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# **MYNT EYE D SDK Documentation**

***Release 1.8.0***

**MYNTAI**

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## 1.1 Product Description

The MYNT Depth utilizes the camera and the motion sensor to provide visually accurate SLAM results with higher precision, lower cost, simpler layout, along with the ability to achieve face and object recognition. The concept of combining binocular and IMU is the leading-edge technology in the current SLAM industry. The depth version of the product has a built-in depth calculation chip that can output depth images without the host computer. At the same time, the product is equipped with leading hardware solutions such as IR active light, IMU six-axis, hardware-level frame synchronization, global shutter, etc., up to 720p/60fps (120°FOV version) of synchronous image information, the recognition distance can reach 15m (50 °FOV version), accuracy up to millimeters (50° FOV version).

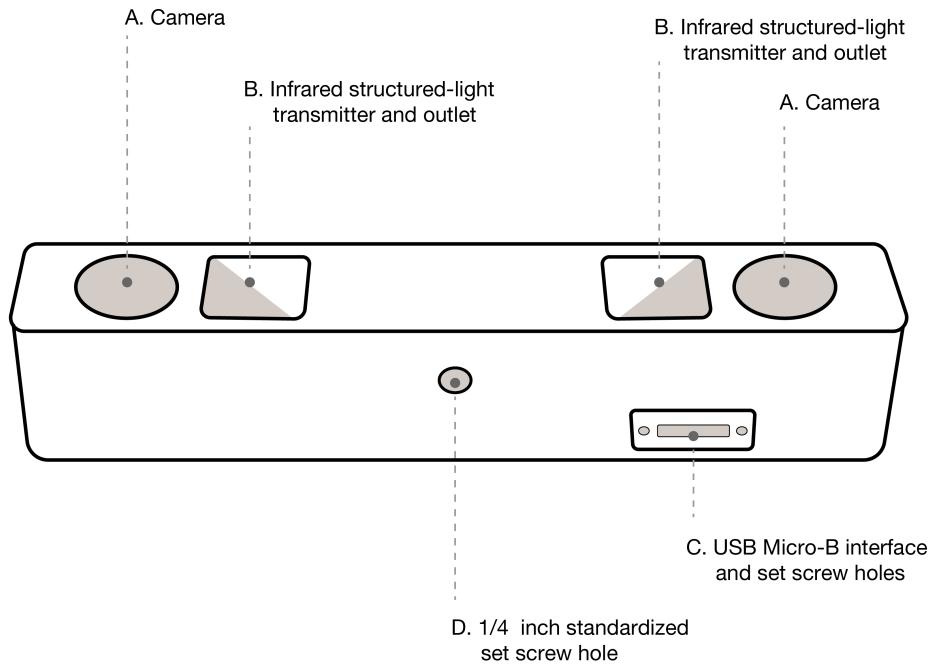
Using camera techniques such as frame synchronization, automatic exposure, and white balance control, the MYNT EYE Depth can produce synchronized image sources with high-precision, which decreases the difficulty of algorithms development, thus increasing efficiency. The Depth comes with six-axis sensor(IMU) and an infrared active light detector (IR). Among them, the six-axis sensor(IMU) can provide complementarity and correction of data from the visual positioning algorithms, and is suitable for visual inertial odometry(VIO) algorithms research to help improve the positioning accuracy. The infrared active light detector (IR) can help solve the problem of identification of objects such as indoor white walls and non-textured objects, as well as enhance the accuracy of image source recognition. The Binocular+IMU scheme provides accurate six-axis complementary data for VSLAM applications and is more accurate and robust than other single solutions. In addition, MYNT EYE Depth also provides a rich SDK interface and VSLAM open source project support, which can help customers quickly integrate solutions, accelerate product development process, and achieve rapid productization and implementation.

As a hardware product for in-depth research and development of stereo vision computing applications, MYNT EYE Depth can be widely used in the field of visual positioning navigation (vSLAM), including visual real-time positioning navigation system of driverless vehicle and robots, visual positioning system of UAV, obstacle avoidance navigation system for driverless Vehicle, Augmented Reality (AR), Virtual Reality (VR), etc. At the same time, it can be used in field of Visual recognition, including Stereoscopic face recognition, three-dimensional object recognition, space motion tracking, three-dimensional gestures and somatosensory recognition. And of course, you can use it for measurement which includes assisted driving system (ADAS), binocular volume calculation, industrial visual screening, etc.

In order to ensure the quality of the output data of the camera products, we have calibrated the binocular and IMU. The product has passed various hardware stability tests, such as high temperature and humidity continuous work and operation, low-temperature dynamic aging, high-temperature operation, low-temperature storage, whole-machine thermal shock, sinusoidal vibration and random vibration tests to ensure the stability and reliability of the product. In addition to the research and development of products and technologies, it can also be directly applied to mass production, accelerating the process from R&D to productization.

## 1.2 Product Surface

Shell(mm)	PCBA board(mm)
165x31.5x29.6	149x24



- A. Camera: please pay attention to protect the camera sensor lenses, to avoid imaging quality degradation.
- B. Infrared structured-light transmitter and outlet: the infrared structured-light can effectively solve the problem associated with the visual positioning calculations of white wall non-textured object(For non-IR version, the outlet is reserved but there is no internal structured-light emitter).
- C. USB Micro-B interface and set screw holes: during usage, plug in the USB Micro-B cable and secure it by fastening the set screws to avoid damage to the interface and to ensure stability in connection.
- D. ¼ inch standardized set screw hole: for fixing the stereo camera to tripods or other devices.

## 1.3 Product Specification

### 1.3.1 D1000-120/Color Specification

## Product parameters

Model	D1000-IR-120/Color
Size	165x31.5x30.12mm
Frame Rate	Up to 60FPS
Resolution	2560x720;1280x480
Depth Resolution	On chip 1280x720 640x480
Pixel Size	3.75x3.75μm
Baseline	120.0mm
Visual Angle	D:121° H:105° V:58°
Focal Length	2.45mm
IR Support	Yes
IR detectable range	3m
Color Mode	Color
Working Distance	0.32-7m
Scanning Mode	Global Shutter
Power	1.9~3.5W@5V DC from USB
Synchronization Precision	<1ms (up to 0.01ms)
IMU Frequency	200Hz
Output data format	YUYV/MJPEG
Data transfer Interface	USB2.0/3.0
Weight	184g
UVC MODE	Yes

## Software

Support system	Windows 10Ubuntu 16.04/18.04ROS kinetic/melodicAndroid 5.x ~ Android 8.x
SDK	<a href="http://www.myntai.com/dev/mynteye_depth">http://www.myntai.com/dev/mynteye_depth</a>
Support	ORB_SLAM2OKVISVins-MonoVins-FusionVIORB

## Environment

Operating Temperature	-10°C~55°C
Storage Temperature	-15°C~70°C
Humidity	10% to 80% non-condensing

## Package

Content	MYNT EYE x1 USB Micro-B Cable x1
---------	----------------------------------

## Warranty

Warranty	12 Months Limited Manufacturer's Warranty
----------	---

## Precision

Depth accuracy	The error doesn't exceed 2%
----------------	-----------------------------

## 1.3.2 D1000-50/Color Specification

### Product parameters

Model	D1000-50/Color
Size	165x31.5x29.85mm
Frame Rate	Up to 60FPS
Resolution	2560x720;1280x480
Depth Resolution	On chip 1280x720 640x480
Pixel Size	3.75x3.75m
Baseline	120.0mm
Visual Angle	D:70° H:64° V:38°
Focal Length	3.9mm
IR Support	NO
IR detectable range	-
Color Mode	Color
Working Distance	0.49-10m
Scanning Mode	Global Shutter
Power	1.8W@5V DC from USB
Synchronization Precision	<1ms (up to 0.01ms)
IMU Frequency	200Hz
Output data format	YUYV/MJPEG
Data transfer Interface	USB2.0/3.0
Weight	152g
UVC MODE	Yes

### Software

Support system	Windows 10Ubuntu 16.04/18.04ROS kinetic/melodicAndroid 5.x ~ Android 8.x
SDK	<a href="http://www.myntai.com/dev/mynteye_depth">http://www.myntai.com/dev/mynteye_depth</a>
Support	ORB_SLAM2OKVISVins-MonoVins-FusionVIORB

### Environment

Operating Temperature	-10°C~60°C
Storage Temperature	-20°C~70°C
Humidity	10% to 80% non-condensing

### Package

Content	MYNT EYE x1 USB Micro-B Cable x1
---------	----------------------------------

## Warranty

Warranty	12 Months Limited Manufacturer's Warranty
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## Precision

Depth accuracy	The error doesn't exceed 2%
----------------	-----------------------------

### 1.3.3 D1200 Specification

#### Product parameters

Model	D1200
Size	75.5x34.5x12.9mm
Frame Rate	Up to 30fps
Resolution	2560*720;1280*480
Depth Resolution	1280*720; 640*480
Pixel Size	3.0*3.0m
Baseline	40.0mm
Visual Angle	D:66° H:59° V:35°
Focal Length	3.3mm
IR Support	YES
IR detectable range	2m
Color Mode	Color
Working Distance	0.2-3m
Scanning Mode	Rolling Shutter
Power	0.75-2.5W@5V DC from USB
Output data format	YUYV/MJPEG
Data transfer Interface	Type-C/Micro USB2.0
Weight	44g
UVC MODE	Yes

## Software

Support system	Android 5.x ~ Android 8.x
----------------	---------------------------

## Environment

Operating Temperature	-10°C~55°C
Storage Temperature	-15°C~70°C
Humidity	10% to 80% non-condensing

## Package

Content	MYNT EYE x1 USB Cable
---------	-----------------------

## Warranty

Warranty	12 Months Limited Manufacturer's Warranty
----------	---

## Precision

Depth accuracy	The error doesn't exceed 1%
----------------	-----------------------------

## 1.4 Support Resolutions

mode	interface	color resolution	color fps	depth resolution	depth fps
L'+D	USB3.0	1280x720	60/30/20/10	1280x720	60/30/20/10
L'+D	USB3.0	640x480	60/30	640x480	60/30
L'+R'+D	USB3.0	2560x720	30	1280x720	30
L'+R'+D	USB3.0	1280x480	60/30	640x480	60/30
L+D	USB3.0	1280x720	60/30/20/10	1280x720	60/30/20/10
L+D	USB3.0	640x480	60/30	640x480	60/30
L+R+D	USB3.0	2560x720	30	1280x720	30
L+R+D	USB3.0	1280x480	60/30	640x480	60/30
L+R	USB3.0	2560x720	30	not open	null
L'+R'	USB3.0	2560x720	30	not open	null
D	USB3.0	not open	null	1280x720	60/30
D	USB3.0	not open	null	640x480	60/30
L+R	USB2.0	2560x720	5	not open	null
L'+R'	USB2.0	2560x720	5	not open	null
L+R	USB2.0	1280x480	15	not open	null
L'+R'	USB2.0	1280x480	15	not open	null
L'+D	USB2.0	1280x720	5	640x720	5
L'+D	USB2.0	640x480	15	320x480	15
L+D	USB2.0	1280x720	5	640x720	5
L+D	USB2.0	640x480	15	320x480	15
L'	USB2.0	1280x720	5	not open	null
L	USB2.0	1280x720	5	not open	null
D	USB2.0	not open	null	640x720	5
D	USB2.0	not open	null	320x480	15
L+R	USB2.0/MJPEG	2560x720	5	not open	null
L+R	USB2.0/MJPEG	1280x480	15	not open	null
L	USB2.0/MJPEG	1280x720	5	not open	null

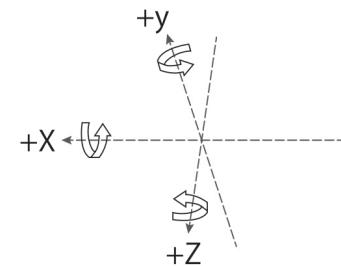
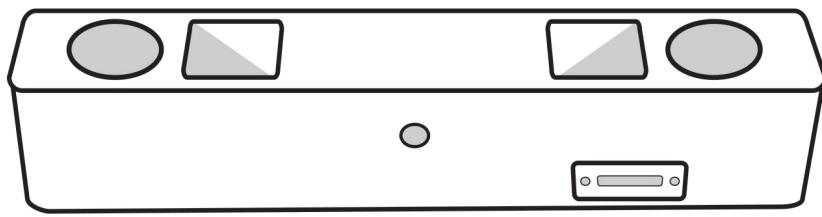
---

**Note:** L'=left rectify image, L=left image,R'=right rectify image, R=right image, D=depth image

In IR Depth Only mode, framerate only support 15fps and 30fps.

## 1.5 IMU Coordinate System

IMU coordinate system is right-handed, the axis directions are as follows:





---

CHAPTER  
TWO

---

SDK

## 2.1 SDK Description

### 2.1.1 Supported Platforms

SDK is built on CMake and can be used cross multiple platforms such as Linux, WIndows,etc.We provide two installation modes:Download pack file and install, Compile and install from source code.

These are the platforms that can be used:

- \* Windows 10
- \* Ubuntu 18.04/16.04
- \* Jetson TX1 TX2 Xavier
- \* RK3399 firefly
- \* Raspberry Pi 3B

---

**Tip:** Ubuntu only support source installation mode. Only supports 64 bit systems.

---

**Warning:** Due to the requirement of hardware transmission rate, please use the USB 3 interface. In addition, virtual machines have USB driver compatibility problems, thus they are not recommended.

## 2.2 SDK Installation

### 2.2.1 Ubuntu Source Installation

#### 1. Install SDK dependencies

##### 1.1 Install OpenCV

*If you have installed opencv already or you want use it in ROS, you can skip this part.*

###### 1.1.1 Install OpenCV with apt or compile (Choose one)

### **1.1.1.1 Install OpenCV with apt (Recommend)**

```
sudo apt-get install libopencv-dev
```

### **1.1.1.2 Install OpenCV by Compile**

To build and install Opencv, please refer to [Installation in Linux](#)

---

**Tip:** If you need to install ros, you can skip this step and use opencv in ros.

---

Alternatively, refer to the command below:

```
[compiler] sudo apt-get install build-essential  
[required] sudo apt-get install cmake git libgtk2.0-dev pkg-config libavcodec-dev  
↳ libavformat-dev libswscale-dev  
[optional] sudo apt-get install python-dev python-numpy libtbb2 libtbb-dev libjpeg-  
↳ dev libpng-dev libtiff-dev libjasper-dev libdc1394-22-dev
```

```
git clone https://github.com/opencv/opencv.git  
cd opencv/  
git checkout tags/3.4.3  
  
cd opencv/  
mkdir build  
cd build/  
  
cmake ..  
  
make -j4  
sudo make install
```

## **1.2 Install PCL for Point Cloud sample (Optional)**

To build and install PCL, please refer to [PCL Installation](#)

---

**Tip:** If you need to install ros, you can skip this step and use pcl in ros.

---

```
sudo apt install -y libboost-all-dev libflann-dev libeigen3-dev libusb-1.0-0-dev  
↳ libvtk6-dev libproj-dev  
git clone https://github.com/PointCloudLibrary/pcl.git  
cd pcl  
git checkout pcl-1.7.2  
mkdir build && cd build  
  
cmake -DCMAKE_BUILD_TYPE=Release ..  
  
make -j2  
sudo make -j2 install
```

### 1.3 Link libGL.so for TX1/TX2 compile bug (Optional)

```
sudo ln -sf /usr/lib/aarch64-linux-gnu/tegra/libGL.so /usr/lib/aarch64-linux-gnu/
→libGL.so
```

## 2. Build SDK

```
git clone https://github.com/slightech/MYNT-EYE-D-SDK.git
cd MYNT-EYE-D-SDK
```

### 2.1 Init SDK

---

**Note:** Because of the problem of device permissions, you must reinsert the camera device after the command is executed and on the same computer, this operation only needs to be done once.

---

```
make init
```

### 2.2 Compile SDK

```
make all
```

## 3. Run Samples

---

**Note:** Open the rectified image by default (Run vio need to raw image, run depth or points cloud need to rectified image.)

---

- 1) get\_image shows the left camera image and colorful depthmap (compatible with USB2.0)

```
./samples/_output/bin/get_image
```

- 2) get\_stereo\_image shows the left camera image and colorful depthmap

```
./samples/_output/bin/get_stereo_image
```

- 3) get\_depth shows the left camera image, 16UC1 depthmap and depth value(mm) on mouse pointed pixel

```
./samples/_output/bin/get_depth
```

- 4) get\_points shows the left camera image, 16UC1 depthmap and point cloud view

```
./samples/_output/bin/get_points
```

- 5) get\_imu shows motion datas

```
./samples/_output/bin/get_imu
```

6) get\_img\_params show camera intrinsics and save in file

```
./samples/_output/bin/get_img_params
```

7) get\_imu\_params show imu intrinsics and save in file

```
./samples/_output/bin/get_imu_params
```

8) get\_from\_callbacks show image and imu data by callback

```
./samples/_output/bin/get_from_callbacks
```

9) get\_all\_with\_options open device with different options

```
./samples/_output/bin/get_all_with_options
```

10) get\_depth\_with\_filter display filtered depth image

```
./samples/_output/bin/get_depth_with_filter
```

11) get\_points\_with\_filter display filtered point cloud image

```
./samples/_output/bin/get_points_with_filter
```

## 4 Install With OpenCV ROS

If you won't use ROS(The Robot Operating System), you can skip this part.

ROS installation and operation steps, refer to *ROS Wrapper Installation* *ROS Wrapper Usage* .

