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# Python Overpass API Documentation

*Release 0.4*

**PhiBo**

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## Requirements

Supported Python versions:

- Python 2.7
- Python > 3.2
- PyPy

## Installation

### As a Python egg

You can install the most recent version using `pip`

```
$ pip install overpy
```

### From a tarball release

Download the most recent tarball from github, unpack it and run the following command on the command-line.

```
$ python setup.py install
```

### Install the development version

Install git and run the following commands on the command-line.

```
$ git clone https://github.com/DinoTools/python-overpy.git
$ cd python-overpy
$ python setup.py install
```

## Usage

It is recommended to have a look at the documentation of the [Overpass API](#) before using OverPy. For more examples have a look at the [examples page](#) or in the examples directory.

```
import overpy

api = overpy.Overpass()

# fetch all ways and nodes
result = api.query("""
    way(50.746,7.154,50.748,7.157) ["highway"];
    (._;>);
    out body;
    """)

for way in result.ways:
    print("Name: %s" % way.tags.get("name", "n/a"))
    print("  Highway: %s" % way.tags.get("highway", "n/a"))
    print("  Nodes:")
    for node in way.nodes:
        print("    Lat: %f, Lon: %f" % (node.lat, node.lon))
```



### Basic example

Lets start with an example from the Overpass API documentation.

#### Query String:

```
1 node(50.745,7.17,50.75,7.18);  
2 out;
```

#### Use OverPy:

```
1 >>> import overpy  
2 >>> api = overpy.Overpass()  
3 >>> result = api.query("node(50.745,7.17,50.75,7.18);out;")  
4 >>> len(result.nodes)  
5 1984  
6 >>> len(result.ways)  
7 0  
8 >>> len(result.relations)  
9 0  
10 >>> node = result.nodes[2]  
11 >>> node.id  
12 100792806  
13 >>> node.tags  
14 {}
```

**Line 1:** Import the required Python module

**Line 2:** Create a new instance of the Overpass() class. This instance is used to query the Overpass API.

**Line 3:** Use the Query-String from above to query the Overpass API service.

**Line 4,5:** Get the number of nodes in the result set.

**Line 6-9:** Get the number of ways and relations available in the result set.

**Line 10-14:** Get the third node from the list. Display the ID and the tags of this node.

## Use Overpass QL or Overpass XML

Queries are passed directly to the Overpass API service without any modification. So it is possible to use Overpass QL and Overpass XML.

### Overpass QL

Query:

```
1 node["name"="Gielgen"];
2 out body;
```

Use OverPy:

```
1 >>> import overpy
2 >>> api = overpy.Overpass()
3 >>> result = api.query("""node["name"="Gielgen"];out body;""")
4 >>> len(result.nodes)
5 6
6 >>> len(result.ways)
7 0
8 >>> len(result.relations)
9 0
```

### Overpass XML

Query:

```
1 <osm-script>
2   <query type="node">
3     <has-kv k="name" v="Gielgen"/>
4   </query>
5   <print/>
6 </osm-script>
```

Use OverPy:

```
1 >>> import overpy
2 >>> api = overpy.Overpass()
3 >>> result = api.query("""<osm-script>
4 ...   <query type="node">
5 ...     <has-kv k="name" v="Gielgen"/>
6 ...   </query>
7 ...   <print/>
8 ... </osm-script>""")
9 >>> len(result.nodes)
10 6
11 >>> len(result.ways)
12 0
13 >>> len(result.relations)
14 0
```

## Parse JSON or XML responses

On a request OverPy detects the content type from the response.

### JSON response

#### Query String:

```
1 [out:json];
2 node(50.745,7.17,50.75,7.18);
3 out;
```

#### Use OverPy:

```
1 >>> import overpy
2 >>> api = overpy.Overpass()
3 >>> result = api.query("[out:json];node(50.745,7.17,50.75,7.18);out;")
4 >>> len(result.nodes)
5 1984
6 >>> len(result.ways)
7 0
8 >>> len(result.relations)
9 0
```

### XML response

#### Query String:

```
1 [out:xml];
2 node(50.745,7.17,50.75,7.18);
3 out;
```

#### Use OverPy:

```
1 >>> import overpy
2 >>> api = overpy.Overpass()
3 >>> result = api.query("[out:xml];node(50.745,7.17,50.75,7.18);out;")
4 >>> len(result.nodes)
5 1984
6 >>> len(result.ways)
7 0
8 >>> len(result.relations)
9 0
```

## Ways

### Get all nodes of a way

In this example the Overpass API will only return the Way elements with the name “Gielgenstraße”. But there will be no Node elements in the result set.

