teleost-radiation Documentation

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4 Indices and tables

Cookbook

Generalities

2.1 Defining variables

As a general rules, any variable referenced in this documentation must be either:

- Defined in the yaml config file that is passed to snakemake by --configfile
- Defined directly in the snakemake command by --config variable=\$value

2.2 Logging functions

Archiving processes are defined in the file workflows/logging.rules. The variable logging_folder must be defined in the config.yaml or passed to snakemake with --config. Each time an effective snakemake run is started, a folder named with the current UTC datetime is created. A variable number of files will be copied there, so that replication of the run is possible:

- · The snakefile passed to snakemake
- The config file
- The full command used, copied into the file cmd.txt
- The parameter files defining the SRA and the local samples, if they exist

The logs of every command run during the execution of the workflow will then be stored in this folder.

2.3 Determining sample names

Sample naming and matching to fastq files are handled in the file workflows/making_sample_dataset. rules.

2.3.1 Local samples

Local samples will be determined based on a tabulated file whose full path must be passed to the variable local_samples in the config.yaml or through --config on the snakemake command. It must contain at least two columns: *SampleName* and *ScientificName*.

Table 2.1: Local data example				
SampleName	ScientificName			
S10	Staphylococcus aureus			
S1	Staphylococcus aureus			

For each entry, there must be in the folder defined by the link_directory variable, two files (for paired reads) or only one (for single reads) whose filename starts by one and only one entry of the *SampleName* columns. For instance, the files S10_001_R1_L001.fastq.gz and S10_001_R2_L001.fastq.gz in the folder defined by the link_directory variable will be matched to the sample name S10. The matching is performed by using regular expressions to end the search at non alphanumeric characters or by the end of the word, thus the sample name S1 will actually not match S10_001_R1_L001.fastq.gz nor S10_001_R2_L001_fastq.gz.

If needed, an *OldSampleName* column can be added to the file, when the read filenames and the desired new sample names can not be matched simply by testing the identity at the start of both names.

Table 2.2: Loca	al data exam	ple with old	sample names
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SampleName	ScientificName	OldSampleName
S10	Staphylococcus aureus	Staaur-10
S1	Staphylococcus aureus	Staaur-1

In this case, the files <code>Staaur-10_S10_L001_R1_001.fastq.gz</code> and <code>Staaur-10_S10_L001_R2_001.fastq.gz</code> in the folder defined in <code>link_directory</code> will be matched to the sample name <code>S10.</code> Similarly, <code>Staaur-1</code> will actually not match <code>Staaur-10_S10_L001_R1_001.fastq.gz</code>.

2.3.2 SRA samples

SRA samples will be determined based on the tabulated file whose full path must be passed to the variable sra_samples. The RunInfo files that can be downloaded through the SRA NCBI database can be directly passed without any modification. Otherwise, four columns must be defined.

	Tuble 2.5. SIAY data example					
Run	SampleName	LibraryLay-	ScientificName			
		out				
ERR1140788	Mycobacterium_tuberculosis_N0145-	paired	Mycobacterium tuberculo-			
	Lineage_2		sis			
SRR006916	Mycobacterium_tuberculosis_K21-Lineage_1	single	Mycobacterium tuberculo-			
			sis			

Table 2.3: SRA data example

Workflows

Current available workflows are implemented in the folder workflows. Each workflow will depend on rules, stored in the folder of the same name, and can also depend on other workflows. rules are sorted with respect to their general function in different folders.

3.1 Core genome determination

Core genomes can be calculated by three different means.

3.1.1 Ridom

cgMLST scheme from ridom can be extracted directly for theses species

Species	Taxonomy ID	Ridom ID	Reference genome assembly ID			
Staphylococcus aureus	1280	141106	33148			
Mycobacterium tuberculosis	1773	741110	538048			
Listeria monocytogenes	1639	690488	264498			
Escherichia coli	562	5064703	79781			
Klebsiella pneumoniae	573	2187931	31388			
Enterococcus faecium	1352	991893	526908			
Acinetobacter baumannii	470	3956907	39528			
Legionella pneumophila	446	1025099	30068			

	Table 3.1:	Available	cgMLST	schemes	from	ridom
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A bed file is constructed from the locus target file, constructing coordinates from the start and length columns of the csv file file available on the ridom website.