## 5. Package

If you wanna package with specified OpenCV version:

```
cd <sdk> # local path of SDK
make cleanall
export OpenCV_DIR=<install prefix>

export OpenCV_DIR=/usr/local
export OpenCV_DIR=$HOME/opencv-2.4.13.3
```

Packaging:

```
cd <sdk> # local path of SDK
make pkg
```

## 6. Clean

```
cd <sdk> # local path of SDK
make cleanall
make uninstall
```

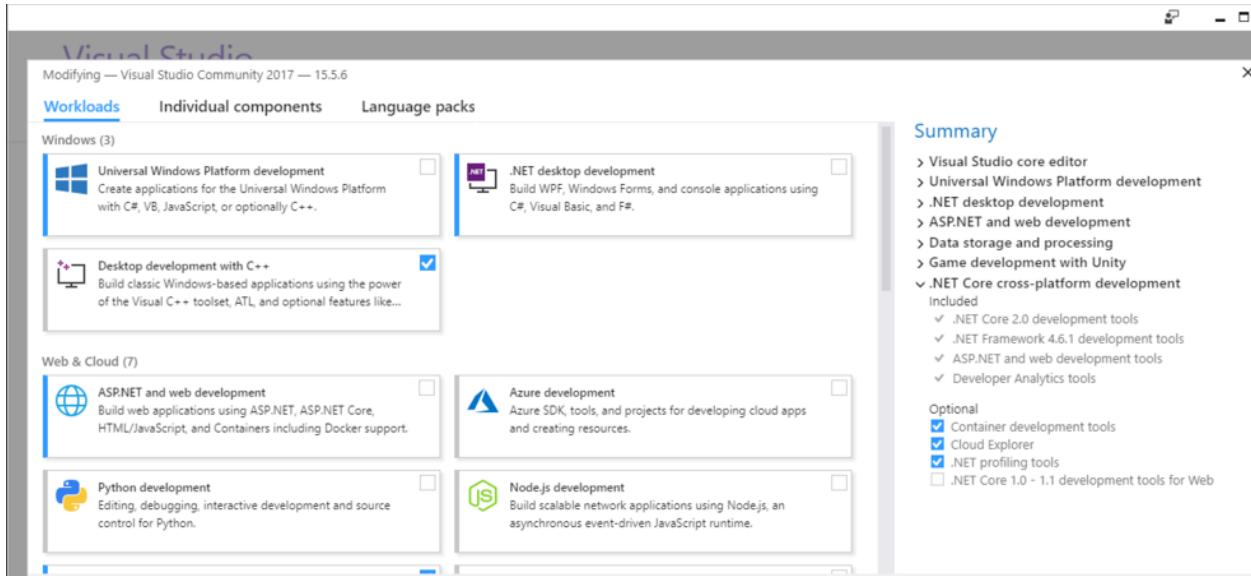
## 2.2.2 Windows Source Installation

The following steps are how to install from source codes. If you wanna using prebuilt DLL, please see [Windows EXE Installation](#).

### 1. Install Build Tools

#### 1.1 Install Visual Studio

Download Visual Studio 2017 from <https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/zh-hans/vs/older-downloads/> and install, select “Desktop development with C++”.



**Tip:** support Visual Studio 2015 and Visual Studio 2017.

#### 1.2 Install CMake

Download CMake from <https://cmake.org/> and install

#### 1.3 Install MSYS2

- 1) Download MSYS2 from [http://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/msys2/distrib/x86\\_64/](http://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/msys2/distrib/x86_64/) and install
- 2) Add bin path to System PATH environment variable list ([Add to the PATH on Windows 10](#))

```
C:\msys64\usr\bin
```

- 3) Install make , double click msys2.exe , input following command:

```
pacman -Syu
pacman -S make
```

Finally, the CMD (Command Prompt) can run the following command:

```
>make --version  
GNU Make 4.2.1
```

## 2. Install SDK dependencies

### 2.1 Install OpenCV

#### 2.1.1 Install OpenCV with Pre-built Libraries (Recommend)

\*For more details you can reference [OpenCV offical document](#) \*

- 1) Go to OpenCV Sourceforge page <http://sourceforge.net/projects/opencvlibrary/files/opencv-win/>
- 2) Choose a build you want to use and download it. For example 3.4.3/opencv-3.4.3-vc14\_vc15.exe
- 3) Make sure you have admin rights. Unpack the self-extracting archive
- 4) To finalize the installation, go to set the OpenCV environment variable and add it to the systems path

#### 2.1.2 Set up environment variable

1. Start up a command window as admin and enter following command to add OPENCV\_DIR environment variable:

*Change the “D:\OpenCV” to your opencv unpack path*

```
setx -m OPENCV_DIR D:\OpenCV\Build\x64\vc14\lib      (suggested for Visual Studio 2015  
  ↵- 64 bit Windows)  
setx -m OPENCV_DIR D:\OpenCV\Build\x64\vc15\lib      (suggested for Visual Studio 2017  
  ↵- 64 bit Windows)
```

Or referring to [Add to the PATH on Windows 10](#) to add OPENCV\_DIR environment variable manually.

```
D:\OpenCV\Build\x64\vc14\lib      (suggested for Visual Studio 2015 - 64 bit Windows)  
D:\OpenCV\Build\x64\vc15\lib      (suggested for Visual Studio 2017 - 64 bit Windows)
```

2. Add OpenCV bin path to System PATH environment variable list

```
D:\OpenCV\Build\x64\vc14\bin      (suggested for Visual Studio 2015 - 64 bit Windows)  
D:\OpenCV\Build\x64\vc15\bin      (suggested for Visual Studio 2017 - 64 bit Windows)
```

### 2.2 Install libjpeg-turbo

- 1) Download libjpeg-turbo from <https://sourceforge.net/projects/libjpeg-turbo/files/> and install
- 2) Add bin path to System PATH environment variable list

```
C:\libjpeg-turbo64\bin
```

### 2.3 Install PCL for Point Cloud sample (Optional)

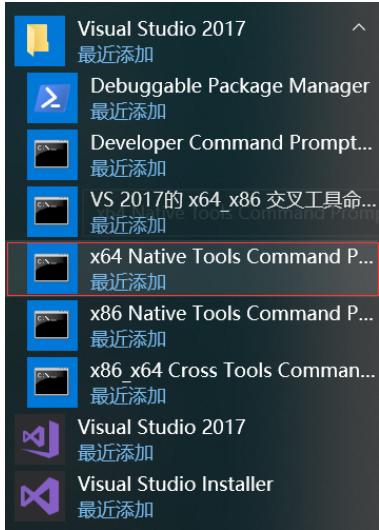
Download All-in-one installers (PCL + dependencies) from: <https://github.com/PointCloudLibrary/pcl/releases>

### 3. Build SDK

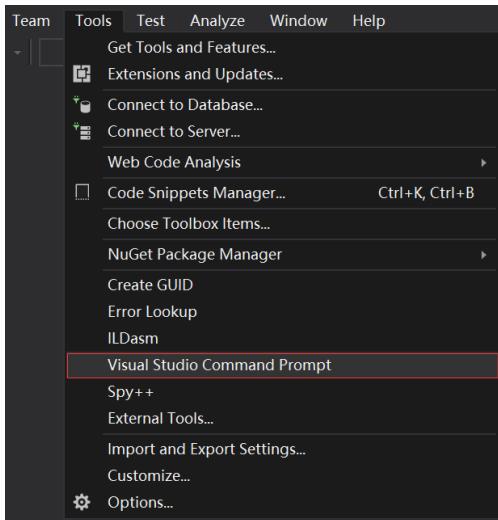
Open “x64 Native Tools Command Prompt for VS 2017”(suggested for Visual Studio 2017 - 64 bit Windows) command shell

```
git clone https://github.com/slightech/MYNT-EYE-D-SDK.git
cd MYNT-EYE-D-SDK
make all
```

**Tip:** Visual Studio Command Prompt can be opened from the Start menu,



You can also open it from the Visual Studio Tools menu.



However, if you do not have the Visual Studio 2015 Tools menu, you can add one yourself.

Open Tools's External Tools... and Add the following:

Field	Value
Title	Visual Studio Command Prompt
Command	C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
Arguments	/k "C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft Visual Studio 14.0\Common7\Tools\VsDevCmd.bat"
Initial Directory	\$ (SolutionDir)

## 4. Run Samples

Note: Open the rectified image by default (Run vio need to raw image, run depth or points cloud need to rectified image.)

- 1) get\_image shows the left camera image and colorful depthmap (compatible with USB2.0)

```
.\samples\_output\bin\get_image.bat
```

- 2) get\_stereo\_image shows the left camera image and colorful depthmap

```
./samples/_output/bin/get_stereo_image.bat
```

- 3) get\_depth shows the left camera image, 16UC1 depthmap and depth value(mm) on mouse pointed pixel

```
.\samples\_output\bin\get_depth.bat
```

- 4) get\_points shows the left camera image, 16UC1 depthmap and point cloud view

```
.\samples\_output\bin\get_points.bat
```

- 5) get\_imu shows motion datas

```
.\samples\_output\bin\get_imu
```

- 6) get\_img\_params show camera intrinsics and save in file

```
.\samples\_output\bin\get_img_params
```

- 7) get\_imu\_params show imu intrinsics and save in file

```
.\samples\_output\bin\get_imu_params
```

- 8) get\_from\_callbacks show image and imu data by callback

```
.\samples\_output\bin\get_from_callbacks
```

- 9) get\_all\_with\_options open device with different options

```
.\samples\_output\bin\get_all_with_options
```

- 10) get\_depth\_with\_filter display filtered depth image

```
.\samples\_output\bin\get_depth_with_filter
```

- 11) get\_points\_with\_filter display filtered point cloud image

```
.\samples\_output\bin\get_points_with_filter
```

## 5. Clean

```
cd <sdk> # local path of SDK
make cleanall
```

### 2.2.3 Windows EXE Installation

Download here: mynteye-d-x.x.x-win-x64-opencv-3.4.3.exe [Google Drive](#), [Baidu Pan](#)

After you install the win pack of SDK, there will be a shortcut to the SDK root directory on your desktop.

First, you should plug the MYNT® EYE camera in a USB 3.0 port.

Second, goto the \bin\samples directory and click get\_image.exe to run.

Finally, you will see the window that display the realtime frame of the camera.

---

**Note:** If you cannot run samples successfully, please check if the system variable PATH was successfully added <SDK\_ROOT\_DIR>\bin , <SDK\_ROOT\_DIR>\bin\3rdparty , <SDK\_ROOT\_DIR>\3rdparty\opencv\build\x64\vc15\bin , <SDK\_ROOT\_DIR>\3rdparty\libjpeg-turbo64\bin . The point cloud related sample requires PCL 1.9.0. Versions other than 1.9.0 can be run using the sample project.

---

### Generate samples project of Visual Studio 2017

First, you should install Visual Studio 2017 and CMake .

Second, goto the \samples directory and click generate.bat to run.

Finally, you could click \_build\mynteye\_samples.sln to open the samples project.

p.s. The example result of “generate.bat”,

```
-- The C compiler identification is MSVC 19.15.26732.1
-- The CXX compiler identification is MSVC 19.15.26732.1
-- Check for working C compiler: C:/Program Files (x86)/Microsoft Visual Studio/2017/
→Community/VC/Tools/MSVC/14.15.26726/bin/Hostx86/x64/cl.exe
-- Check for working C compiler: C:/Program Files (x86)/Microsoft Visual Studio/2017/
→Community/VC/Tools/MSVC/14.15.26726/bin/Hostx86/x64/cl.exe -- works
-- Detecting C compiler ABI info
-- Detecting C compiler ABI info - done
-- Check for working CXX compiler: C:/Program Files (x86)/Microsoft Visual Studio/
→2017/Community/VC/Tools/MSVC/14.15.26726/bin/Hostx86/x64/cl.exe
-- Check for working CXX compiler: C:/Program Files (x86)/Microsoft Visual Studio/
→2017/Community/VC/Tools/MSVC/14.15.26726/bin/Hostx86/x64/cl.exe -- works
-- Detecting CXX compiler ABI info
-- Detecting CXX compiler ABI info - done
-- Detecting CXX compile features
-- Detecting CXX compile features - done
-- HOST_ARCH: x86_64
-- Visual Studio >= 2010, MSVC >= 10.0
```

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```
-- C_FLAGS: /DWIN32 /D_WINDOWS /W3 -Wall -O3
-- CXX_FLAGS: /DWIN32 /D_WINDOWS /W3 /GR /EHsc -Wall -O3
-- Found mynteye: 1.3.6
-- OpenCV ARCH: x64
-- OpenCV RUNTIME: vc15
-- OpenCV STATIC: OFF
-- Found OpenCV: C:/Users/John/AppData/Roaming/Slightech/MYNTEYED/SDK/1.3.6/3rdparty/
→opencv/build (found version "3.4.3")
-- Found OpenCV 3.4.3 in C:/Users/John/AppData/Roaming/Slightech/MYNTEYED/SDK/1.3.6/
→3rdparty/opencv/build/x64/vc15/lib
-- You might need to add C:\Users\John\AppData\Roaming\Slightech\MYNTEYED\SDK\1.3.
→6\3rdparty\opencv\build\x64\vc15\bin to your PATH to be able to run your_
→applications.
-- Generating executable get_image
-- Generating get_image.bat
-- Generating executable get_depth
-- Generating get_depth.bat
-- Generating executable get_imu
-- Generating get_imu.bat
-- Configuring done
-- Generating done
CMake Warning:
  Manually-specified variables were not used by the project:

    CMAKE_BUILD_TYPE

-- Build files have been written to: C:/Users/John/AppData/Roaming/Slightech/MYNTEYED/
→SDK/1.3.6/samples/_build
Press any key to continue . . .
```

**Tip:** Right click sample and select Set as StartUp Project then launch with Release x64 mode.

## 2.2.4 ROS Wrapper Installation

### 1.1 Install With OpenCV ROS

If you won't use ROS(The Robot Operating System), you can skip this part.

#### ROS Melodic (Ubuntu 18.04)

```
sudo sh -c 'echo "deb http://packages.ros.org/ros/ubuntu $(lsb_release -sc) main" > / 
→etc/apt/sources.list.d/ros-latest.list'
sudo apt-key adv --keyserver hkp://ha.pool.sks-keyservers.net:80 --recv-key_
→421C365BD9FF1F717815A3895523BAEEB01FA116
sudo apt update
sudo apt install ros-melodic-desktop-full
sudo rosdep init
rosdep update
echo "source /opt/ros/melodic/setup.bash" >> ~/.bashrc
source ~/.bashrc
```

## ROS Kinetic (Ubuntu 16.04)

```
sudo sh -c 'echo "deb http://packages.ros.org/ros/ubuntu $(lsb_release -sc) main" > /etc/apt/sources.list.d/ros-latest.list'
sudo apt-key adv --keyserver 'hkp://keyserver.ubuntu.com:80' --recv-key C1CF6E31E6BADE8868B172B4F42ED6FBAB17C654
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install ros-kinetic-desktop-full
sudo rosdep init
rosdep update
echo "source /opt/ros/kinetic/setup.bash" >> ~/.bashrc
source ~/.bashrc
```

## 1.2 Build ROS Wrapper

```
make init
make ros
```

### Core:

```
roscore
```

### RViz Display:

```
source ./wrappers/ros-devel/setup.bash
roslaunch mynteye_wrapper_d display.launch
```

### Publish:

```
source ./wrappers/ros-devel/setup.bash
roslaunch mynteye_wrapper_d mynteye.launch
```

## 2.2.5 ROS Wrapper Usage

Compile and run the node according to *ROS Wrapper Installation*.

`rostopic list` lists all released nodes:

```
/mynteye/depth/camera_info
/mynteye/depth/image_raw
/mynteye/depth/image_raw/compressed
/mynteye/depth/image_raw/compressed/parameter_descriptions
/mynteye/depth/image_raw/compressed/parameter_updates
/mynteye/depth/image_raw/compressedDepth
/mynteye/depth/image_raw/compressedDepth/parameter_descriptions
/mynteye/depth/image_raw/compressedDepth/parameter_updates
/mynteye/depth/image_raw/theora
/mynteye/depth/image_raw/theora/parameter_descriptions
/mynteye/depth/image_raw/theora/parameter_updates
/mynteye imu/data_raw
/mynteye imu/data_raw_processed
/mynteye left/camera_info
/mynteye left/image_color
```

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```
/mynteye/left/image_color/compressed
...
```

`rostopic hz <topic>` checks the data:

```
subscribed to [/mynteye/imu/data_raw]
average rate: 202.806
    min: 0.000s max: 0.021s std dev: 0.00819s window: 174
average rate: 201.167
    min: 0.000s max: 0.021s std dev: 0.00819s window: 374
average rate: 200.599
    min: 0.000s max: 0.021s std dev: 0.00819s window: 574
average rate: 200.461
    min: 0.000s max: 0.021s std dev: 0.00818s window: 774
average rate: 200.310
    min: 0.000s max: 0.021s std dev: 0.00818s window: 974
...
...
```

`rostopic echo <topic>` can print and release data. Please read `rostopic` for more information.

The ROS file is structured like follows:

```
<sdk>/wrappers/ros/
└src/
  └mynteye_wrapper_d/
    └launch/
      └display.launch
        └mynteye.launch
      └slam/
        └orb_slam2.launch
          └vins_fusion.launch
          └vins_mono.launch
    └msg/
    └rviz/
    └src/
      └mynteye_listener.cc
      └mynteye_wrapper_nodelet.cc
      └mynteye_wrapper_node.cc
      └pointcloud_generator.cc
      └pointcloud_generator.h
    └CMakeLists.txt
    └nodelet_plugins.xml
  └package.xml
```

In `mynteye.launch`, you can configure `topics` and `frame_ids`, decide which data to enable, and set the control options. Please refer

to [Support Resolutions](#) to set frame rate and resolution. Please set `gravity` to the local gravity acceleration.

```
<!-- Camera Params -->
<!-- Device index -->
<arg name="dev_index" default="0" />
<!-- Framerate -->
<arg name="framerate" default="30" />
```

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```

<!--
Device mode
  device_color: left_color ✓ right_color ? depth x
  device_depth: left_color x right_color x depth ✓
  device_all:   left_color ✓ right_color ? depth ✓
Note: ✓: available, x: unavailable, ?: depends on #stream_mode
-->
<arg name="dev_mode" default="$(arg device_all)" />

<!-- Set Color Mode form color_raw, color_rectified-->
<arg name="color_mode" default="$(arg color_raw)" />

<!--
Set depth mode
Note: must set DEPTH_RAW to get raw depth values for points
-->
<arg name="depth_mode" default="$(arg depth_raw)" />
<!--
Set resolution from stream_640x480,stream_1280x720,stream_1280x480,stream_2560x720
-->
<arg name="stream_mode" default="$(arg stream_2560x720)" />

<!-- Auto-exposure -->
<arg name="state_ae" default="true" />
<!-- Auto-white balance -->
<arg name="state_awb" default="true" />
<!-- IR intensity -->
<arg name="ir_intensity" default="4" />
<!-- IR Depth Only -->
<arg name="ir_depth_only" default="false" />

<!-- Setup your local gravity here -->
<arg name="gravity" default="9.8" />

```

## 2.3 SDK Samples

### 2.3.1 Get Camera Image

Using the `DeviceMode::DEVICE_COLOR` function of the API, you can get color image or use `DeviceMode::DEVICE_ALL` to get color and depth image.

Using `GetStreamData()` to get your data.

Reference code snippet:

```

// Device mode, default DEVICE_ALL
//  DEVICE_COLOR: IMAGE_LEFT_COLOR y IMAGE_RIGHT_COLOR - IMAGE_DEPTH n
//  DEVICE_DEPTH: IMAGE_LEFT_COLOR n IMAGE_RIGHT_COLOR n IMAGE_DEPTH y
//  DEVICE_ALL:   IMAGE_LEFT_COLOR y IMAGE_RIGHT_COLOR - IMAGE_DEPTH y
// Note: y: available, n: unavailable, -: depends on #stream_mode
params.dev_mode = DeviceMode::DEVICE_DEPTH;

auto left_color = cam.GetStreamData(ImageType::IMAGE_LEFT_COLOR);

```

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```

if (left_color.img) {
    cv::Mat left = left_color.img->To(ImageFormat::COLOR_BGR)->ToMat();
    painter.DrawSize(left, CVPainter::TOP_LEFT);
    painter.DrawStreamData(left, left_color, CVPainter::TOP_RIGHT);
    painter.DrawInformation(left, util::to_string(counter.fps())),
        CVPainter::BOTTOM_RIGHT);
    cv::imshow("left color", left);
}

```

Complete code samples see [get\\_stereo\\_image.cc](#).