OverPy provides a way to resolve missing nodes.

**Query String:**

```
1 way
2 ["name"="Gielgenstraße"]
3 (50.7,7.1,50.8,7.25);
4 out;
```

**Use OverPy:**

```
1 >>> import overpy
2 >>> api = overpy.Overpass()
3 >>> result = api.query("""way["name"="Gielgenstraße"] (50.7,7.1,50.8,7.25);out;""")
4 >>> len(result.nodes)
5 0
6 >>> len(result.ways)
7 4
8 >>> way = result.ways[0]
9 >>> way.nodes
10 Traceback (most recent call last):
11   File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
12     [...]
13     raise exception.DataIncomplete("Resolve missing nodes is disabled")
14 overpy.exception.DataIncomplete: ('Data incomplete try to improve the query to_
15 ↳resolve the missing data', 'Resolve missing nodes is disabled')
16 >>> way.get_nodes()
17 Traceback (most recent call last):
18   File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
19     [...]
20     raise exception.DataIncomplete("Resolve missing nodes is disabled")
21 overpy.exception.DataIncomplete: ('Data incomplete try to improve the query to_
22 ↳resolve the missing data', 'Resolve missing nodes is disabled')
23 >>> nodes = way.get_nodes(resolve_missing=True)
24 >>> len(nodes)
25 13
26 >>> len(result.nodes)
27 13
>>> len(way.nodes)
13
```

**Line 1-3:** Send a query to the Overpass API service.

**Line 4-6:** There are 4 Way elements and 0 Node elements in the result set.

**Line 7:** Get the first way.

**Line 8-19:** Use `overpy.Way.nodes` class attribute and the `overpy.Way.get_nodes()` function to get the nodes for the way. Both raise an exception because the nodes are not in the result set and auto resolving missing nodes is disabled.

**Line 20-21:** Use the `overpy.Way.get_nodes()` function and let OverPy try to resolve the missing nodes. The function will return all Node elements connected with the Way element.

**Line 22-25:** The resolved nodes have been added to the result set and are available to be used again later.

## Overpass API

**class** `overpy.Overpass` (*read\_chunk\_size=None, url=None, xml\_parser=2*)

Class to access the Overpass API

**parse\_json** (*data, encoding='utf-8'*)

Parse raw response from Overpass service.

**Parameters**

- **data** (*String or Bytes*) – Raw JSON Data
- **encoding** (*String*) – Encoding to decode byte string

**Returns** Result object

**Return type** *overpy.Result*

**parse\_xml** (*data, encoding='utf-8', parser=None*)

**Parameters**

- **data** (*String or Bytes*) – Raw XML Data
- **encoding** (*String*) – Encoding to decode byte string

**Returns** Result object

**Return type** *overpy.Result*

**query** (*query*)

Query the Overpass API

**Parameters** **query** (*String|Bytes*) – The query string in Overpass QL

**Returns** The parsed result

**Return type** *overpy.Result*

## Result

**class** `overpy.Result` (*elements=None, api=None*)

Class to handle the result.

**append** (*element*)

Append a new element to the result.

**Parameters** *element* (`overpy.Element`) – The element to append

**areas**

Alias for `get_elements()` but filter the result by Area

**Parameters** *area\_id* (*Integer*) – The Id of the area

**Returns** List of elements

**expand** (*other*)

Add all elements from an other result to the list of elements of this result object.

It is used by the auto resolve feature.

**Parameters** *other* (`overpy.Result`) – Expand the result with the elements from this result.

**Raises** **ValueError** – If provided parameter is not instance of `overpy.Result`

**classmethod** `from_json` (*data, api=None*)

Create a new instance and load data from json object.

**Parameters**

- **data** (*Dict*) – JSON data returned by the Overpass API
- **api** (`overpy.Overpass`) –

**Returns** New instance of Result object

**Return type** `overpy.Result`

**classmethod** `from_xml` (*data, api=None, parser=2*)

Create a new instance and load data from xml object.

**Parameters**

- **data** (*xml.etree.ElementTree.Element*) – Root element
- **api** (`Overpass`) –
- **parser** (*Integer*) – Specify the parser to use(DOM or SAX)

**Returns** New instance of Result object

**Return type** `Result`

**get\_area** (*area\_id, resolve\_missing=False*)

Get an area by its ID.

**Parameters**

- **area\_id** (*Integer*) – The area ID
- **resolve\_missing** – Query the Overpass API if the area is missing in the result set.