Example target file:

snakemake --snakefile \$pipeline_folder/workflows/core_genome/make_ridom.rules core_genomes/Staphylococcus_aureus/ridom/33148.bed will create the BED file defining the core genomic regions in the genome of the assembly ID 33148 (*Staphylococcus aureus* COL)

3.1.2 Enterobase

cgMLST scheme from enterobase is extracted for Salmonella enterica:

Table 3.2: Available cgMLST schemes from enterobase						
Species	Taxonomy ID	Enterobase ID	Reference genome assembly ID	Scheme		
Salmonella enterica	28901	SALwgMLST	359488	cgMLSTv		

A bed file for the reference genome 359488, based on the locus tag present in this genome is constructed. For instance, over the 3002 locus of the *Salmonella* cgMLSTv1, 69 come from a different genome than the reference 359488.

snakemake --snakefile \$pipeline_folder/workflows/core_genome/make_enterobase.
rules core_genomes/Salmonella_enterica/ridom/359488.bed will create the BED file defining
the core genomic regions in the genome of the assembly ID 359488 (Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar
Typhimurium str. D23580)

3.1.3 ParSNP

For species unavailable on either resource, core genome can be calculated using parsnp and the complete genomes of the species available on RefSeq. As ParSNP is not available on bioconda, the binary must be downloaded from the ParSNP website and placed in your \$PATH.

3.2 Assembly and quality

Aggregates rules for assembling genomes and performing various quality control checks. Required parameters:

- cov_cutoff: contigs whose coverage is below this cutoff will be excluded from the final assembly
- adapter_file_name: look for the adaptor for this library preparation kit (possible values)
- adapter_removal_param1, adapter_removal_param2, adapter_removal_param3: parameters for adapter trimming (reference)
- minimum_quality_base: leading and trailing bases below this quality will be removed
- minimum_read_length: reads shorter than this threshold after trimming will be discarded (be careful when using reads from SRA!)

Deliverables:

- quality/multiqc/self_genome/multiqc_report.html: quality control report based on the results of fastqc, trimmomatic, qualimap, quast and prokka for every sample
- samples/{sample_name}/annotation/: folder containing all annotation files from the prokka software

3.3 Resistance

Depends on the Assembly and quality workflow.

Required parameters:

• resistance_prediction_softwares: list of software for genetic resistance assessment. Possible values: mykrobe and rgi.

Deliverables:

- samples/{sample_name}/annotation/resistance/rgi.tsv: results files for RGI
- samples/{sample_name}/annotation/resistance/mykrobe.tsv: results file for mykrobe

3.4 Virulence

Depends on the Assembly and quality workflow.

Required parameters:

• virulence_factors: file with list of uniprot accession of virulence factors. An example is available in the folder data/staph/db/

Deliverables:

• virulence_summary.xlsx: summary of virulence proteins found in every samples.

3.5 Epidemiology

Depends on the Assembly and quality workflow (for determining the Sequence Types).

Required parameters:

- minimum_coverage_for_calling: minimum of coverage for considering a genomic position when counting differences between samples. Any position (SNP or non-SNP when compared to the reference) having a lower coverage will be masked
- minimum_alternate_fraction_for_calling: minimum ratio of observations favouring a SNP over observations not favouring a SNP. Any SNPs not meeting this criteria will also be masked

Deliverables:

- typing/{snp_caller}/core_{ridom or enterobase}/{reference_genome}/bwa/ distance_snp_mst_no_st.svg: Minimum spanning tree of the distance in snps between every sample over the core genome as defined by ridom or enterobase. Available species and values for reference genomes are listed in the files in data/core_genome_dbs/. If the species under consideration has a multiple locus sequence type available, typing/{snp_caller}/core_{ridom or enterobase}/ {reference_genome}/bwa/distance_snp_mst_with_st.svg can be generated with the ST of each sample.
- phylogeny/{snp_caller}/core_{ridom or enterobase}/{reference_genome}/bwa/ phylogeny_no_st.svg: A phylogeny based on the alignments of the core SNPs, using RAxML. Available species and values for reference genomes are listed in the files in data/core_genome_dbs/. If the species under consideration has a multiple locus sequence type available, phylogeny/{snp_caller}/ core_{ridom or enterobase}/{reference_genome}/bwa/phylogeny_with_st.svg can be generated with the ST of each sample.

• quality/multiqc/mapping_to_{reference_genome}/multiqc_report.html: multiqc report of qualimap, fastqc and trimmomatic of every samples when mapping against the reference. Check for quality control.

Indices and tables

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