### 2.3.2 Get Camera Image(Compatible With USB2.0)

Compatible with USB2.0 ,change to the resolution and frame rate for USB 2.0 automatically.Using the DeviceMode::DEVICE\_COLOR function of the API, you can get color image or use DeviceMode::DEVICE\_ALL to get color and depth image.

Using GetStreamData() to get your data.

Reference code snippet:

```

// Device mode, default DEVICE_ALL
// DEVICE_COLOR: IMAGE_LEFT_COLOR y IMAGE_RIGHT_COLOR - IMAGE_DEPTH n
// DEVICE_DEPTH: IMAGE_LEFT_COLOR n IMAGE_RIGHT_COLOR n IMAGE_DEPTH y
// DEVICE_ALL: IMAGE_LEFT_COLOR y IMAGE_RIGHT_COLOR - IMAGE_DEPTH y
// Note: y: available, n: unavailable, -: depends on #stream_mode
params.dev_mode = DeviceMode::DEVICE_DEPTH;

auto left_color = cam.GetStreamData(ImageType::IMAGE_LEFT_COLOR);
if (left_color.img) {
    cv::Mat left = left_color.img->To(ImageFormat::COLOR_BGR)->ToMat();
    painter.DrawSize(left, CVPainter::TOP_LEFT);
    painter.DrawStreamData(left, left_color, CVPainter::TOP_RIGHT);
    painter.DrawInformation(left, util::to_string(counter.fps())),
        CVPainter::BOTTOM_RIGHT);
    cv::imshow("left color", left);
}

```

Complete code samples see [get\\_image.cc](#).

### 2.3.3 Get Depth Image

Depth images belongs to the upper layer of synthetic data.

You can change depth\_mode to change the display of the depth image.

```

// Depth mode: colorful(default), gray, raw
params.depth_mode = DepthMode::DEPTH_RAW;

```

Then you can get it through GetStreamData().In addition, it should be check not be empty before use.

Reference code snippet:

```

auto image_depth = cam.GetStreamData(ImageType::IMAGE_DEPTH);
if (image_depth.img) {
    cv::Mat depth = image_depth.img->To(ImageFormat::DEPTH_RAW)->ToMat();
}

```

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```

cv::setMouseCallback("depth", OnDepthMouseCallback, &depth_region);
// Note: DrawRect will change some depth values to show the rect.
depth_region.DrawRect(depth);
cv::imshow("depth", depth);

depth_region.ShowElems<ushort>(depth, [] (const ushort& elem) {
    return std::to_string(elem);
}, 80, depth_info);
}

```

The above code uses OpenCV to display the image. When the display window is selected, pressing ESC/Q will end the program.

---

**Note:** *get\_depth* sample only support *DEPTH\_RAW* mode. You can modify *depth\_mode* parameter of other samples to get depth images

---

Complete code examples, see [get\\_depth.cc](#).

### 2.3.4 Get Point Image

Point images belongs to upper layer of synthetic data. You can get it through *GetStreamData()*. It should be check not empty before use. Otherwise, when running pionts,you can use “space” to save .ply files. Then sample *view\_points* can be used to view .ply files.

Sample code snippet:

```

auto image_color = cam.GetStreamData(ImageType::IMAGE_LEFT_COLOR);
auto image_depth = cam.GetStreamData(ImageType::IMAGE_DEPTH);
if (image_color.img && image_depth.img) {
    cv::Mat color = image_color.img->To(ImageFormat::COLOR_BGR)
        ->ToMat();
    painter.DrawSize(color, CVPainter::TOP_LEFT);
    painter.DrawStreamData(color, image_color, CVPainter::TOP_RIGHT);
    painter.DrawInformation(color, util::to_string(counter.fps()),
        CVPainter::BOTTOM_RIGHT);

    cv::Mat depth = image_depth.img->To(ImageFormat::DEPTH_RAW)
        ->ToMat();

    cv::imshow("color", color);

    viewer.Update(color, depth);
}

```

PCL is used to display point images above. Program will close when point image window is closed.

Complete code examples, see [get\\_points.cc](#).

### 2.3.5 Get IMU Data

You need *EnableMotionDatas()* to enable caching in order to get IMU data from *GetMotionDatas()*. Otherwise, IMU data is only available through the callback interface, see [Get Data From Callbacks](#).

Sample code snippet:

```

auto motion_datas = cam.GetMotionDatas();
if (motion_datas.size() > 0) {
    std::cout << "Imu count: " << motion_datas.size() << std::endl;
    for (auto data : motion_datas) {
        if (data.imu) {
            if (data.imu->flag == MYNTEYE_IMU_ACCEL) {
                counter.IncrAccelCount();
                std::cout << "[accel] stamp: " << data.imu->timestep
                    << ", x: " << data.imu->accel[0]
                    << ", y: " << data.imu->accel[1]
                    << ", z: " << data.imu->accel[2]
                    << ", temp: " << data.imu->temperature
                    << std::endl;
            } else if (data.imu->flag == MYNTEYE_IMU_GYRO) {
                counter.IncrGyroCount();
                std::cout << "[gyro] stamp: " << data.imu->timestep
                    << ", x: " << data.imu->gyro[0]
                    << ", y: " << data.imu->gyro[1]
                    << ", z: " << data.imu->gyro[2]
                    << ", temp: " << data.imu->temperature
                    << std::endl;
            } else {
                std::cerr << "Imu type is unknown" << std::endl;
            }
        } else {
            std::cerr << "Motion data is empty" << std::endl;
        }
    }
    std::cout << std::endl;
}

```

OpenCV is used to display image and data. When window is selected, press ESC/Q to exit program.

Complete code examples, see [get\\_imu.cc](#).

### 2.3.6 Get Data From Callbacks

API offers function `SetStreamCallback()` and `SetMotionCallback()` to set callbacks for various data.

Reference code snippet:

```

cam.SetImgInfoCallback([](const std::shared_ptr<ImgInfo>& info) {
    std::cout << " [img_info] fid: " << info->frame_id
        << ", stamp: " << info->timestep
        << ", expos: " << info->exposure_time << std::endl
        << std::flush;
});
for (auto&& type : types) {
    // Set stream data callback
    cam.SetStreamCallback(type, [](const StreamData& data) {
        std::cout << " [" << data.img->type() << "] fid: "
            << data.img->frame_id() << std::endl
            << std::flush;
    });
}

```

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```
// Set motion data callback
cam.SetMotionCallback([](const MotionData& data) {
    if (data imu->flag == MYNTEYE_IMU_ACCEL) {
        std::cout << "[accel] stamp: " << data imu->timestamp
        << ", x: " << data imu->accel[0]
        << ", y: " << data imu->accel[1]
        << ", z: " << data imu->accel[2]
        << ", temp: " << data imu->temperature
        << std::endl;
    } else if (data imu->flag == MYNTEYE_IMU_GYRO) {
        std::cout << "[gyro] stamp: " << data imu->timestamp
        << ", x: " << data imu->gyro[0]
        << ", y: " << data imu->gyro[1]
        << ", z: " << data imu->gyro[2]
        << ", temp: " << data imu->temperature
        << std::endl;
    }
    std::cout << std::flush;
});
```

OpenCV is used to display images and data above. When the window is selected, pressing ESC/Q will exit program.  
Complete code examples, see [get\\_from\\_callbacks.cc](#).

### 2.3.7 Get Different Types Of Image By Options

`get_all_with_options` sample can add different options to control device.

`get_all_with_options -h`:

```
Open device with different options.

Options:
-h, --help           show this help message and exit
-m, --imu            Enable imu datas

Open Params:
The open params

-i INDEX, --index=INDEX
                  Device index
-f RATE, --rate=RATE
                  Framerate, range [0,60], [30] (STREAM_2560x720),
                  default: 10
--dev-mode=MODE     Device mode, default 2 (DEVICE_ALL)
                  0: DEVICE_COLOR, left y right - depth n
                  1: DEVICE_DEPTH, left n right n depth y
                  2: DEVICE_ALL,   left y right - depth y
                  Note: y: available, n: unavailable, -: depends on
                        stream mode
--cm=MODE          Color mode, default 0 (COLOR_RAW)
                  0: COLOR_RAW, color raw
                  1: COLOR_RECTIFIED, color rectified
--dm=MODE          Depth mode, default 2 (DEPTH_COLORFUL)
                  0: DEPTH_RAW
```

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```

1: DEPTH_GRAY
2: DEPTH_COLORFUL
--sm=MODE Stream mode of color & depth,
default 2 (STREAM_1280x720)
0: STREAM_640x480, 480p, vga, left
1: STREAM_1280x480, 480p, vga, left+right
2: STREAM_1280x720, 720p, hd, left
3: STREAM_2560x720, 720p, hd, left+right
--csf=MODE Stream format of color,
default 1 (STREAM_YUYV)
0: STREAM_MJPG
1: STREAM_YUYV
--dsf=MODE Stream format of depth,
default 1 (STREAM_YUYV)
1: STREAM_YUYV
--ae Enable auto-exposure
--awb Enable auto-white balance
--ir=VALUE IR intensity, range [0,6], default 0
--ir-depth Enable ir-depth-only

Feature Toggles:
The feature toggles

--proc=MODE Enable process mode, e.g. imu assembly, temp_drift
0: PROC_NONE
1: PROC_IMU_ASSEMBLY
2: PROC_IMU_TEMP_DRIFT
3: PROC_IMU_ALL
--img-info Enable image info, and sync with image

```

e.g. `./samples/_output/bin/get_all_with_options -f 60 --dev-mode=0 --sm=2` displays 1280x720 60fps left unrectified image.

Complete code samples see [get\\_all\\_with\\_options.cc](#).

### 2.3.8 Get Image Calibration Parameters

Use `GetStreamIntrinsics()` and `GetStreamExtrinsics()` to get image calibration parameters.

Reference code snippet

```

auto vga_intrinsics = cam.GetStreamIntrinsics(StreamMode::STREAM_1280x480, &in_ok);
auto vga_extrinsics = cam.GetStreamExtrinsics(StreamMode::STREAM_1280x480, &ex_ok);
std::cout << "VGA Intrinsics left: {" << vga_intrinsics.left << "}" << std::endl;
std::cout << "VGA Intrinsics right: {" << vga_intrinsics.right << "}" << std::endl;
std::cout << "VGA Extrinsics left to right: {" << vga_extrinsics << "}" << std::endl;
out << "VGA Intrinsics left: {" << vga_intrinsics.left << "}" << std::endl;
out << "VGA Intrinsics right: {" << vga_intrinsics.right << "}" << std::endl;
out << "VGA Extrinsics left to right: {" << vga_extrinsics << "}" << std::endl;

```

The result will be saved in the current file directory. Reference result on Linux:

```

VGA Intrinsics left: {width: [640], height: [480], fx: [358.45721435546875000], fy: [359.53115844726562500], cx: [311.12109375000000000], cy: [242.6349487304687500]coeffs: [-0.28297042846679688, 0.06178283691406250, -0.00030517578125000, 0.00218200683593750, 0.00000000000000000000000000000000]}

```

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```
VGA Intrinsics right: {width: [640], height: [480], fx: [360.13885498046875000], fy: [360.8962402343750000], cx: [325.11029052734375000], cy: [251.46371459960937500]coeffs: [-0.30667877197265625, 0.08611679077148438, -0.00030136108398438, 0.00155639648437500, 0.0000000000000000]}VGA Extrinsics left to right: {rotation: [0.99996054172515869, 0.00149095058441162, 0.00875246524810791, -0.00148832798004150, 0.99999880790710449, -0.00030362606048584, -0.00875294208526611, 0.00029063224792480, 0.99996161460876465], translation: [-120.36341094970703125, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000]}
```

**Note:** In the parameters: Intrinsics provide values for `fx`, , `cx`, `cy`, then you can get intrinsic camera matrix (refer to [sensor\\_msgs/CameraInfo.msg](#)), distortion parameters `coeffs` contains values for `k1`, `k2`, `p1`, `p2`, `k3`. Extrinsics contains rotation matrix `rotation`, Translation matrix `translation`.

Complete code examples, see [get\\_img\\_params.cc](#).

### 2.3.9 Get IMU Calibration Parameters

Use `GetMotionIntrinsics()` and `GetMotionExtrinsics` to get current IMU calibration parameters.

Reference code snippet:

```
auto intrinsics = cam.GetMotionIntrinsics(&in_ok);
std::cout << "Motion Intrinsics: {" << intrinsics << "}" << std::endl;
out << "Motion Intrinsics: {" << intrinsics << "}" << std::endl;
```

The result will be saved in the current file directory. Reference result on Linux:

```
Motion Intrinsics: {accel: {scale: [1.0020599990004191, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 1.0062299999999996, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 1.0017199999999994], assembly: [1.0000000000000000, 0.00672262000000000, -0.00364474000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 1.0000000000000000, 0.00101348000000000, -0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 1.0000000000000000, 1.0000000000000000], drift: [0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, noise: [0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, bias: [0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, x: [0.0085616562000000, -0.0009840052800000, y: [0.0596839330000000, -0.0013096768000000, z: [0.0186144205000000, -0.0001603352300000], gyro: {scale: [1.0000899999999992, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.9961759999999995, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 1.0040700000000002], assembly: [1.0000000000000000, -0.0070036200000000, -0.0032620600000000, 0.0054957100000000, 1.0000000000000000, 0.0022486700000000, 0.00236088000000000, 0.0004450780000000, 1.0000000000000000, 1.0000000000000000, drift: [0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, noise: [0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, bias: [0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, 0.0000000000000000, x: [0.1872145529999998, 0.0007741107000000, y: [0.6083703200000002, -0.0093970271000000, z: [-0.7854927600000001, 0.0258482020000000]}]}
```

Complete code examples, see [get\\_imu\\_params.cc](#).

### 2.3.10 Set Open Parameters

## **Set the resolution of image**

Using the `params.stream_mode` parameter, you can set the resolution of the image.

Attention: Now image resolution supports 4 types: 640X480,1280x720 for single camera. 1280x480, 2560x720 for left and right camera.

Reference code snippet:

```
// Stream mode: left color only  
// params.stream_mode = StreamMode::STREAM_640x480; // vga  
// params.stream_mode = StreamMode::STREAM_1280x720; // hd  
// Stream mode: left+right color  
// params.stream_mode = StreamMode::STREAM_1280x480; // vga  
params.stream_mode = StreamMode::STREAM_2560x720; // hd
```

## **Set the frame rate of image**

Using the `params.framerate` parameter, you can set the frame rate of image.

---

**Note:** The effective fps of the image(0-60) - The effective fps of the image in 2560x720 resolution (30)

---

Reference code snippet:

```
// Framerate: 30(default), [0,60], [30] (STREAM_2560x720)  
params.framerate = 30;
```

## **Set color mode**

Using the `params.color_mode` parameter you can set the color mode of image.

`COLOR_RAW` is original image `COLOR_RECTIFIED` is rectified image.

Reference code snippet:

```
// Color mode: raw(default), rectified  
// params.color_mode = ColorMode::COLOR_RECTIFIED;
```

## **Set depth mode**

Using the `params.depth_mode` parameter you can set the depth mode.

`DEPTH_COLORFUL` is colorful depth image `DEPTH_GRAY` is grey depth image `DEPTH_RAW` is original depth image

Reference code snippet:

```
// Depth mode: colorful(default), gray, raw  
// params.depth_mode = DepthMode::DEPTH_GRAY;
```

## Enable auto exposure and auto white balance

Set `params.state_ae` and `params.state_awb` to `true`, you can enable auto exposure and auto white balance.

By default auto exposure and auto white balance are enabled if you want to disable you can set parameters to `false`.

Reference code snippet:

```
// Auto-exposure: true(default), false
// params.state_ae = false;

// Auto-white balance: true(default), false
// params.state_awb = false;
```

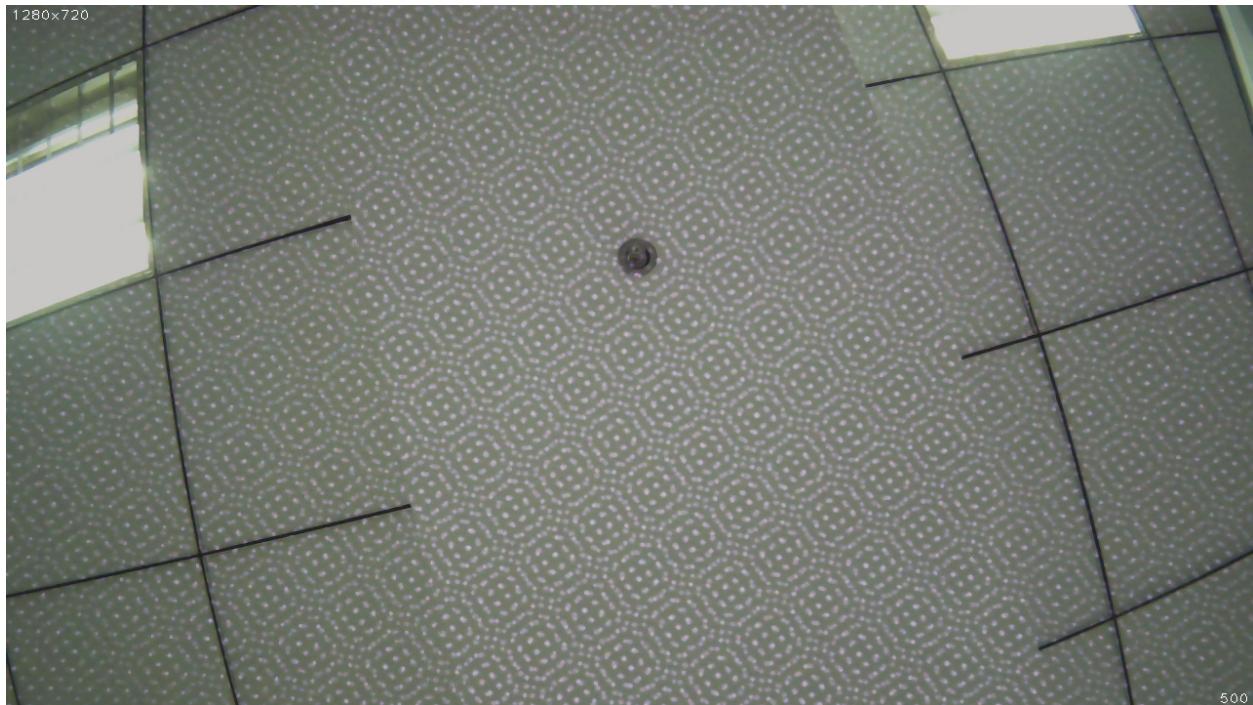
## Enable IR and its adjustments function

Using the `params.ir_intensity` parameter you can set IR's intensity of image. Enabling IR is setting `params.ir_intensity` greater than 0. The greater the value, the greater the IR's intensity.(max is 10).