**Returns** The area

**Return type** `overpy.Area`

**Raises**

- `overpy.exception.DataIncomplete` – The requested way is not available in the result cache.
- `overpy.exception.DataIncomplete` – If `resolve_missing` is `True` and the area can't be resolved.

**get\_areas** (*area\_id=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Alias for `get_elements()` but filter the result by Area

**Parameters** `area_id` (*Integer*) – The Id of the area

**Returns** List of elements

**get\_elements** (*filter\_cls, elem\_id=None*)

Get a list of elements from the result and filter the element type by a class.

**Parameters**

- `filter_cls` –
- `elem_id` (*Integer*) – ID of the object

**Returns** List of available elements

**Return type** List

**get\_ids** (*filter\_cls*)

**Parameters** `filter_cls` –

**Returns**

**get\_node** (*node\_id, resolve\_missing=False*)

Get a node by its ID.

**Parameters**

- `node_id` (*Integer*) – The node ID
- `resolve_missing` – Query the Overpass API if the node is missing in the result set.

**Returns** The node

**Return type** `overpy.Node`

**Raises**

- `overpy.exception.DataIncomplete` – At least one referenced node is not available in the result cache.
- `overpy.exception.DataIncomplete` – If `resolve_missing` is `True` and at least one node can't be resolved.

**get\_nodes** (*node\_id=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Alias for `get_elements()` but filter the result by Node()

**Parameters** `node_id` (*Integer*) – The Id of the node

**Returns** List of elements

**get\_relation** (*rel\_id, resolve\_missing=False*)

Get a relation by its ID.

**Parameters**

- `rel_id` (*Integer*) – The relation ID
- `resolve_missing` – Query the Overpass API if the relation is missing in the result set.

**Returns** The relation

**Return type** *overpy.Relation*

**Raises**

- *overpy.exception.DataIncomplete* – The requested relation is not available in the result cache.
- *overpy.exception.DataIncomplete* – If `resolve_missing` is `True` and the relation can't be resolved.

**get\_relations** (*rel\_id=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Alias for `get_elements()` but filter the result by `Relation`

**Parameters** *rel\_id* (*Integer*) – Id of the relation

**Returns** List of elements

**get\_way** (*way\_id, resolve\_missing=False*)

Get a way by its ID.

**Parameters**

- *way\_id* (*Integer*) – The way ID
- *resolve\_missing* – Query the Overpass API if the way is missing in the result set.

**Returns** The way

**Return type** *overpy.Way*

**Raises**

- *overpy.exception.DataIncomplete* – The requested way is not available in the result cache.
- *overpy.exception.DataIncomplete* – If `resolve_missing` is `True` and the way can't be resolved.

**get\_ways** (*way\_id=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Alias for `get_elements()` but filter the result by `Way`

**Parameters** *way\_id* (*Integer*) – The Id of the way

**Returns** List of elements

**nodes**

Alias for `get_elements()` but filter the result by `Node()`

**Parameters** *node\_id* (*Integer*) – The Id of the node

**Returns** List of elements

**relations**

Alias for `get_elements()` but filter the result by `Relation`

**Parameters** *rel\_id* (*Integer*) – Id of the relation

**Returns** List of elements

**ways**

Alias for `get_elements()` but filter the result by `Way`

**Parameters** *way\_id* (*Integer*) – The Id of the way

**Returns** List of elements



## Elements

**class** `overpy.Element` (*attributes=None, result=None, tags=None*)

Base element

**classmethod** `get_center_from_json` (*data*)

Get center information from json data

**Parameters** *data* – json data

**Returns** tuple with two elements: lat and lon

**Return type** tuple

**class** `overpy.Area` (*area\_id=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Class to represent an element of type area

**classmethod** `from_json` (*data, result=None*)

Create new Area element from JSON data

**Parameters**

- **data** (*Dict*) – Element data from JSON
- **result** (`overpy.Result`) – The result this element belongs to

**Returns** New instance of Way

**Return type** `overpy.Area`

**Raises** `overpy.exception.ElementDataWrongType` – If type value of the passed JSON data does not match.

**classmethod** `from_xml` (*child, result=None*)

Create new way element from XML data

**Parameters**

- **child** (*xml.etree.ElementTree.Element*) – XML node to be parsed
- **result** (`overpy.Result`) – The result this node belongs to

**Returns** New Way object

**Return type** `overpy.Way`

**Raises**

- `overpy.exception.ElementDataWrongType` – If name of the xml child node doesn't match
- **ValueError** – If the ref attribute of the xml node is not provided
- **ValueError** – If a tag doesn't have a name

