .travis.yml > tox.ini
```

Building the documentation

The Sphinx documentation is built by doing the following, having activated the virtualenv above, from the directory containing setup.py:

```
$ cd docs
$ make html
```

Making a release

To make a release, just update the version in xlwt/__init__.py, update the change log, tag it and push to https://github.com/python-excel/xlwt and Travis CI should take care of the rest.

Once the above is done, make sure to go to https://readthedocs.org/projects/xlwt/versions/ and make sure the new release is marked as an Active Version.

Changes

1.3.0 (22 August 2017)

- Officially support Python 3.6, drop support for 2.6.
- Fix bytes/string type mismatch in upack2rt() on python 3.
- Packaging and code style tweaks.
- Use generator expressions to avoid unnecessary lists in memory.

Thanks to the following for their contributions to this release:

- Jon Dufresne
- Bill Adams

1.2.0 (4 January 2017)

- \bullet Remove LOCALE from regular expression that caused <code>DeprecationWarning</code> that become an exception in Python 3.6
- Add Workbook.sheet_index() helper.
- Workbook.get_sheet() now takes either a string name or an integer index.

1.1.2 (9 June 2016)

- Fix failure in style compression under Python 3.
- Officially support Python 3.5
- Documentation tweaks.

1.1.1 (2 June 2016)

• Fix release problems.

1.1.0 (2 June 2016)

- Fix SST BIFF record in Python 3.
- Fix for writing ExternSheetRecord in Python 3.
- Add the ability to insert bitmap images from buffers as well as files.
- Official support for Python 3.5.

Thanks to "thektulu" and Lele Gaifax for the Python 3 fixes. Thanks to Ross Golder for the support for inserting images from buffers.

1.0.0 (15 April 2015)

- Python 3 support.
- Initial set of unit tests.
- · An initial set of Sphinx documentation.
- Move to setuptools for packaging.
- Wire up Travis, Coveralls and ReadTheDocs.
- Allow longs as row indexes.

Big thanks to Thomas Kluyver for his work on Python 3 support, Manfred Moitzi for donating his unit tests.

Belated thanks to Landon Jurgens for his help on converting the documentation to Sphinx.

0.7.5 (5 April 2013)

- Fixes a bug that could cause a corrupt SST in .xls files written by a wide-unicode Python build.
- A ValueError is now raised immediately if an attempt is made to set column width to other than an int in range (65536)
- Added the ability to set a custom RGB colour in the palette to use for colours. Thanks to Alan Rotman for the work, although this could really use an example in the examples folder...
- Fixed an issue trying to set a diagonal border using easyxf. Thanks to Neil Etheridge for the fix.
- Fixed a regression from 0.7.2 when writing sheets with frozen panes.

0.7.4 (13 April 2012)

• Python 2.3 to 2.7 are now the officially supported versions, no Python 3 yet, sorry.

• The datemode in an xlwt <code>Workbook</code> can be set to 1904 by doing <code>workbook.dates_1904 = 1</code> and is written to the output file. However the datemode was not being reflected in conversions from <code>datetime.datetime.date</code> objects to floats for output, resulting in dates that were 4 years too high when seen in Excel.

0.7.3 (21 February 2012)

- Added user_set and best_fit attributes to Column class.
- Fixed an [Errno 0] Error raised when Worksheet.flush_row_data() was called after Workbook.save()
- Fixed an error on Windows that occurred when writing large blocks to files.
- Added the ability to write rich text cells
- Fixed a bug when writing MULBLANK records on big-endian platforms.
- allow the active_pane on worksheets to be specified
- added support for zoom (magn) factors and improved possibilities when generating split panes

0.7.2 (1 June 2009)

- Added function Utils.rowcol_pair_to_cellrange. (0, 0, 65535, 255) -> "A1:IV65536"
- Removed Worksheet property show_empty_as_zero, and added attribute show_zero_values (default: 1 == True).
- Fixed formula code generation problem with formulas including MAX/SUM/etc functions with arguments like A1+123.
- Added .pattern_examples.xls and put a pointer to it in the easyxf part of Style.py.
- Fixed Row.set_cell_formula() bug introduced in 0.7.1.
- Fixed bug(?) with SCL/magnification handling causing(?) Excel to raise a dialogue box if sheet is set to open in page preview mode and user then switches to normal view.
- Added color and colour as synonyms for font.colour_index in easyxf.
- Removed unused attribute Row.__has_default_format.

0.7.1 (4 March 2009)

See source control for changes made.

0.7.0 (19 September 2008)

Fixed more bugs and added more various new bits of functionality

0.7.0a4 (8 October 2007)

- fork of pyExcelerator, released to python-excel.
- Fixed various bugs in pyExcelerator and added various new bits of functionality

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The licensing for the unit tests added as part of the work for Python 3 compatibility is as follows:

```
Author: mozman -- < mozman@gmx.at >
```

Purpose: test_mini
Created: 03.12.2010

Copyright (C) 2010, Manfred Moitzi

License: BSD licence

The license for pyExcelerator, from which xlwt was forked:

```
Copyright (C) 2005 Roman V. Kiseliov All rights reserved.
```

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Portions of xlwt.Utils are based on pyXLWriter which is licensed as follows:

```
Copyright (c) 2004 Evgeny Filatov <fufff@users.sourceforge.net>
Copyright (c) 2002-2004 John McNamara (Perl Spreadsheet::WriteExcel)

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https://www.gnu.org/licenses/lgpl.html
```

pyXLWriter also makes reference to the PERL Spreadsheet::WriteExcel as follows:

This module was written/ported **from PERL** Spreadsheet::WriteExcel module
The author of the PERL Spreadsheet::WriteExcel module **is** John McNamara
<jmcnamara@cpan.org>

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