Reference code snippet:

```
// Infrared intensity: 0(default), [0,10]
params.ir_intensity = 4;
```

**Note:** After turning this function on, you can see ir pattern:



## Enable IR Depth Only

Using the `params.ir_depth_only` parameter you can set IR Depth Only function. This is disabled by default. After turning this function on, IR only works on depth images. IR pattern will not show in color images.

---

**Note:** This feature is only available for [2560x720 30fps] and [1280x720,1280x480,640x480 60fps] After turning this function on, frame rate will be divided equally. For example, when set frame rate of image to 30 fps, the frame rate of color image is 15 fps. The frame rate of depth image is 15 fps too. This feature will cause the left eye image and depth map to be out of sync.

---

Reference code snippet:

```
// IR Depth Only: true, false(default)
// Note: IR Depth Only mode support frame rate between 15fps and 30fps.
//       When dev_mode != DeviceMode::DEVICE_ALL,
//           IR Depth Only mode not be supported.
//       When stream_mode == StreamMode::STREAM_2560x720,
//           frame rate only be 15fps in this mode.
//       When frame rate less than 15fps or greater than 30fps,
//           IR Depth Only mode will be not available.
// params.ir_depth_only = false;
```

## Adjust colour depth value

Using the `params.colour_depth_value` parameter, The value is 5000 by default.

Reference code snippet:

```
// Colour depth image, default 5000. [0, 16384]
// params.colour_depth_value = 5000;
```

Reference running results on Linux:

```
Open device: 0, /dev/video0

D/eSPDI_API: SetPropertyValue control=7 value=0D/eSPDI_API: SetPropertyValue_
↳control=7 value=35D/eSPDI_API: SetPropertyValue control=7 value=1-- Auto-exposure_
↳state: enabled
D/eSPDI_API: SetPropertyValue control=7 value=0D/eSPDI_API: SetPropertyValue_
↳control=7 value=12D/eSPDI_API: SetPropertyValue control=7 value=1-- Auto-white_
↳balance state: enabled
-- Framerate: 5
D/eSPDI_API: SetPropertyValue control=7 value=4 SetDepthDataType: 4
-- Color Stream: 1280x720 YUYV
-- Depth Stream: 1280x720 YUYV

D/eSPDI_API: SetPropertyValue control=7 value=0D/eSPDI_API: SetPropertyValue_
↳control=7 value=3D/eSPDI_API: SetPropertyValue control=7 value=4
-- IR intensity: 4
D/eSPDI_API: CVideoDevice::OpenDevice 1280x720 fps=5

Open device success
```

---

**Note:** After changing the parameters, you need to run in the sdk directory

---

make samples

---

to make the set parameters take effect.

---

Complete code samples see [get\\_image.cc](#).

### 2.3.11 Camera Control Parameters API

#### Open or close auto exposure

```
/** Auto-exposure enabled or not default enabled*/
bool AutoExposureControl(bool enable);      see "camera.h"
```

#### Open or close auto white balance

```
/** Auto-white-balance enabled or not default enabled*/
bool AutoWhiteBalanceControl(bool enable);      see "camera.h"
```

#### Set infrared(IR) intensity

```
/** set infrared(IR) intensity [0, 10] default 4*/
void SetIRIntensity(const std::uint16_t &value);      see "camera.h"
```

#### Set global gain

---

**Note:** You have to close auto exposure first after opening camera.

---

```
/** Set global gain [1 - 16]
 * value -- global gain value
 * */
void SetGlobalGain(const float &value);      see "camera.h"
```

#### Set the exposure time

---

**Note:** You have to close auto exposure first after opening camera.

---

```
/** Set exposure time [1ms - 655ms]
 * value -- exposure time value
 * */
void SetExposureTime(const float &value);      see "camera.h"
```

Reference code snippet:

```
cam.Open(params);
cam.AutoExposureControl(false);
cam.SetGlobalGain(1);
cam.SetExposureTime(0.3);
```

---

**Note:** After changing the parameters, you need to run in the sdk directory

```
make samples
```

to make the set parameters take effect.

---

### 2.3.12 User filter to filter deep data

Filter type is inherited from BaseFilter .

Method port protocol is as follows

```
virtual bool ProcessFrame(
    std::shared_ptr<Image> out,
    const std::shared_ptr<Image> in) = 0; // NOLINT
virtual bool LoadConfig(void* data);

inline bool TurnOn();
inline bool TurnOff();
inline bool IsEnable();

int main(int argc, char const* argv[]) {
...

SpatialFilter spat_filter;
TemporalFilter temp_filter;

...
for (;;) {
    // get frame
    ...
    spat_filter.ProcessFrame(image_depth.img, image_depth.img);
    temp_filter.ProcessFrame(image_depth.img, image_depth.img);
    ...
}
```

---

**Tip:** When using, instantiate a Filter ,then use it directly in the image processing loop ProcessFrame . The image will adapt to the image infoemation in real time. You can also use the TurnOn/TurnOff switch in real time.

---

## 2.4 SDK Tools

### 2.4.1 Analyze IMU Data

The SDK provides the script imu\_analytics.py for IMU analysis. The tool details can be seen in tools/README.md .

---

**Note:** You need to use record tool in tools or rosbag to record dataset first. IMU analysis tool support python 2.7 . Before run the script, you need to pip install -r requirements.txt .

---

Reference to run commands on Linux:

```
$ python tools/analytics imu_analytics.py -i dataset -c tools/config/mynteye/mynteye_
˓→config.yaml -al=-1.2,1.2 -gl= -gdu=d -gsu=d -kl=
```

Reference to results on Linux:

```
$ python tools/analytics imu_analytics.py -i dataset -c tools/config/mynteye/mynteye_
˓→config.yaml -al=-1.2,1.2 -gl= -gdu=d -gsu=d -kl=
imu analytics ...
    input: dataset
    outdir: dataset
    gyro_limits: None
    accel_limits: [(-1.2, 1.2), (-1.2, 1.2), (-1.2, 1.2), (-1.2, 1.2)]
    time_unit: None
    time_limits: None
    auto: False
    gyro_show_unit: d
    gyro_data_unit: d
    temp_limits: None
open dataset ...
    imu: 20040, temp: 20040
    timebeg: 4.384450, timeend: 44.615550, duration: 40.231100
save figure to:
    dataset/imu_analytics.png
imu analytics done
```

The analysis result graph will be saved in the data set directory. as follows:

In addition, the script specific options can be executed -h:

```
$ python tools/analytics imu_analytics.py -h
```

## 2.4.2 Analyze Time Stamps

SDK provides a script for timestamp analysis stamp\_analytics.py . Tool details are visible in tools/README.md .

---

**Note:** You need to use record tool in tools or rosbag to record dataset first. Timestamp analysis tool support python 2.7 . Before run the script, you need to pip install -r requirements.txt .

---

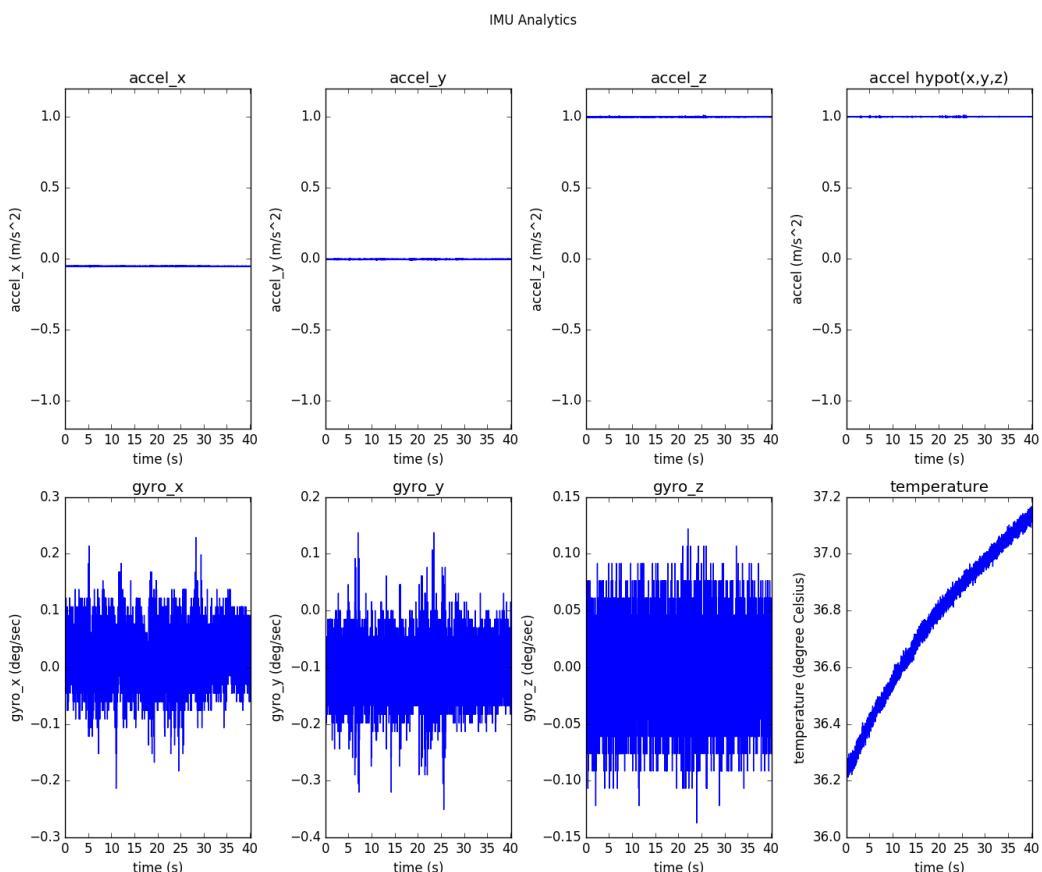
Reference run commands on Linux:

```
$ python tools/analytics/stamp_analytics.py -i dataset -c tools/config/mynteye/
˓→mynteye_config.yaml
```

Reference to results on Linux:

```
$ python tools/analytics/stamp_analytics.py -i dataset -c tools/config/mynteye/
˓→mynteye_config.yaml
stamp analytics ...
```

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```

input: dataset
outdir: dataset
open dataset ...
save to binary files ...
binimg: dataset/stamp_analytics_img.bin
binimu: dataset/stamp_analytics_imu.bin
img: 1007, imu: 20040

rate (Hz)
img: 25, imu: 500
sample period (s)
img: 0.04, imu: 0.002

diff count
imgs: 1007, imus: 20040
imgs_t_diff: 1006, imus_t_diff: 20039

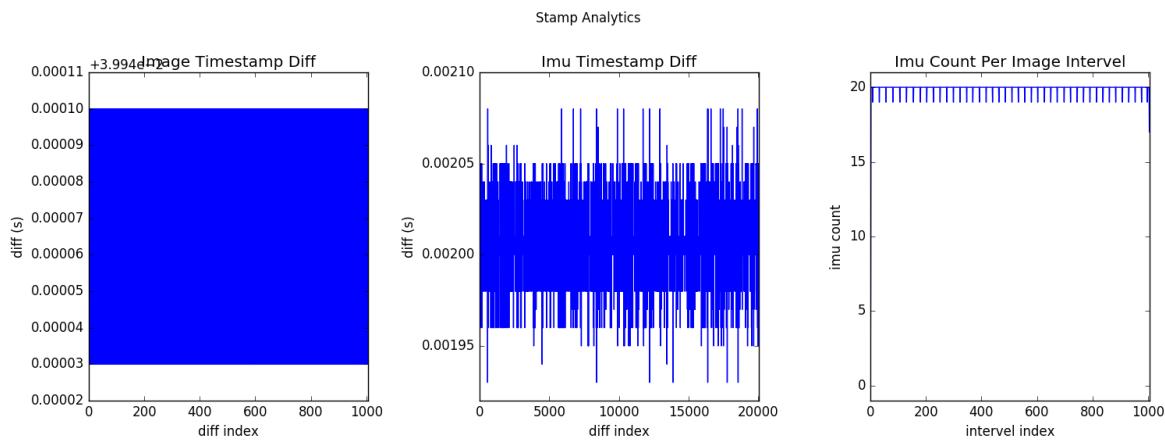
diff where (factor=0.1)
imgs where diff > 0.04*1.1 (0)
imgs where diff < 0.04*0.9 (0)
imus where diff > 0.002*1.1 (0)
imus where diff < 0.002*0.9 (0)

image timestamp duplicates: 0

save figure to:
dataset/stamp_analytics.png
stamp analytics done

```

The analysis result graph will be saved in the dataset directory. as follow:



In addition, the script specific options can be executed -h to understand:

```
$ python tools/analytics/stamp_analytics.py -h
```

### 2.4.3 Record Data Sets

The SDK provides the tool record for recording data sets. Tool details can be seen in tools/README.md .

Reference run command on Linux:

```
./tools/_output/bin/dataset/record
```

Reference run command on Windows:

```
.\tools\_output\bin\dataset\record.bat
```

Reference run results on Linux:

```
$ ./tools/_output/bin/dataset/record
Saved 1007 imgs, 20040 imus to ./dataset
I0513 [21:29:38.608772] record.cc:118] Time beg: 2018-05-13 21:28:58.255395, end: 2018-05-13 21:29:38.578696, cost: 40323.3ms
I0513 [21:29:38.608853] record.cc:121] Img count: 1007, fps: 24.9732
I0513 [21:29:38.608873] record.cc:123] Imu count: 20040, hz: 496.983
```

Results save into <workdir>/dataset by default. You can also add parameter, select other directory to save.

Record contents:

```
<workdir>/
└dataset/
    └── left/
        ├── stream.txt  # Image infomation
        └── ...
    └── right/
        ├── stream.txt  # Image information
        └── ...
    └── motion.txt  # IMU information
```

---

**Tip:** When recording data, dataset.cc has annotated display image inside cv::imwrite(). Because these operations are time-consuming, they can cause images to be discarded. In other words, consumption can't keep up with production, so some images are discarded. GetStreamDatas() used in record.cc only caches the latest 4 images.

---

### 2.4.4 Save Device Infomation And Parameters

The SDK provides a tool save\_all\_infos for save information and parameters.

Reference commands:

```
./tools/_output/bin/writer/save_all_infos
```

```
# Windows
.\tools\_output\bin\writer\save_all_infos.bat
```

Reference result on Linux:

```
I/eSPDI_API: eSPDI: EtronDI_Init
Device descriptors:
  name: MYNT-EYE-D1000
  serial_number: 203837533548500F002F0028
  firmware_version: 1.0
```

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```
hardware_version: 2.0
spec_version: 1.0
lens_type: 0000
imu_type: 0000
nominal_baseline: 120
```

Result save into <workdir>/config by default. You can also add parameters to select other directory for save.

Saved contents:

```
<workdir>/
└ config/
    └ SN0610243700090720/
        └ device.info
            imu.params
```

Complete code samples see [save\\_all\\_infos.cc](#).

## 2.4.5 Write IMU Parameters

SDK provides the tool `imu_params_writer` to write IMU parameters.

Information about how to get IMU parameters, please read [Get IMU Calibration Parameters](#).

Reference commands:

```
./tools/_output/bin/writer/imu_params_writer tools/writer/config imu.params

# Windows
.\tools\output\bin\writer\imu_params_writer.bat tools\writer\config\imu.params
```

The path of parameters file can be found in `tools/writer/config/imu.params`. If you calibrated the parameters yourself, you can edit the file and run above commands to write them into the device.

Warning - Please don't override parameters, you can use `save_all_infos` to backup parameters.

Complete code samples see [imu\\_params\\_writer.cc](#).

## 2.5 SDK Project Demos

### 2.5.1 How to use SDK with Visual Studio 2017

This tutorial will create a project with Visual Studio 2017 to start using SDK.

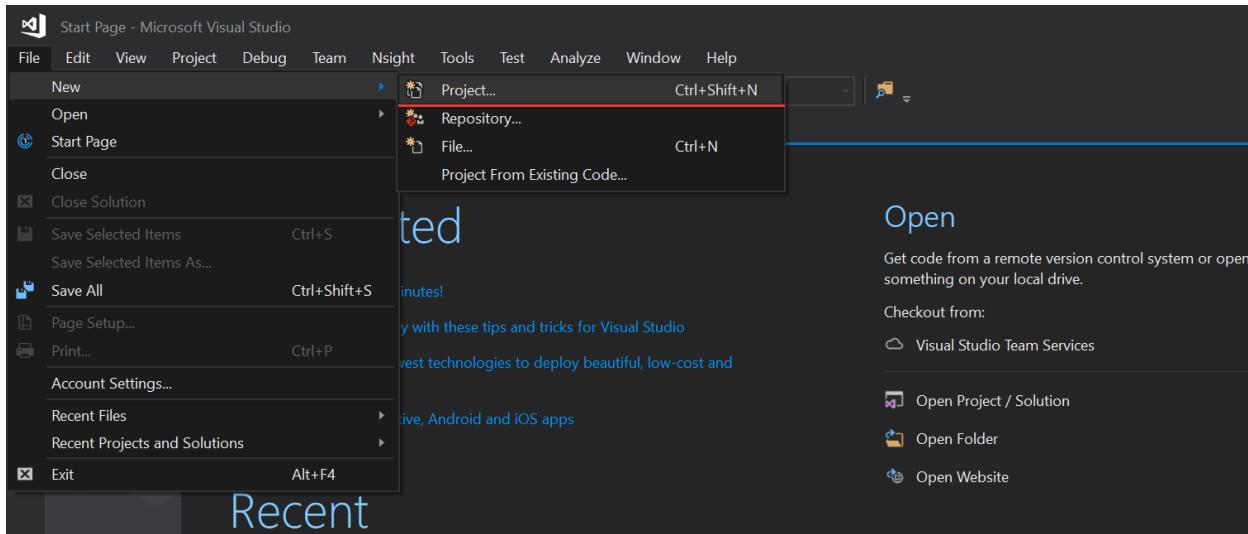
You could find the project demo in < sdk >/platforms/projects/vs2017 directory.