**id = None**

The id of the way

**class** `overpy.Node` (*node\_id=None, lat=None, lon=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Class to represent an element of type node

**classmethod** `from_json` (*data, result=None*)

Create new Node element from JSON data

**Parameters**

- **data** (*Dict*) – Element data from JSON

- **result** (*overpy.Result*) – The result this element belongs to

**Returns** New instance of Node

**Return type** *overpy.Node*

**Raises** *overpy.exception.ElementDataWrongType* – If type value of the passed JSON data does not match.

**classmethod** **from\_xml** (*child, result=None*)

Create new way element from XML data

**Parameters**

- **child** (*xml.etree.ElementTree.Element*) – XML node to be parsed
- **result** (*overpy.Result*) – The result this node belongs to

**Returns** New Way object

**Return type** *overpy.Node*

**Raises**

- *overpy.exception.ElementDataWrongType* – If name of the xml child node doesn't match
- **ValueError** – If a tag doesn't have a name

**class** *overpy.Relation* (*rel\_id=None, center\_lat=None, center\_lon=None, members=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Class to represent an element of type relation

**center\_lat** = None

The lat/lon of the center of the way (optional depending on query)

**classmethod** **from\_json** (*data, result=None*)

Create new Relation element from JSON data

**Parameters**

- **data** (*Dict*) – Element data from JSON
- **result** (*overpy.Result*) – The result this element belongs to

**Returns** New instance of Relation

**Return type** *overpy.Relation*

**Raises** *overpy.exception.ElementDataWrongType* – If type value of the passed JSON data does not match.

**classmethod** **from\_xml** (*child, result=None*)

Create new way element from XML data

**Parameters**

- **child** (*xml.etree.ElementTree.Element*) – XML node to be parsed
- **result** (*overpy.Result*) – The result this node belongs to

**Returns** New Way object

**Return type** *overpy.Relation*

**Raises**

- *overpy.exception.ElementDataWrongType* – If name of the xml child node doesn't match

- **ValueError** – If a tag doesn't have a name

**class** `overpy.Way` (*way\_id=None, center\_lat=None, center\_lon=None, node\_ids=None, \*\*kwargs*)  
Class to represent an element of type way

**center\_lat** = None

The lat/lon of the center of the way (optional depending on query)

**classmethod** `from_json` (*data, result=None*)

Create new Way element from JSON data

**Parameters**

- **data** (*Dict*) – Element data from JSON
- **result** (*overpy.Result*) – The result this element belongs to

**Returns** New instance of Way

**Return type** *overpy.Way*

**Raises** *overpy.exception.ElementDataWrongType* – If type value of the passed JSON data does not match.

**classmethod** `from_xml` (*child, result=None*)

Create new way element from XML data

**Parameters**

- **child** (*xml.etree.ElementTree.Element*) – XML node to be parsed
- **result** (*overpy.Result*) – The result this node belongs to

**Returns** New Way object

**Return type** *overpy.Way*

**Raises**

- *overpy.exception.ElementDataWrongType* – If name of the xml child node doesn't match
- **ValueError** – If the ref attribute of the xml node is not provided
- **ValueError** – If a tag doesn't have a name

**get\_nodes** (*resolve\_missing=False*)

Get the nodes defining the geometry of the way

**Parameters** **resolve\_missing** (*Boolean*) – Try to resolve missing nodes.

**Returns** List of nodes

**Return type** List of *overpy.Node*

**Raises**

- *overpy.exception.DataIncomplete* – At least one referenced node is not available in the result cache.
- *overpy.exception.DataIncomplete* – If `resolve_missing` is True and at least one node can't be resolved.

**id** = None

The id of the way

**nodes**

List of nodes associated with the way.

## Relation Members

**class** `overpy.RelationMember` (*attributes=None, geometry=None, ref=None, role=None, result=None*)  
Base class to represent a member of a relation.

**classmethod** `from_json` (*data, result=None*)  
Create new RelationMember element from JSON data

**Parameters**

- **child** (*Dict*) – Element data from JSON
- **result** (`overpy.Result`) – The result this element belongs to

**Returns** New instance of RelationMember

**Return type** `overpy.RelationMember`

**Raises** `overpy.exception.ElementDataWrongType` – If type value of the passed JSON data does not match.

**classmethod** `from_xml` (*child, result=None*)  
Create new RelationMember from XML data

**Parameters**

- **child** (`xml.etree.ElementTree.Element`) – XML node to be parsed
- **result** (`overpy.Result`) – The result this element belongs to

**Returns** New relation member object

**Return type** `overpy.RelationMember`

**Raises** `overpy.exception.ElementDataWrongType` – If name of the xml child node doesn't match

**class** `overpy.RelationArea` (*attributes=None, geometry=None, ref=None, role=None, result=None*)

**class** `overpy.RelationNode` (*attributes=None, geometry=None, ref=None, role=None, result=None*)

**class** `overpy.RelationWay` (*attributes=None, geometry=None, ref=None, role=None, result=None*)

## Exceptions

**exception** `overpy.exception.DataIncomplete` (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)  
Raised if the requested data isn't available in the result. Try to improve the query or to resolve the missing data.

