
python-slacktools Documentation

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Contents

1	API Reference	1
1.1	Authorization	1
1.2	Working With Messages	1
1.3	Sending Messages	2
1.4	Silly Stuff	3
	Python Module Index	5

1.1 Authorization

exception `slacktools.authorization.SignatureVersionException`

`slacktools.authorization.verify_signature` (*signing_secret: str, request_timestamp: int, body: str, signature: str, current_timestamp: int = None*) → bool

Verifies a signature from X-Slack-Signature and X-Slack-Request-Timestamp

see: <https://api.slack.com/docs/verifying-requests-from-slack>

also see the implementation in: [slackapi/python-slack-events-api](#). Check out `SlackServer.verify_signature`. History: 2018-09-09

Raises `SignatureVersionException` if the signature version is something other than v0

1.2 Working With Messages

`slacktools.message.extract_mentions` (*text: str*) → List[str]

Returns a list of slack user ID strings in the order that they appear in the string

```
>>> extract_mentions('waddup <@U5H9UR207> testing <@U8DCV8P6X>')
['U5H9UR207', 'U8DCV8P6X']
>>> extract_mentions('hey <@U5GJR5GF7> test this yooo <@U5GJR5GF7>')
['U5GJR5GF7', 'U5GJR5GF7']
>>> extract_mentions('<@U5GJR5GF7><@U5H9UR207><@U5GJR5GF7>')
['U5GJR5GF7', 'U5H9UR207', 'U5GJR5GF7']
```

`slacktools.message.extract_unique_mentions` (*text: str*) → Set[str]

Returns a set of slack user ID strings

```
>>> extract_unique_mentions('hey <@U5GJR5GF7> test this yooo <@U5GJR5GF7>')
{'U5GJR5GF7'}
>>> extract_unique_mentions('waddup <@U5H9UR207> testing <@U8DCV8P6X>') - {
↳ 'U8DCV8P6X', 'U5H9UR207'}
set()
```

`slacktools.message.extract_user_id_from_mention(m: str) → Optional[str]`
Given a slack mention control sequence extract the

```
>>> extract_user_id_from_mention('<@U5H9UR207>')
'U5H9UR207'
>>> extract_user_id_from_mention('ayy') is None
True
```

`slacktools.message.format_channel_link(name: str, channel_id: str)`
Formats a channel name and ID as a channel link using slack control sequences https://api.slack.com/docs/message-formatting#linking_to_channels_and_users

```
>>> format_channel_link('general', 'C024BE7LR')
'<#C024BE7LR|general>'
```

`slacktools.message.format_slack_mention(slack_id: str)`
Formats a slack user ID as a mention using slack control sequences https://api.slack.com/docs/message-formatting#linking_to_channels_and_users

```
>>> format_slack_mention('U5H9UR207')
'<@U5H9UR207>'
```

`slacktools.message.format_url(text, url)`
Formats an inline slack hyperlink to a URL https://api.slack.com/docs/message-formatting#linking_to_urls

```
>>> format_url('my website', 'https://austinpray.com')
'<my website|https://austinpray.com>'
```

`slacktools.message.is_user_mention(s: str) → bool`
tests if a string is a user mention control sequence

```
>>> is_user_mention('<@UXXXXXXXX>')
True
>>> is_user_mention('<@UXX>')
False
```

`slacktools.message.slack_escape(text: str) → str`
Escape slack control sequences in a string https://api.slack.com/docs/message-formatting#how_to_escape_characters

```
>>> slack_escape('Hello & <world> ')
'Hello &amp; &lt;world&gt; '
```

1.3 Sending Messages

`slacktools.chat.reply(slack_client, message: dict, text: str)`
Takes a message from some channel and `chat.postMessage` some text back with a user mention prepended

```
slacktools.chat.send(slack_client, channel: str, text: str)
    chat.postMessage to a channel

slacktools.chat.send_ephemeral(slack_client, channel: str, user: str, text: str)
    chat.postEphemeral to a channel and user

https://api.slack.com/methods/chat.postEphemeral

slacktools.chat.send_ephemeral_factory(slack_client, channel: str, user: str)
    Curried function for sending ephemeral messages so you don't have to keep passing channel and user in.

slacktools.chat.send_factory(slack_client, channel: str)
    Curried function for sending messages so you don't have to keep passing channel in.
```

1.4 Silly Stuff

```
class slacktools.arguments.SlackArgumentParser(prog=None, usage=None, descrip-
                                             tion=None, epilog=None, par-
                                             ents=[], formatter_class=<class 'arg-
                                             parse.HelpFormatter'>, prefix_chars='-',
                                             fromfile_prefix_chars=None,
                                             argument_default=None, con-
                                             flict_handler='error', add_help=True,
                                             allow_abbrev=True)

    If, for some silly reason, you want your bot to accept argparse.ArgumentParser style arguments you can use this.

    error(message)
        We override this method because ArgumentParser's error() method prints stuff to stdout and then calls
        exit(1)

        Raise SlackArgumentParserException

exception slacktools.arguments.SlackArgumentParserException
```


S

`slacktools.arguments`, 3
`slacktools.authorization`, 1
`slacktools.chat`, 2
`slacktools.message`, 1

E

`error()` (slacktools.arguments.SlackArgumentParser method), 3
`extract_mentions()` (in module slacktools.message), 1
`extract_unique_mentions()` (in module slacktools.message), 1
`extract_user_id_from_mention()` (in module slacktools.message), 2

F

`format_channel_link()` (in module slacktools.message), 2
`format_slack_mention()` (in module slacktools.message), 2
`format_url()` (in module slacktools.message), 2

I

`is_user_mention()` (in module slacktools.message), 2

R

`reply()` (in module slacktools.chat), 2

S

`send()` (in module slacktools.chat), 2
`send_ephemeral()` (in module slacktools.chat), 3
`send_ephemeral_factory()` (in module slacktools.chat), 3
`send_factory()` (in module slacktools.chat), 3
`SignatureVersionException`, 1
`slack_escape()` (in module slacktools.message), 2
`SlackArgumentParser` (class in slacktools.arguments), 3
`SlackArgumentParserException`, 3
`slacktools.arguments` (module), 3
`slacktools.authorization` (module), 1
`slacktools.chat` (module), 2
`slacktools.message` (module), 1

V

`verify_signature()` (in module slacktools.authorization), 1