#### Preparation

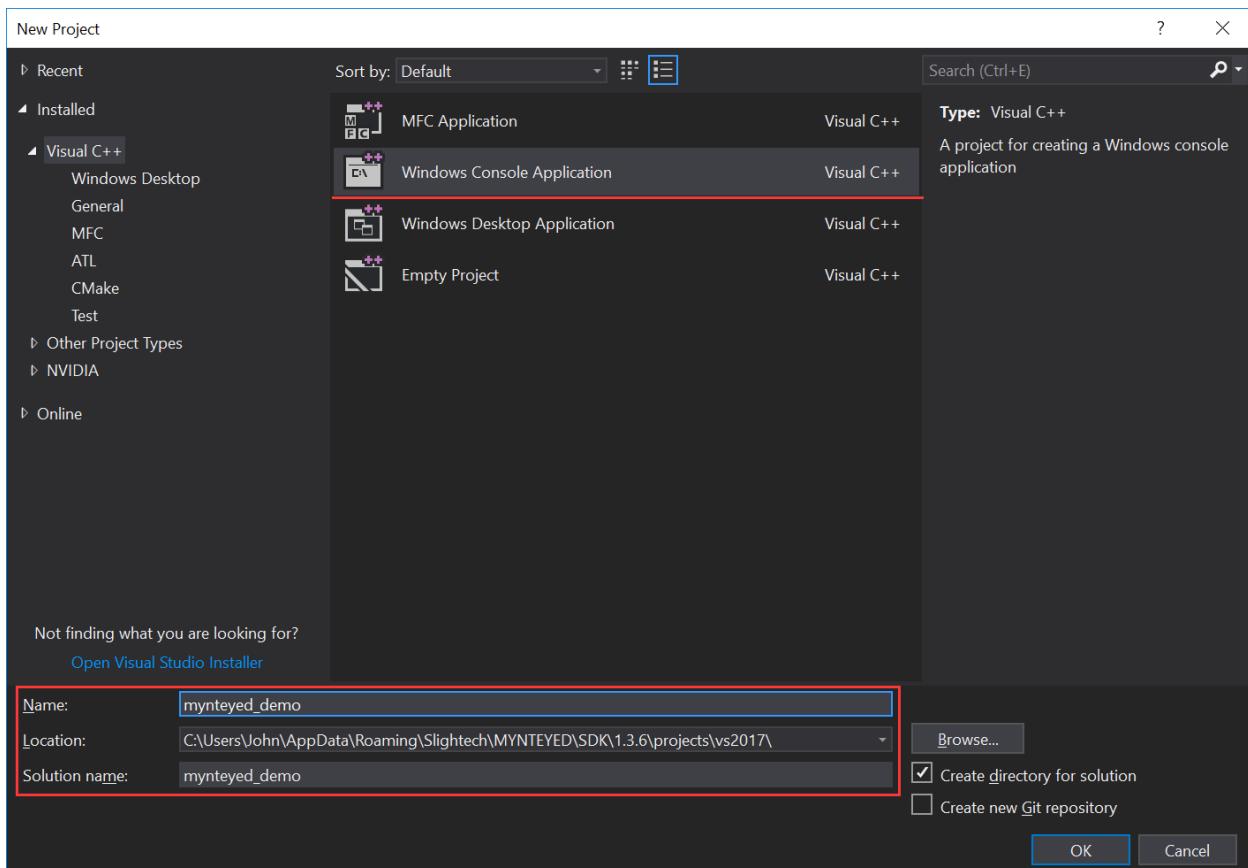
- Windows: install the win pack of SDK

### Create Project

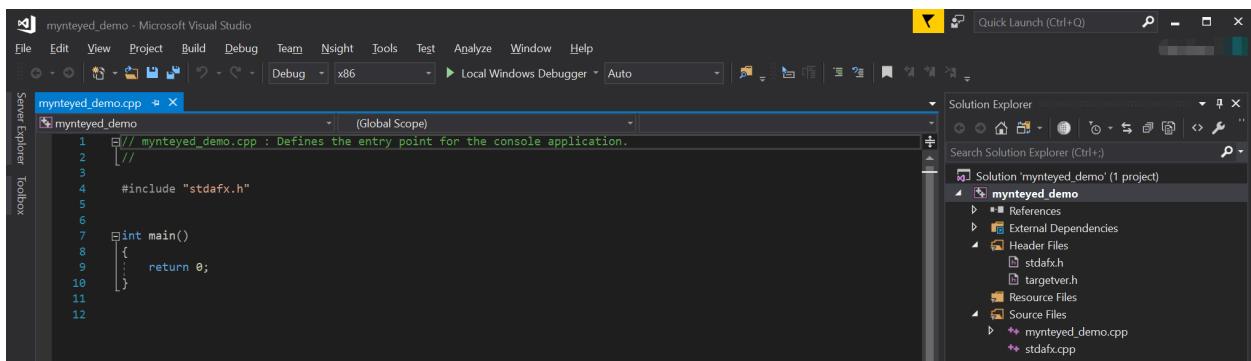
Open Visual Studio 2017, then File > New > Project,



Select “Windows Console Application”, set the project’s name and location, click “OK”,

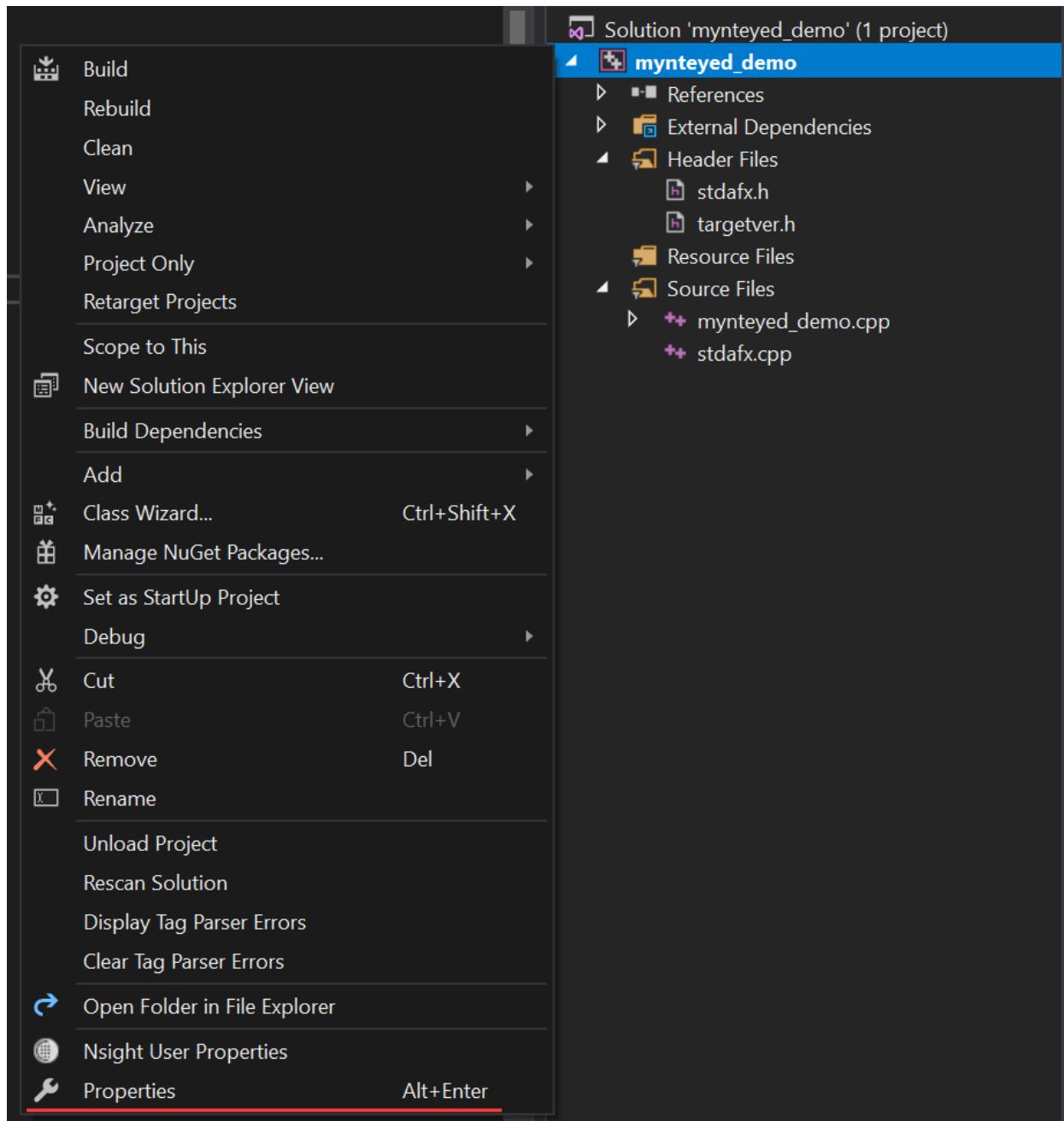


Finally, you will see the new project like this,



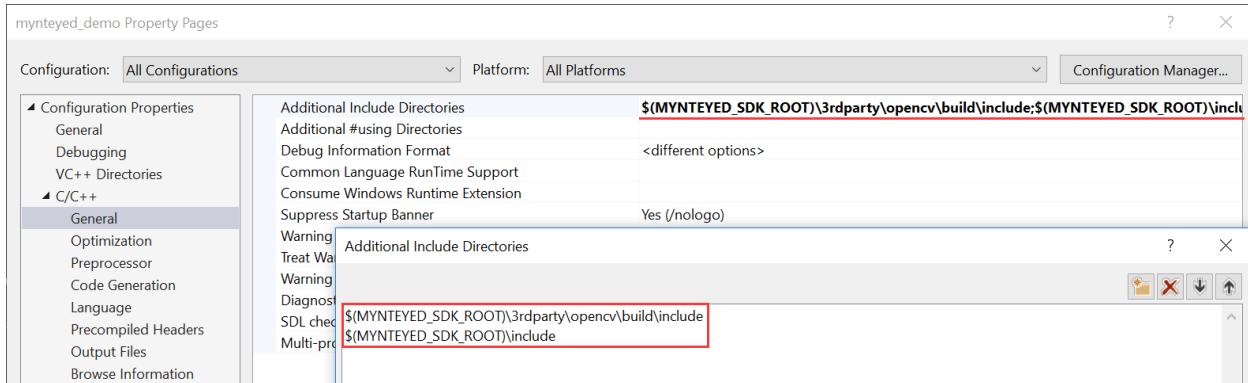
## Config Properties

Right click the project, and open its “Properties” window,



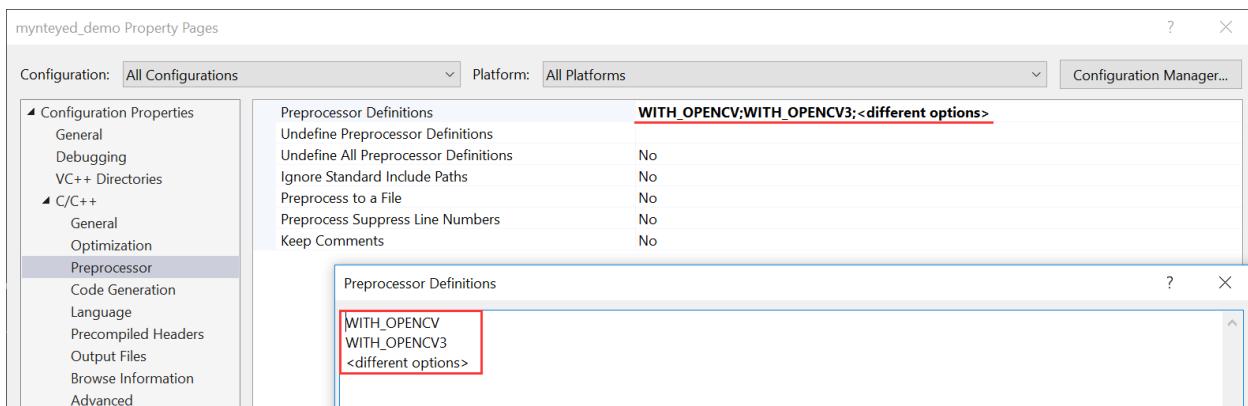
Change “Configuration” to “All Configurations”, then add the following paths to “Additional Include Directories”,

```
$ (MYNTEYED_SDK_ROOT)\include
$ (MYNTEYED_SDK_ROOT)\3rdparty\opencv\build\include
```



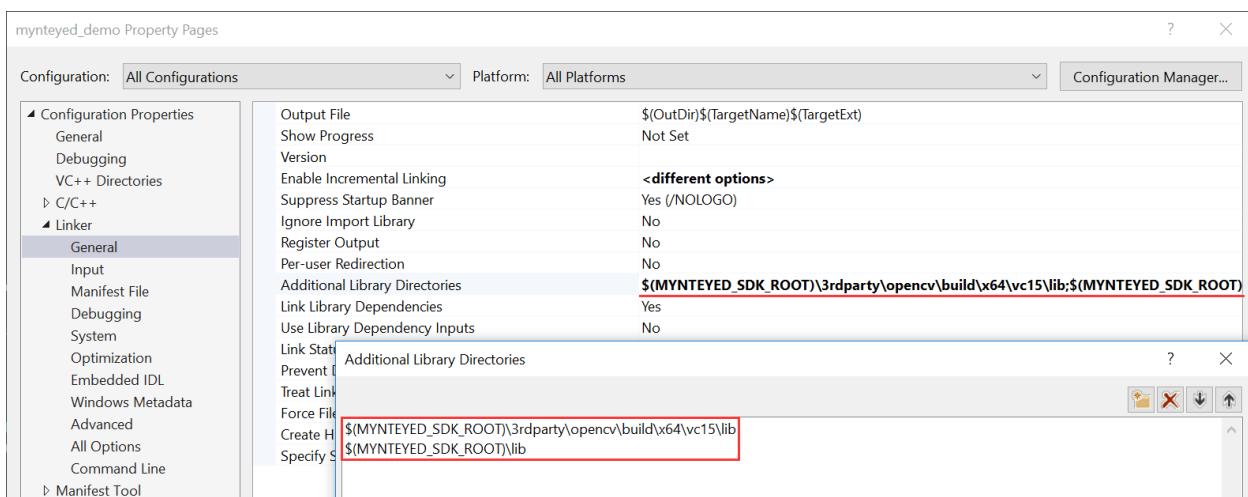
Add the following definitions to “Preprocessor Definitions”,

```
WITH_OPENCV
WITH_OPENCV3
```



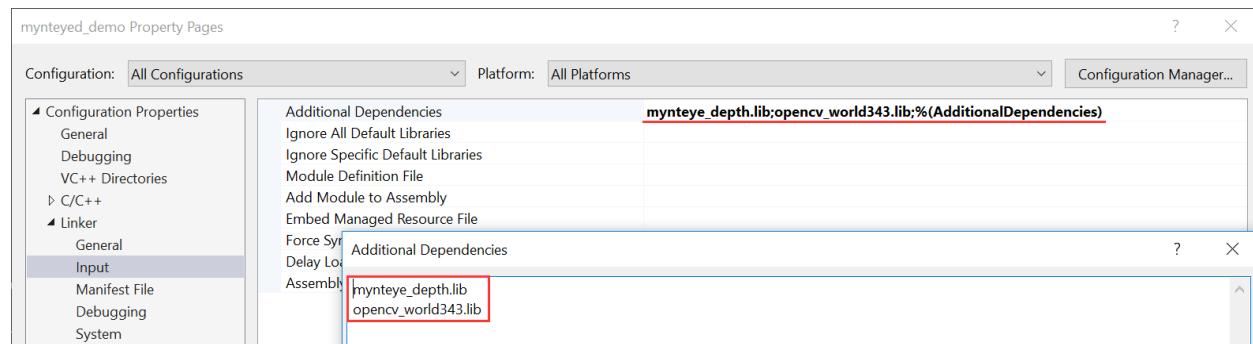
Add the following paths to “Additional Library Directories”,

```
$(MYNTEYED_SDK_ROOT)\1ib
$(MYNTEYED_SDK_ROOT)\3rdparty\opencv\build\x64\vc15\1ib
```



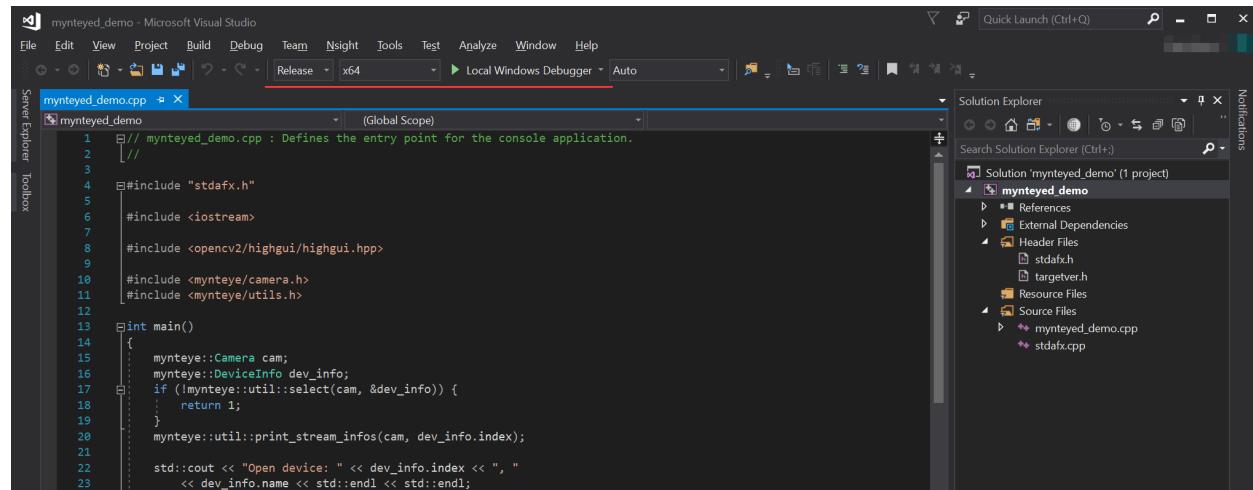
Add the following libs to “Additional Dependencies”,

```
mynteye_depth.lib  
opencv_world343.lib
```



### Start using SDK

Include the headers of SDK and start using its APIs,



Select “Release x64” to run the project.

### 2.5.2 How to use SDK with Qt Creator

This tutorial will create a Qt project with Qt Creator to start using SDK.