**exception** `overpy.exception.ElementDataWrongType` (*type\_expected, type\_provided=None*)  
Raised if the provided element does not match the expected type.

**Parameters**

- **type\_expected** (*String*) – The expected element type
- **type\_provided** (*String|None*) – The provided element type

**exception** `overpy.exception.OverPyException`  
OverPy base exception

**exception** `overpy.exception.OverpassBadRequest` (*query, msgs=None*)  
Raised if the Overpass API service returns a syntax error.

**Parameters**

- **query** (*Bytes*) – The encoded query how it was send to the server
- **msgs** (*List*) – List of error messages

**exception** `overpy.exception.OverpassGatewayTimeout`

Raised if load of the Overpass API service is too high and it can't handle the request.

**exception** `overpy.exception.OverpassTooManyRequests`

Raised if the Overpass API service returns a 429 status code.

**exception** `overpy.exception.OverpassUnknownContentType` (*content\_type*)

Raised if the reported content type isn't handled by OverPy.

**Parameters** `content_type` (*None or String*) – The reported content type

**exception** `overpy.exception.OverpassUnknownHTTPStatusCode` (*code*)

Raised if the returned HTTP status code isn't handled by OverPy.

**Parameters** `code` (*Integer*) – The HTTP status code

## Helper

`overpy.helper.get_intersection` (*street1, street2, areacode, api=None*)

Retrieve intersection of two streets in a given bounding area

**Parameters**

- **api** (`overpy.Overpass`) – First street of intersection
- **street1** (*String*) – Name of first street of intersection
- **street2** (*String*) – Name of second street of intersection
- **areacode** (*String*) – The OSM id of the bounding area

**Returns** List of intersections

**Raises** `overpy.exception.OverPyException` – If something bad happens.

`overpy.helper.get_street` (*street, areacode, api=None*)

Retrieve streets in a given bounding area

**Parameters**

- **api** (`overpy.Overpass`) – First street of intersection
- **street** (*String*) – Name of street
- **areacode** (*String*) – The OSM id of the bounding area

**Returns** Parsed result

**Raises** `overpy.exception.OverPyException` – If something bad happens.



First of all, thank you for your interest in contributing to OverPy!

### Filing bug reports

Bug reports are very welcome. Please fill them on the [GitHub issue tracker](#). Good bug reports come with extensive descriptions of the error and how to reproduce it.

### Patches

All patches to OverPy should be submitted in the form of pull requests to the main OverPy repository, [DinoTools/python-overpy](#). These pull requests should satisfy the following properties:

#### Code

- The pull request should focus on one particular improvement to OverPy.
- Create different pull requests for unrelated features or bugfixes.
- Python code should follow [PEP 8](#), especially in the “do what code around you does” sense.

#### Documentation

When introducing new functionality, please remember to write documentation.

#### Tests

It is recommended to add tests for new code you add.

## Review

Finally, pull requests must be reviewed before merging. Everyone can perform reviews; this is a very valuable way to contribute, and is highly encouraged.



### 0.x (master)

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**Note:** This version is not yet released and is under development.

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### 0.4 (2016-12-08)

- Add SAX parser
- Add option to choose DOM or SAX parser
- Fix issues with CI builds with Python 3.2
- Add Python 3.5 to CI builds
- Fix issues (Thanks to all contributors)
- Add property for default API URL
- Add examples
- Build Fixes
- GitHub templates
- Parse center information
- Parse geometry information
- Support Areas

### 0.3.1 (2015-04-30)

- Improve example

### 0.3.0 (2015-04-30)

- Improve internal data handling (Dominik)
- Add helper functions (Morris Jobke)

### 0.2.0 (2014-12-27)

- Added support for xml response data
- Added support for exceptions
- Added tests with 100% code coverage
- Removed Python 2.6 support
- Added more examples to the documentation

### 0.1.0 (2014-12-14)

Proof of concept

- Initial release.

## CHAPTER 6

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