$\mathbf{pyramid}_webpack$ Release 0.1.2

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A Pyramid extension for managing assets with Webpack.

Code lives here: https://github.com/stevearc/pyramid_webpack

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CHAPTER 1

User Guide

Getting Started

Install cookiecutter

Create a new project:

```
$ cookiecutter gh:stevearc/pyramid-cookiecutter-webpack
```

Install and set up necessary packages:

```
$ cd <your project>
$ virtualenv env
$ source env/bin/activate
$ pip install --upgrade pip
$ pip install -e .
$ npm install
```

Start the webpack build:

```
$ npm run watch
```

In a separate terminal, start the Pyramid server:

```
$ pserve --reload development.ini
```

Configuration

Options

webpack.debug

Argument: bool, inherits, default False

If True the server will re-read the stats file for each request and requests will block while webpack is running. See *webpack.timeout* to configure how long the requests will wait for webpack.

webpack.static_view

Argument: bool, default True

If True, pyramid_webpack will automatically set up the static view(s) for you. Disable this if you want to call add_static_view yourself (e.g. if you need to pass in custom parameters).

webpack.bundle dir

Argument: str

The directory that contains the compiled webpack bundles. This may be in three forms:

- raw_relative_path This path will be relative to your root project package
- package: relative_path This is a path relative to a package location
- /absolute/path An absolute path on disk

You will almost always need to supply a *bundle_dir*, but if you are using an external webserver for webpack.static_view_name, then you don't need to provide it.

webpack.static view name

Argument: str, default webpack-DEFAULT

This will be the name argument passed to add_static_view.

webpack.cache max age

Argument: int, inherits, default 0 or 3600

This will be the cache_max_age argument passed to add_static_view. It defaults to 0 when webpack.debug is true, and 3600 when false. Additionally, you can use the special value future to set it for 10 years in the future.

webpack.stats_file

Argument: str, default webpack-stats.json

The location of the webpack stats file generated by the webpack-bundle-tracker plugin. This path may be in the same three formats as webpack.bundle_dir.

webpack.timeout

Argument: float, inherits, default 0

Requests will block for this many seconds while waiting for webpack to finish compiling (if webpack.debug = True). A value of 0 will wait indefinitely.

webpack.ignore

```
Argument: list, inherits, default *.hot-update.js, *.map
```

When getting a bundle, ignore chunks that match these patterns. Uses glob matching.

webpack.ignore_re

Argument: list, inherits

When getting a bundle, ignore chunks that match these patterns. Uses PCRE matching.

webpack.configs

Argument: list

List of names of other webpack configurations to load. See the section below for more detail.

Multiple Configs

If you have multiple instances of webpack running and generating bundles, you can load them as well by giving them names and adding them to the webpack.configs option. You can then configure those instances by prefixing the same options in the config file with webpack.... For example:

```
webpack.debug = True
webpack.bundle_dir = webpack/bundles
webpack.stats_file = webpack/stats.json
webpack.configs =
    other

webpack.other.bundle_dir = webpack/other/bundles
webpack.other.stats_fie = webpack/other/stats.json
```

For any of the options that are marked as inherits (for example, webpack.debug), it will default to whatever value was provided to the default configuration. For example, the value of webpack.other.debug in the above example will default to True because webpack.debug = True.

For information on how to render bundles from different configs, see the docs on Rendering bundles into templates.

Static View Examples

Here we'll go over a couple of example configurations for the asset static views and how they differ.

The simplest version can be used in development or production, and will serve the static assets using pyramid:

```
webpack.bundle_dir = webpack/bundles
```

If you're running in production and want to serve the assets from a CDN, you can instead use a static_view_name:

```
# Don't need a webpack.bundle_dir
webpack.static_view_name = //my.cdn.com/
```

And if you want to full control over how the static views are set up, you can disable them:

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```
webpack.static_view = False
```

And set it up yourself:

Rendering bundles into templates

Jinja2

Rendering bundles into jinja2 uses the webpack tag.

```
{% webpack 'main' %}
  <script type="text/javascript" src="{{ ASSET.url }}"></script>
  {% endwebpack %}
```

Inside of the webpack block you will have access to an ASSET variable that has a url, name, and path. The text inside of the block will be repeated once per chunk that is in the bundle.

To use a different webpack config, prefix the name of the bundle with that config name and a colon:

```
{% webpack 'other_config:mybundle' %}
  <script type="text/javascript" src="{{ ASSET.url }}"></script>
  {% endwebpack %}
```

And if you would like to filter the bundle by one or more file extensions, you can pass that in as a second argument (space delimited string).

```
{% webpack 'mybundle', '.js .js.gz' %}
  <script type="text/javascript" src="{{ ASSET.url }}"></script>
  {% endwebpack %}
```

Chameleon

Chameleon templates should just make a call directly to the get_bundle() method.

```
<script type="text/javascript"
  tal:repeat="asset request.webpack().get_bundle('main')"
  src="${asset.url}">
</script>
```

To use a different webpack config, pass in the name of that config to request.webpack():

```
<script type="text/javascript"
  tal:repeat="asset request.webpack('other_config').get_bundle('main')"
  src="${asset.url}">
</script>
```

And if you would like to filter the bundle by one or more file extensions, you can pass them in as the second argument to get_bundle():

```
<script type="text/javascript"
  tal:repeat="asset request.webpack().get_bundle('main', ['.js', '.js.gz'])"
  src="${asset.url}">
</script>
```

Changelog

0.1.2 - 2017/9/3

- Fix #4: Issue with Jinja2 rendering
- Created a cookiecutter to make it easier to get started: https://github.com/stevearc/ pyramid-cookiecutter-webpack

0.1.1 - 2016/10/27

• Add cache_max_age config option

0.1.0 - 2016/10/23

• Initial release

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CHAPTER 2

API Reference

pyramid_webpack package

Submodules

pyramid_webpack.jinja2ext module

```
Jinja2 extension for pyramid_webpack
```

```
class pyramid_webpack.jinja2ext.WebpackExtension(environment)
     Bases: jinja2.ext.Extension
```

Extension for jinja2.

Examples

```
identifier = 'pyramid_webpack.jinja2ext.WebpackExtension'
```

```
parse (parser)
```

tags = set([u'webpack'])

Module contents

```
pyramid_webpack
class pyramid_webpack.StaticResource(path)
     Bases: object
     Wrapper around a filepath or asset path
     classmethod create (path, root_package)
          Create a StaticResource, setting the package if needed
     open()
          Open a stream object to the resource data
class pyramid_webpack .Webpack (request, name='DEFAULT')
     Bases: object
     Wrapper object for the public webpack API
     get bundle (bundle name, extensions=None)
          Get all the chunks contained in a bundle
     stats
          Load and cache the webpack stats file
class pyramid_webpack.WebpackState(settings,
                                                            root_package_name='pyramid_webpack',
                                           name='DEFAULT')
     Bases: object
     Wrapper for all webpack configuration and cached data
     load stats(cache=None, wait=None)
          Load and cache the webpack-stats file
pyramid_webpack.get_webpack(request, name='DEFAULT')
     Get the Webpack object for a given webpack config.
     Called at most once per request per config name.
pyramid_webpack.includeme (config)
     Add pyramid_webpack methods and config to the app
```

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