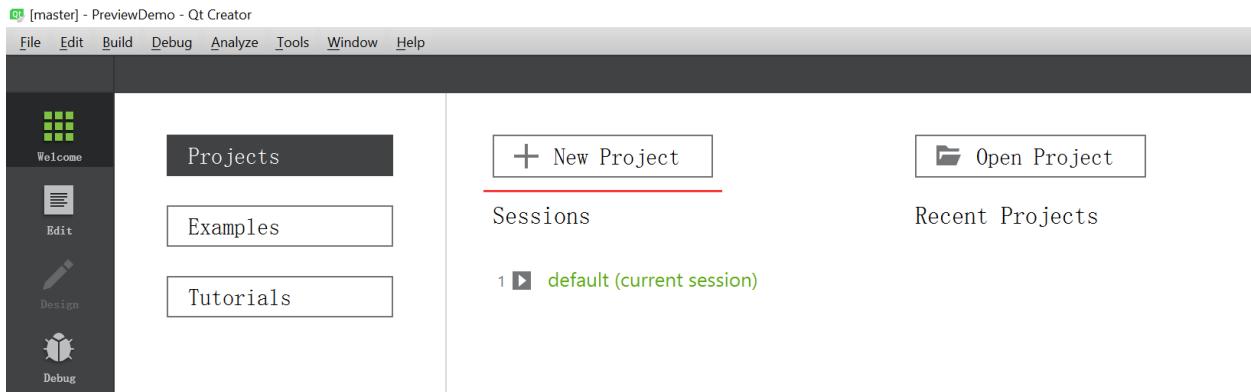
You could find the project demo in <sdk>/platforms/projects/qtcreator directory.

#### Preparation

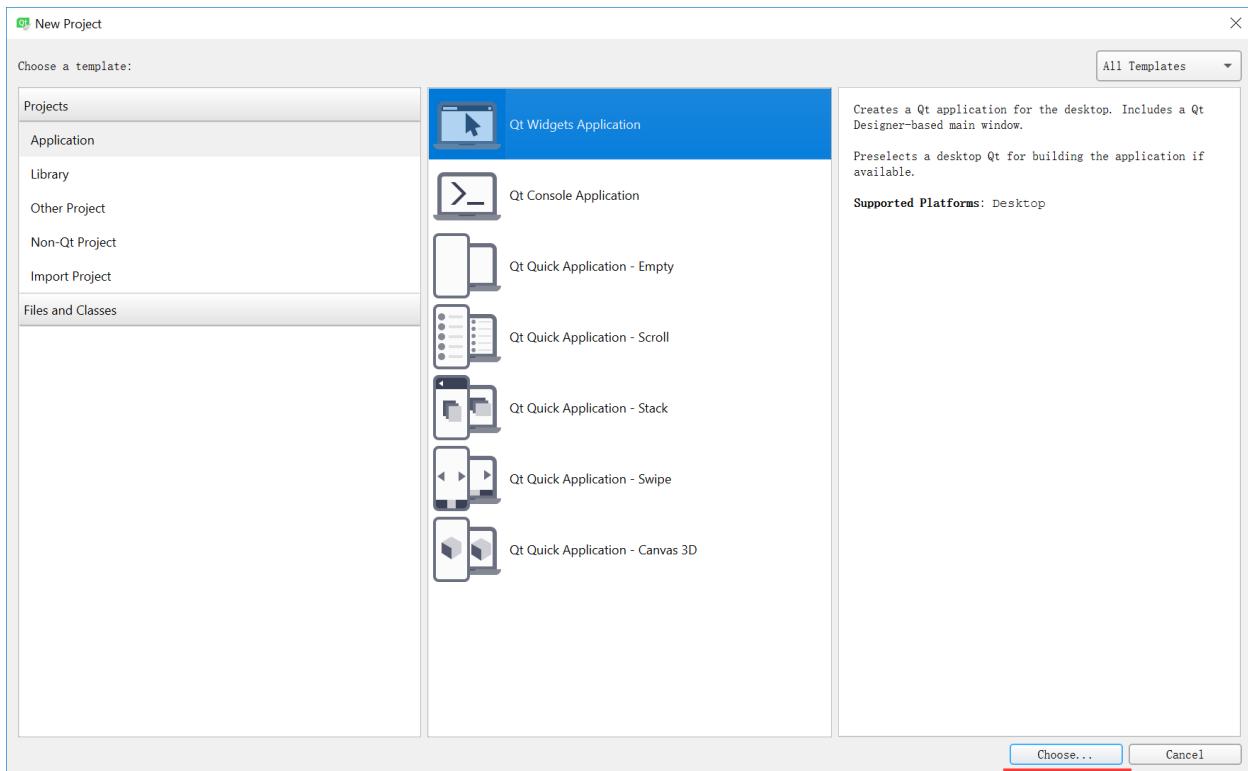
- Windows: install the win pack of SDK
- Linux: build from source and make install

#### Create Project

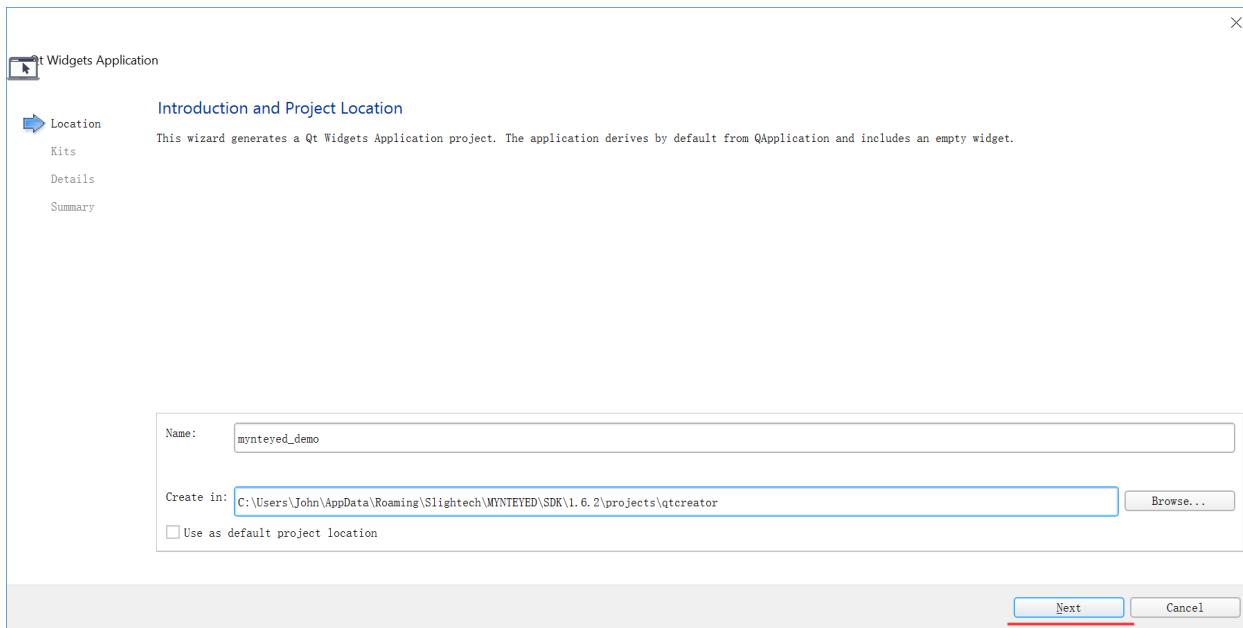
Open Qt Creator, then New Project,



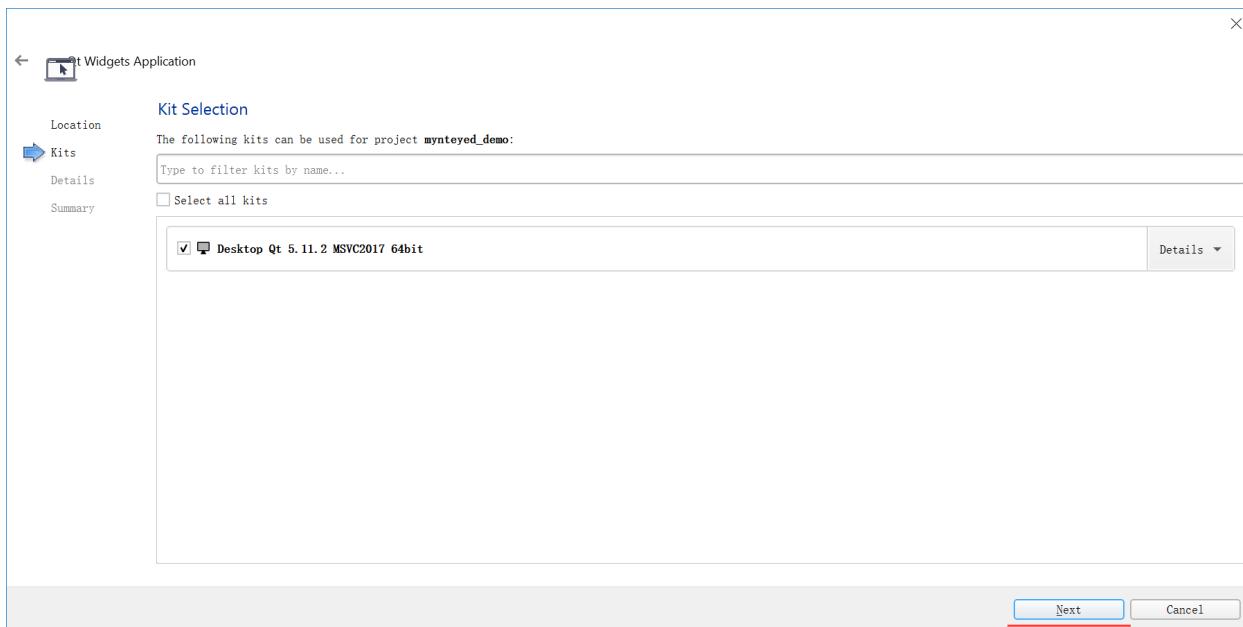
Choose Qt Widgets Application,



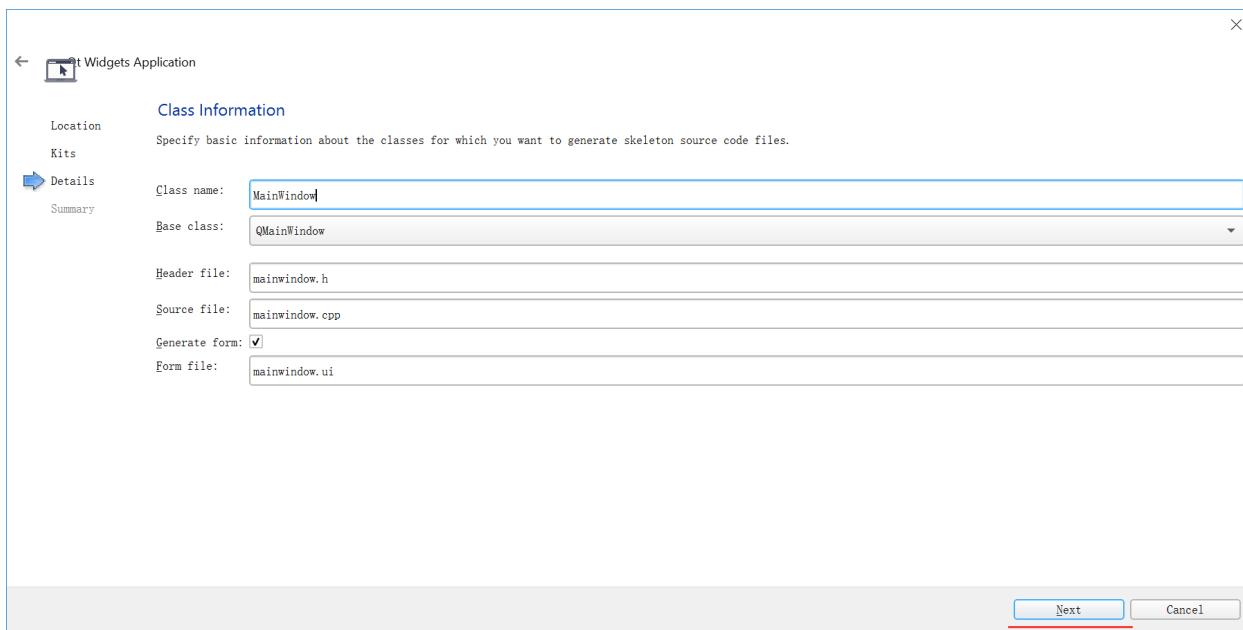
Set project location and its name,



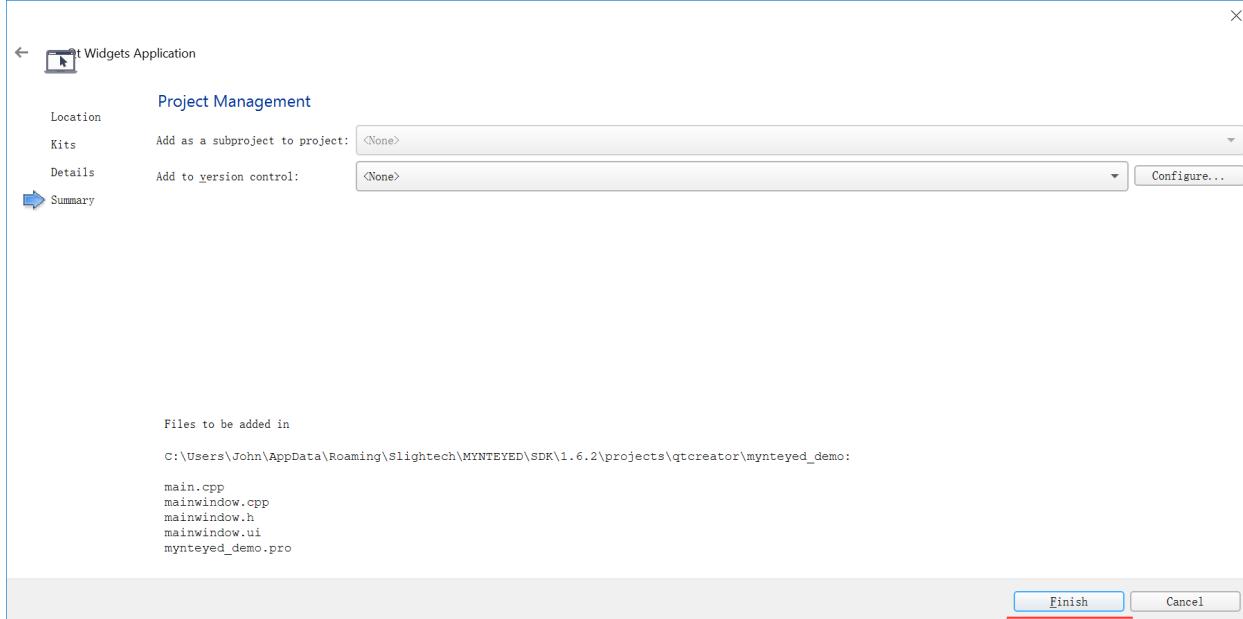
Select the build kits,



Then, it will generate the skeleton source files,

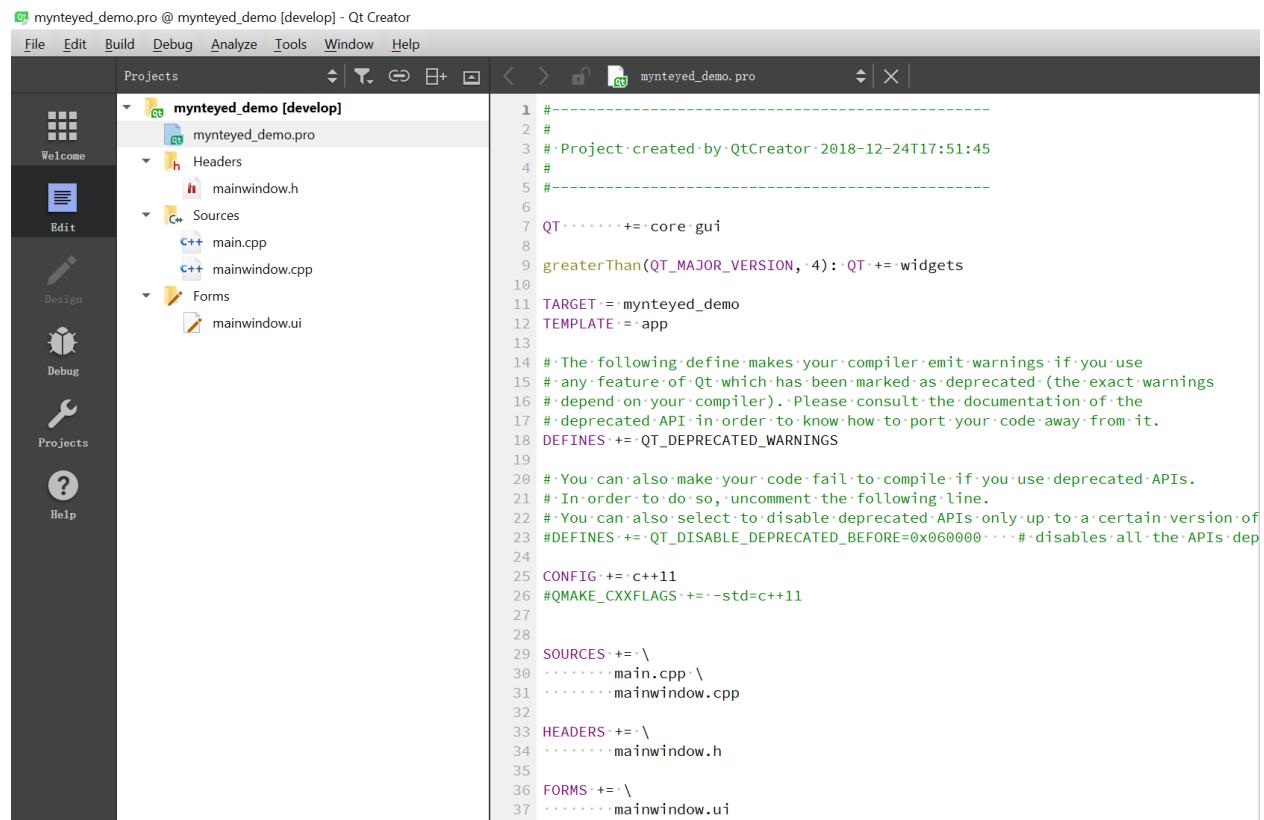


The screenshot shows the 'Class Information' dialog for a Qt Widgets Application. The 'Details' tab is selected. The 'Class name' field contains 'MainWindow'. The 'Base class' dropdown is set to 'QMainWindow'. The 'Header file' field contains 'mainwindow.h', 'Source file' contains 'mainwindow.cpp', 'Generate form' is checked, and 'Form file' contains 'mainwindow.ui'. At the bottom right are 'Next' and 'Cancel' buttons.

The screenshot shows the 'Project Management' dialog for the same project. The 'Summary' tab is selected. It shows 'Add as a subproject to project:' set to '<None>' and 'Add to version control:' also set to '<None>'. Below this, under 'Files to be added in', the path 'C:\Users\John\AppData\Roaming\Slightech\MYNTEYED\SDK\1.6.2\projects\qtcreator\mynteyed\_demo:' is listed, followed by files: main.cpp, mainwindow.cpp, mainwindow.h, mainwindow.ui, and mynteyed\_demo.pro. At the bottom right are 'Finish' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Finally, you will see the new project like this,



## Config Project

Edit `mynteyed_demo.pro` to add `INCLUDEPATH` and `LIBS`.

```
win32 {
    SDK_ROOT = "$$ (MYNTEYED_SDK_ROOT)"
    isEmpty(SDK_ROOT) {
        error( "MYNTEYED_SDK_ROOT not found, please install SDK firstly" )
    }
    message ("SDK_ROOT: $$SDK_ROOT")

    INCLUDEPATH += $$SDK_ROOT/include
    LIBS += $$SDK_ROOT/lib/mynteye_depth.lib
}

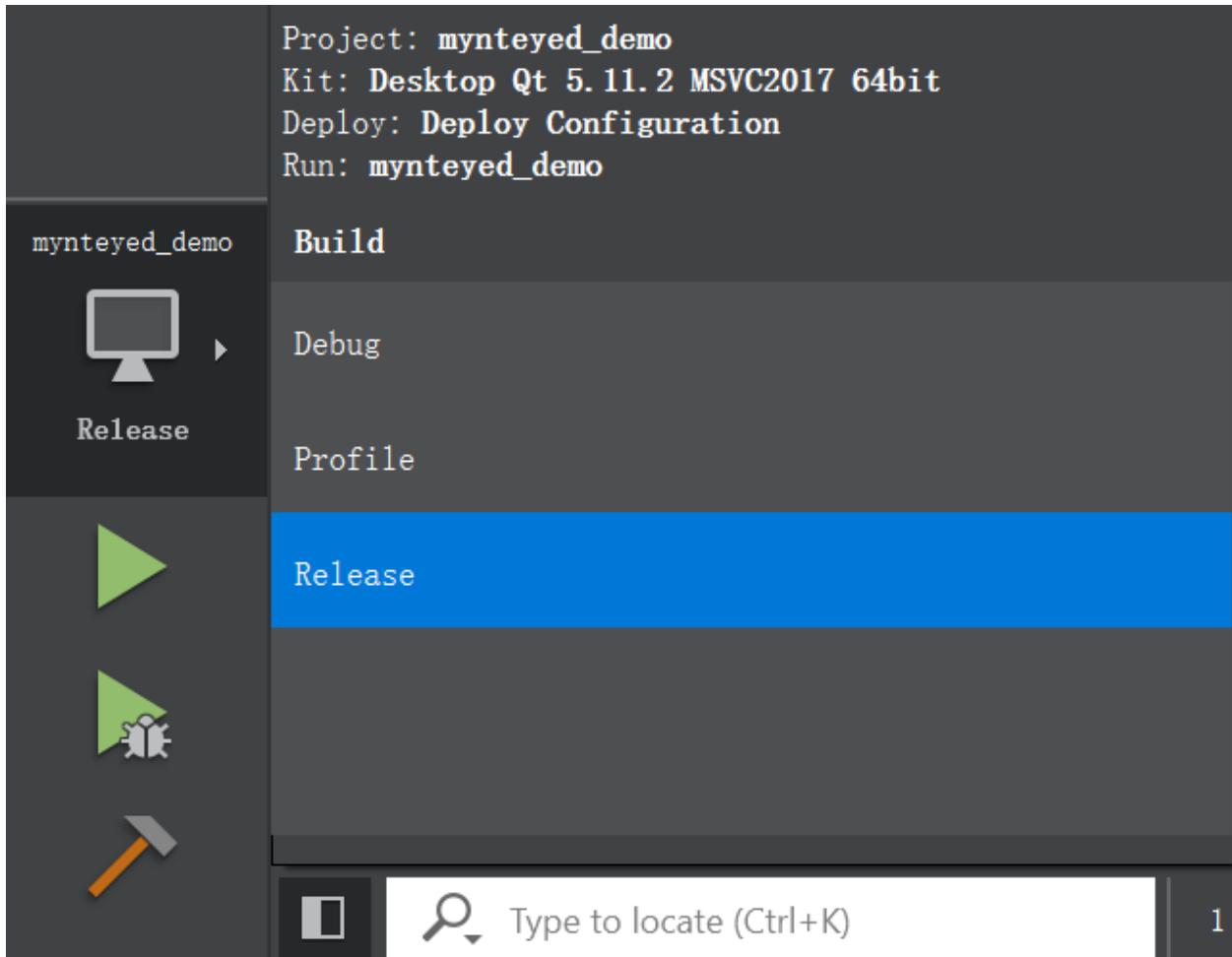
unix {
    INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include
    LIBS += -L/usr/local/lib -lmynteye_depth
}
```

## Start using SDK

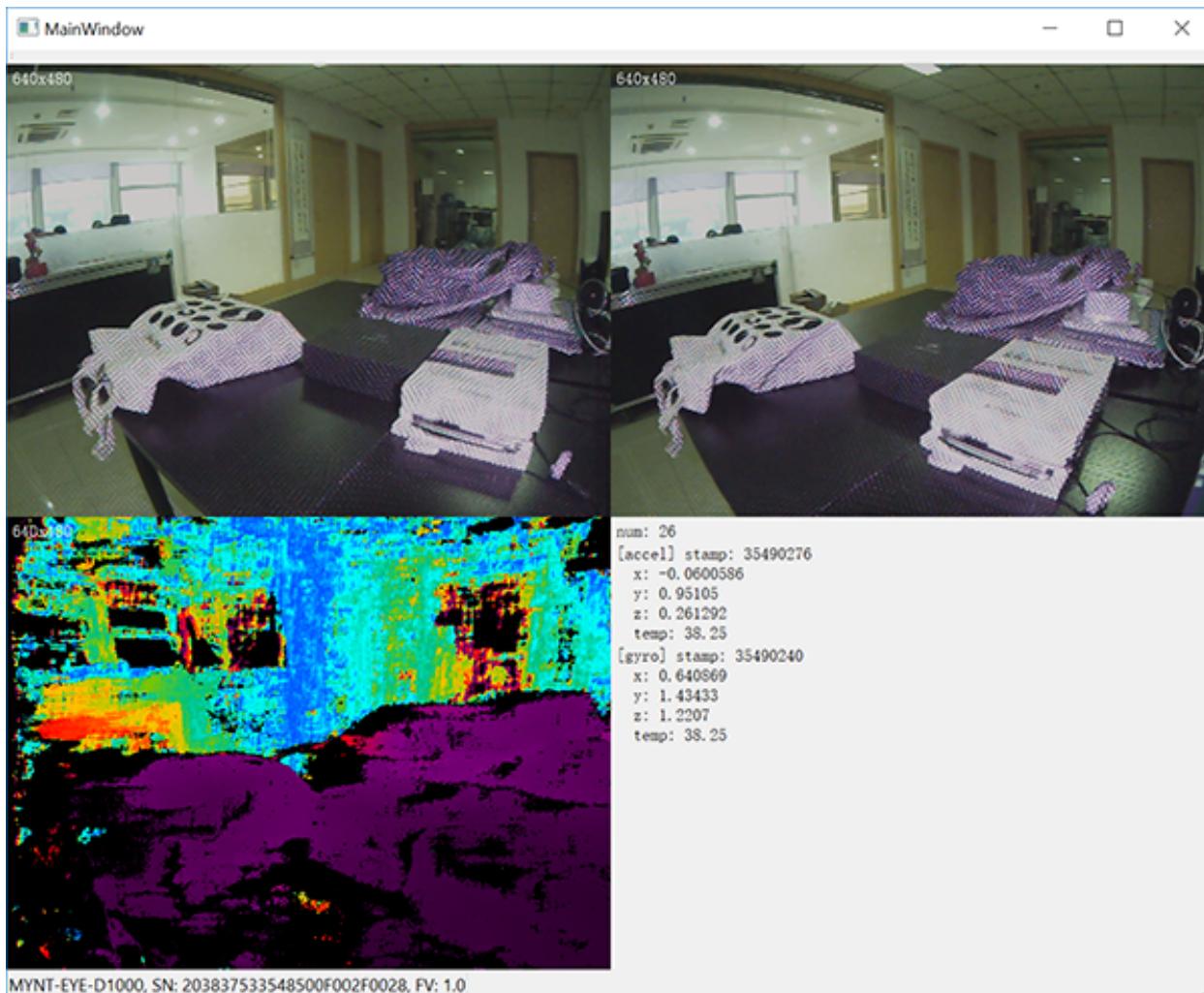
Include the headers of SDK and start using its APIs, could see the project demo.

## Windows

Should select “Release” to run the project.

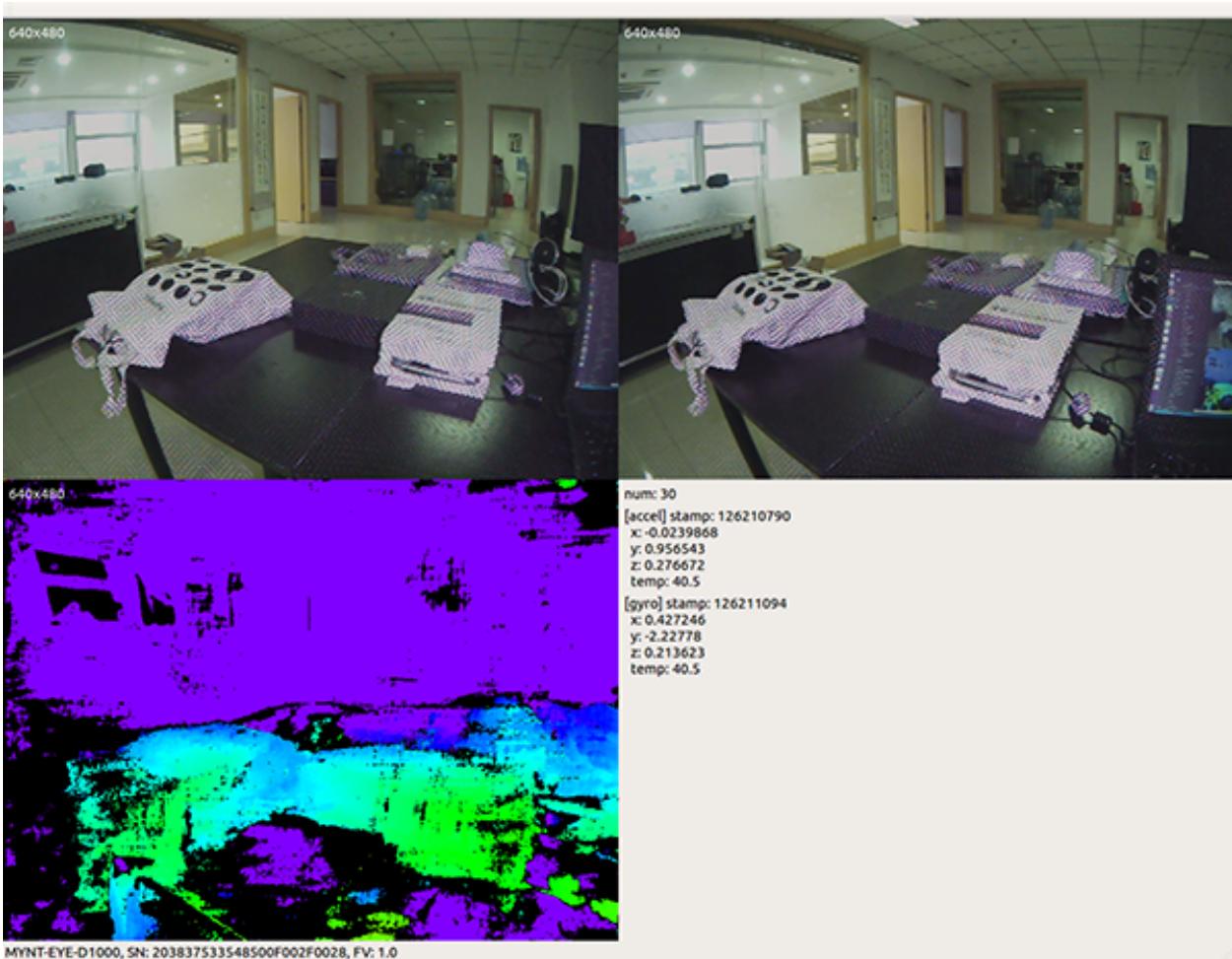


Then you will see the main window,



## Linux

Run the project and you will see the main window,



### 2.5.3 How to use SDK with CMake

This tutorial will create a project with CMake to start using SDK.

You could find the project demo in <sdk>/platforms/projects/cmake directory.

#### Preparation

- Windows: install the win pack of SDK
- Linux: build from source and make install

#### Create Project

Add CMakeLists.txt and mynteyed\_demo.cc files,

```
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.0)
project(mynteyed_demo VERSION 1.0.0 LANGUAGES C CXX)
# flags
```

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```
set(CMAKE_C_FLAGS "${CMAKE_C_FLAGS} -Wall -O3")
set(CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS "${CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS} -Wall -O3")

set(CMAKE_C_FLAGS "${CMAKE_C_FLAGS} -std=c++11 -march=native")
set(CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS "${CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS} -std=c++11 -march=native")

## mynteyed_demo

add_executable(mynteyed_demo mynteyed_demo.cc)
```

## Config Project

Add mynteyed and OpenCV packages to CMakeLists.txt,

```
# packages

if(MSVC)
    set(SDK_ROOT "$ENV{MYNTEYED_SDK_ROOT}")
    if(SDK_ROOT)
        message(STATUS "MYNTEYED_SDK_ROOT: ${SDK_ROOT}")
        list(APPEND CMAKE_PREFIX_PATH
            "${SDK_ROOT}/lib/cmake"
            "${SDK_ROOT}/3rdparty/opencv/build"
        )
    else()
        message(FATAL_ERROR "MYNTEYED_SDK_ROOT not found, please install SDK firstly")
    endif()
endif()

## mynteyed

find_package(mynteyed REQUIRED)
message(STATUS "Found mynteye: ${mynteyed_VERSION}")

# When SDK build with OpenCV, we can add WITH_OPENCV macro to enable some
# features depending on OpenCV, such as ToMat().
if(mynteyed_WITH_OPENCV)
    add_definitions(-DWITH_OPENCV)
endif()

## OpenCV

# Set where to find OpenCV
#set(OpenCV_DIR "/usr/share/opencv")

# When SDK build with OpenCV, we must find the same version here.
find_package(OpenCV REQUIRED)
message(STATUS "Found OpenCV: ${OpenCV_VERSION}")
```

Add include\_directories and target\_link\_libraries to mynteyed\_demo target,

```
# targets

include_directories(
```

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```

${OpenCV_INCLUDE_DIRS}
)

## mynteyed_demo

add_executable(mynteyed_demo mynteyed_demo.cc)
target_link_libraries(mynteyed_demo mynteye_depth ${OpenCV_LIBS})

```

## Start using SDK

Include the headers of SDK and start using its APIs, could see the project demo.

### Windows

See *Windows Source Installation* to “Install Build Tools”.

Then open “x64 Native Tools Command Prompt for VS 2017” command shell to build and run,

```

mkdir _build
cd _build

cmake -G "Visual Studio 15 2017 Win64" ..

msbuild.exe ALL_BUILD.vcxproj /property:Configuration=Release

.\Release\mynteyed_demo.exe

```

### Linux

Open “Terminal” to build and run,

```

mkdir _build
cd _build/

cmake ..

make

./mynteyed_demo

```

## 2.6 Change Log

### 2.6.1 2019-08-26 v1.8.0

1. Optimize the synchronization of image and imu. (need update auxiliary chip firmware to 1.4)
2. Fix get imu params issue on Windows
3. Add 4.16+ kernel support on Ubuntu
4. Add armhf 32-bit support on Ubuntu

## **2.6.2 2019-07-09 v1.7.9**

1. Fix publish timestamp is inconsistent if no camera information.
2. Fix timestamp errors caused by incorrect ROS timestamp data types.
3. Fix long running ROS timestamp problem. (need update auxiliary chip firmware to 1.3)
4. Fix the feature of get\_all\_with\_option ir\_depth\_only is invalid.

## **2.6.3 2019-06-25 v1.7.8**

1. Add spatial filter.
2. Add temporal filter.
3. Fix a windows compile error.

## **2.6.4 2019-05-29 v1.7.7**

1. Add relink function.
2. Add ros wrapper independent compilations.

## **2.6.5 2019-04-26 v1.7.6**

1. Fix ir\_depth\_only no depth image issue.
2. Fix point cloud jitter issue for ros display.

## **2.6.6 2019-04-17 v1.7.5**

1. Remove beta\_ros wrapper.
2. Publish default camera info for beta device.
3. Add view point cloud ply file sample.
4. Add slam launch to ros wrapper.
5. Fix color anomaly issue for ros display.

## **2.6.7 2019-03-25 v1.7.4**

1. Fix compatibility problem of different devices in ros camera info.
2. Fix build problem when use specify opencv version under Ubuntu 18.

## **2.6.8 2019-03-18 v1.7.3**

1. Add support for external sensors (ultrasonic sensors, GPS).
2. Depth images and color images are synchronized by frame id.
3. Add sample which compatible with USB2.0.

4. Fix the problem that the frame rate of camera info released by left and right eyes under ROS is twice the normal value.
5. Document optimization.



## ANDROID SDK

### 3.1 SDK Explain

#### 3.1.1 Supported Platform

Android 5.x ~ Android 8.x

### 3.2 SDK Download

zip format apk, aar, demo, doc

- Baidu Netdisk <https://pan.baidu.com/s/1aMCPwtUkQPZ7I5nemSUAsA>
- Google Drive: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1wVp4xqqgjidPQyzzW1Tmibbw4yY5p4sv>

### 3.3 SDK Install

1. Get sdk resource [SDK Download](#)
2. New android project(example: Android Studio)
3. Put the aar file of SDK to “libs” directory (app / libs)
4. Add arr support to the “build.gradle” file, like below

```
dependencies {  
    implementation fileTree(include: ['*.aar'], dir: 'libs')  
    ....  
}
```

5. Build → Make Project

### 3.4 SDK Samples

#### 3.4.1 Get SDK info

## SDK compile version

```
MYNTCamera.getSDKVersion();
```

## SDK compile time

```
MYNTCamera.getSDKBuildTime();
```

## 3.4.2 Listener USB

### Initialize USB Monitor

```
mUSBMonitor = USBMonitor(mContext, object : USBMonitor.IUSBMonitorListener {

    override fun didAttach(camera: MYNTCamera) {
        // Insert equipment
    }

    override fun didDetach(camera: MYNTCamera) {
        // Pull out equipment
    }

    override fun didConnectedCamera(camera: MYNTCamera) {
        // Connection successful
    }

    override fun didDisconnectedCamera(camera: MYNTCamera) {
        // Disconnect equipment
    }

})
```

### Register USB Monitor (start listening USB)

```
mUSBMonitor?.register()
```

### Log out of USB Monitor (stop listening for USB)

```
mUSBMonitor?.unregister()
```

### Release USB Monitor

```
mUSBMonitor?.destroy()
```

### 3.4.3 Open camera

#### Set the Camera connection callback

```
mCamera?.setCameraListener(object : MYNTCamera.ICameraListener {

    override fun didConnectedCamera(camera: MYNTCamera?) {

    }

    override fun didDisconnectedCamera(camera: MYNTCamera?) {

    }
})
```

#### Connect the camera (the permission dialog box will pop up)

```
mCamera?.connect()
```

#### After the connection is successful, the data is retrieved

```
//Open equipment
mCamera?.open()
// Set IR value
mCamera?.irCurrentValue = IR_DEFAULT_VALUE

backgroundHandler?.post {
    if (mCamera == null) return@post
    // Color image previews related objects
    mColorSurface = Surface(colorTextureView.surfaceTexture)
    // Depth image previews related objects
    mDepthSurface = Surface(depthTextureView.surfaceTexture)

    mCamera?.setPreviewDisplay(mDepthSurface, MYNTCamera.Frame.DEPTH)
    mCamera?.setPreviewDisplay(mColorSurface, MYNTCamera.Frame.COLOR)
    // Set preview size (480 / 720)
    mCamera?.setPreviewSize(previewSize.height)
    // Set depth type( 8bit / 11bit)
    mCamera?.setDepthType(depthType)
    // Set the image callback
    mCamera?.setFrameCallback { data ->
        if (data.flag == FrameData.DEPTH) {
            // Depth map
        }
        if (data.flag == FrameData.COLOR) {
            // Color map
        }
    }
    // To preview
    mCamera?.start(MYNTCamera.Source.ALL, MYNTCamera.Frame.ALL)
}
```

### 3.4.4 Get image data

#### Set image information callback

```
mCamera?.setFrameCallback { data ->
    if (data.flag == FrameData.DEPTH) {
        // depth image
    }
    if (data.flag == FrameData.COLOR) {
        // color image
    }
}
```

### 3.4.5 Get imu data

#### Set IMU data callback (camera with IMU model)

```
mCamera?.setImuCallback { data ->

    if (data.flag == ImuData.ACCELEROMETER) {
        runOnUiThread {
            accTextView.text = String.format("acc: x -> %.2f, y -> %.2f, z -> %.2f, timestamp -> %d, temperature -> %.2f", data.value[0], data.value[1], data.value[2], data.timestamp, data.temperature)
        }
    }
    if (data.flag == ImuData.GYROSCOPE) {
        runOnUiThread {
            gyroTextView.text = String.format("gyro: x -> %.2f, y -> %.2f, z -> %.2f, timestamp -> %d, temperature -> %.2f", data.value[0], data.value[1], data.value[2], data.timestamp, data.temperature)
        }
    }
}
```

### 3.4.6 Get rectify log data

#### Get internal reference

```
val rectifyLogData = mCamera?.rectifyLogData
```

## 3.5 Update Log

### 3.5.1 v1.3.9 - 2019-11-07

- Add local log file
- Fix: no color data back within no preview mode

### 3.5.2 v1.3.2 - 2019-10-11

- Supports D-1000 (imu, usb 2.0/3.0)
- Improve pointcloud register
- Support get right frame
- Add interface to get depth array converted from framedata
- Improve preview frame
- Fix some issue

### 3.5.3 v1.2.5 - 2019-07-01

- Save point cloud picture locally
- View the point cloud file
- Fix app recovery from background, camera does not display problems
- add frame rate display switch interface

### 3.5.4 v1.2.4 - 2019-05-27

- Modify camera sample
- Add deep data save read example
- Fix crash caused by close camera
- Fix crash caused by turning on the camera

### 3.5.5 v1.2.3 - 2019-04-10

- support enable and disable AE
- support enable and disable AWB
- support synchronous get depth images & color images
- Add the ranging method for FramData

### 3.5.6 v1.2.2 - 2019-03-28

- fix ANR problem of plug and unplug equipment
- add a new interface for obtaining camera internal parameter acquisition
- SDK stability improvement

### 3.5.7 v1.2.1 - 2019-02-26

- The D-1000 equipment supports IMU data callbacks

### **3.5.8 v1.2.0 - 2019-02-26**

- Compatible with D-1200 devices
- Image compatible with D-1000 device (IMU | IR function temporarily unavailable)

## FIRMWARE

### 4.1 Firmware Update

#### 4.1.1 Update Main Chip Firmware

---

**Note:** This tool does not support beta device upgrade.

---

##### Get Main Chip Firmware

Latest firmware: MYNTEYE-D-1.0.6.bin [Google Drive](#), [Baidu Pan](#)

##### Get Update Tool

Latest tool: eSPWriter\_1.0.6.zip [Google Drive](#), [Baidu Pan](#)

##### Update Firmware

---

**Note:** Please follow the steps to upgrade firmware.(Otherwise, the camera calibration parameters will be lost.)

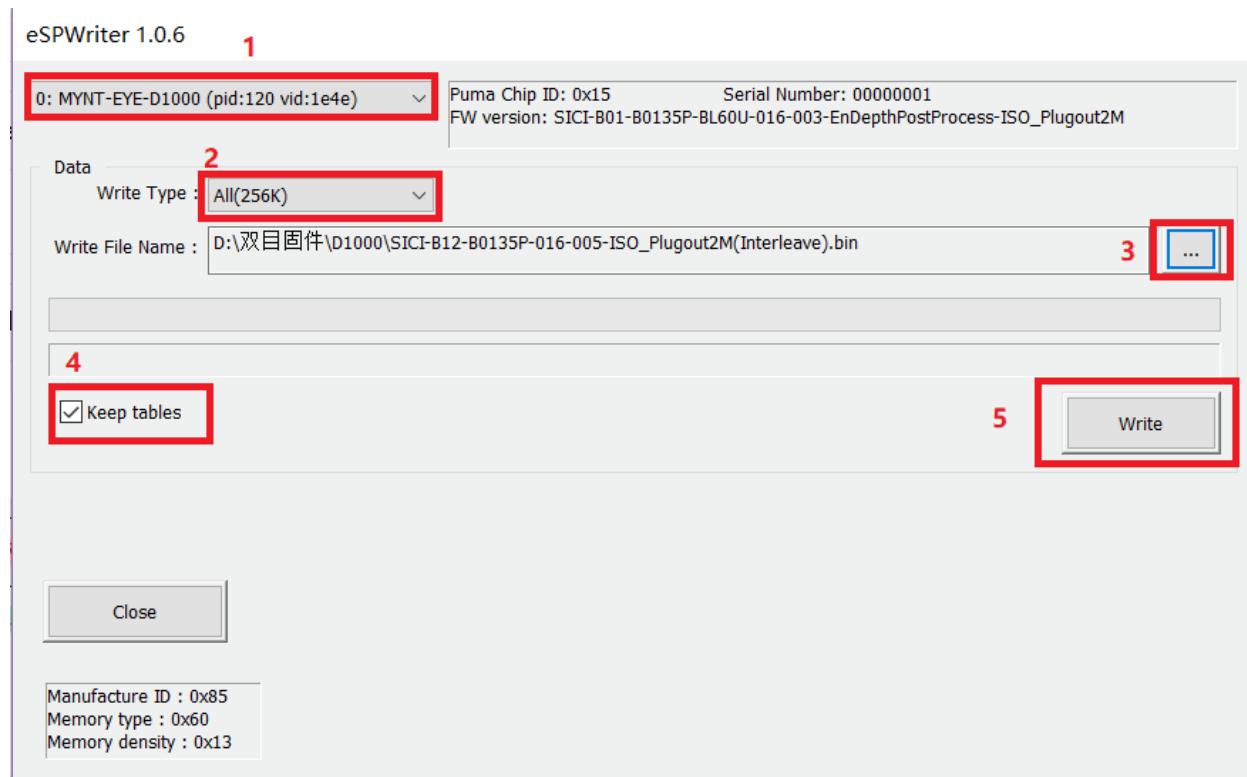
- 1, Select camera device.
  - 2, Select data type(256KB).
  - 3, Select chip firmware.
  - 4, Select Keep tables (in order to keep calibration parameters).
  - 5, Click Write.
- 

Use the tool according to diagram:

#### 4.1.2 Update Auxiliary Chip Firmware

##### Get Auxiliary Chip Firmware

Latest firmware: MYNTEYE-D1000-auxiliary-chip-x.x.x.bin [Google Drive](#), [Baidu Pan](#)



### Compile SDK Tools

```
cd <sdk> # local path of SDK  
make tools
```

### Update Firmware

```
./tools/_output/bin/writer/auxiliary_firmware_update <firmware-file-path>
```

## 4.2 Change Log

### 4.2.1 Auxiliary Chip Firmware

**2019-08-26 v1.4.2**

MYNTEYE-D-auxiliary-chip-1.4.2.bin

1. Optimize the synchronization of image and imu

**2019-07-09 v1.3.0**

MYNTEYE-D-auxiliary-chip-1.3.0.bin

1. Fixed long running ROS timestamp problem.

## TOOLS SUPPORT

### 5.1 Calibration Tool Manual

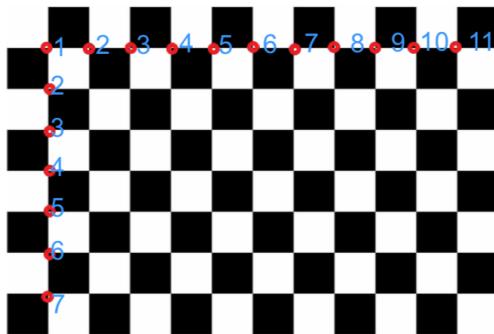
#### 5.1.1 Get Calibration Tool

Latest tool: mynteye-d-calibrator\_1.0.zip [Google Drive](#), [Baidu Pan](#)

#### 5.1.2 Prerequisites(Update config file)

- You can find Depth 50°'s config file in D1000-50 , Depth 120°'s config file in D1000-120
- Config file in HD folder means using for 720p, VGA for 480p. You need calibrate both resolution for camera.
- Copy and paste eDepthK.prj to mynteye-d-calibrator\_1.0 folder.
- Open eDepthK.prj with txt and modify Col1/2/3/4 to chessboard width, Row1/2/3/4 to chessboard height, Size1/2/3/4 to chessboard square size in meters.
- Chessboard width and height refer to the number of black and white intersections in the horizontal and vertical directions of the checkerboard.

#### 5.1.3 Example of 11x7 Intersection Chess Board



#Noted that the column and row parameters are the Number of Intersections, not the numbers of blocks.

### 5.1.4 Parameters of eSPCalibrator

```
eDepthK.prj - 記事本
//EX8031 & EX8036_ID use
[Camera_Para]
EnableScalePre = 0;
EnableCropPre = 0;
EnableCrop = 0;
EnableCros = 0;
LogEnable = 1;
ImgType = 0;
Chip_Type = 1;
IfFixedDepth = 0;
DisplayFlag = 2;
Display_Enable = 0;
Yoffset_Enable = 1;
Calib_Enable = 1;
StereoPairNum = 1;

[Chess_Para]
DrawCorner = 1;
Col1 = 11;
Row1 = 7;
Size1 = 36.0;
Col12 = 11;
Row2 = 7;
Size2 = 36.0;
Col13 = 11;
Row3 = 7;
Size3 = 36.0;
Col14 = 11;
Row4 = 7;
Size4 = 36.0;
```



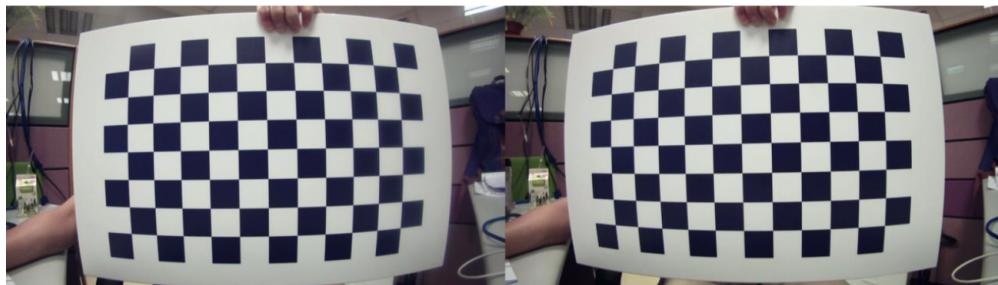
1.Open eDepthK.prj 2.Note that ‘Col1’ ‘Row1’ ‘Size1’ must match your chess board

### 5.1.5 Calibration Procedure 1 (Yoffset)

- If you are calibrating VGA mode please skip this procedure.
- Calibration Process 1 need 1 picture.
- The chess board must right in front of both camera and cover maximum portion(over 50%) of the preview image (try your best)
- Press ‘c’ or ‘C’ to take the snapshot of the properly positioned chess board. If calibrator can not detect all the intersections on preview image, you will get “Not Found” result.

### 5.1.6 Operation guide

1.Double click mynteye-d-calibrator.exe 2.Press ‘c’ or ‘C’ to take the snapshot (total one frame)



### 5.1.7 Calibration Procedure 2 (Calibration)

- Calibration need 5 pictures in 5 different angles
- The required angles will be the combination of rotation along X and

Y axis. Each Rotation angle should be 10° to 30° and/or Y-axis around X- axis

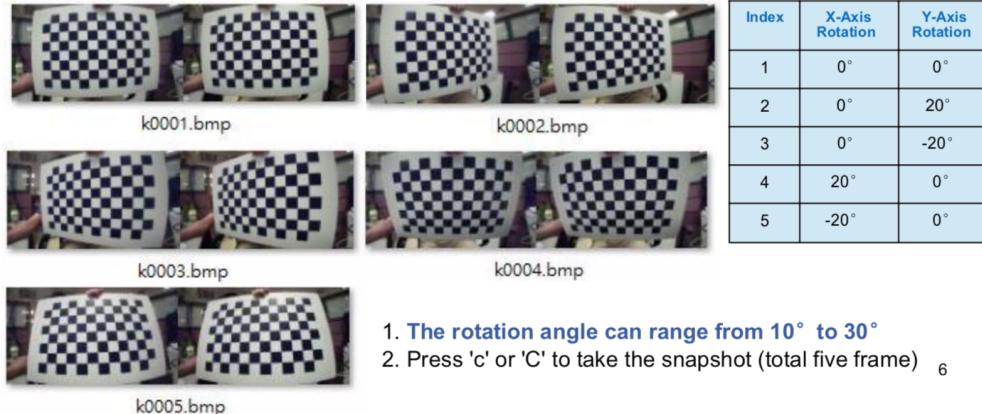
- The chess board must cover the maximum portion(over 50%)

of the preview image from both camera (try your best)

- Press ‘c’ or ‘C’ to take the snap shot of the properly positioned chess board. If calibrator can not detect all the intersections on the chess board, you will get “Not Found” result.

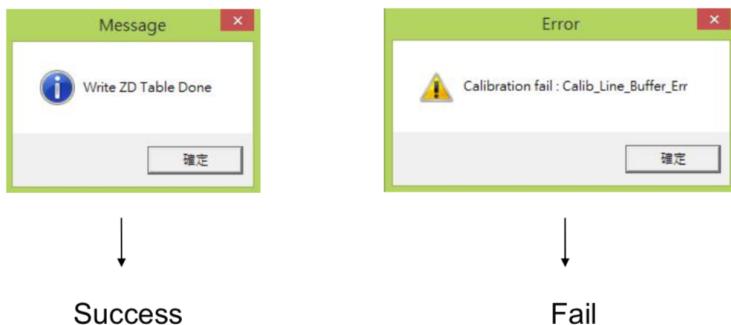
### 5.1.8 Operation guide

#### Operation guide



### 5.1.9 Calibration Result

- After calibration, parameters will auto write into device.



#Notice: After completing the calibration, please re-plug USB port

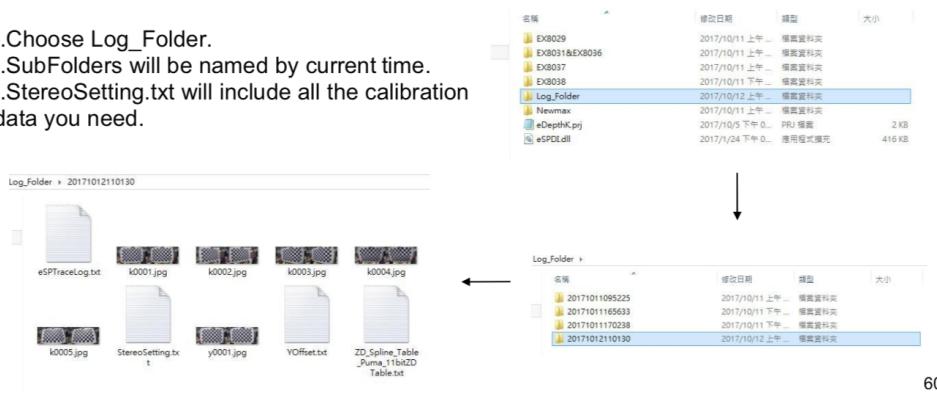
7

- After calibration, you can get Reprojection error in log file StereoSetting.txt , it is desirable to have a reprojection error of 0.2 or less. If exceeds 0.5, it needs to be recalibrated.

### 5.1.10 Log File

- After calibration, log file will save into Log\_Folder .

1. Choose Log\_Folder.
2. SubFolders will be named by current time.
3. StereoSetting.txt will include all the calibration data you need.



60

## 5.1.11 Appendix

### 5.1.12 Error\_Message : Yoffset

Error Message	Possible root cause
Yoffset Not support format.	1. FW issue, check page.14 2. eDepthK.prj setting error
No Device	1. USB unstable
Yoffset Cannot Preview Resolution	1. FW issue, check page.14 2. eDepthK.prj setting error

### 5.1.13 Error\_Message : Calibration

Error Message	Possible root cause
Calibration Not support format.	1. FW issue, check page.14 2. eDepthK.prj setting error
No Device	1. USB unstable
Calibration Cannot Preview Resolution	1. FW issue, check page.14 2. eDepthK.prj setting error
Calibration fail : Calib_Line_Buffer_Err	1. linebuffer > 160, quality error
Calibration fail : Calib_reproject_err	1. reprojection err > 1.75, quality error
Calibration Write flash fail	1. FW issue, check page.14

### 5.1.14 Error\_Message : ZD

Error Message	Possible root cause
ZD initialization Fail	1. FW issue, check page.14 2. eDepthK.prj setting error
No Device	1. USB unstable
Cannot Preview Resolution	1. FW issue, check page.14 2. eDepthK.prj setting error
Write ZD Table Fail	1. FW issue, check page.14



## OPEN SOURCE SUPPORT

### 6.1 How To Use In VINS-Mono

#### 6.1.1 If you wanna run VINS-Mono with MYNT EYE camera, please follow the steps:

1. Download [MYNT-EYE-D-SDK](#) and [ROS Wrapper Installation](#) .
2. Follow the normal procedure to install VINS-Mono.
3. Run mynteye\_wrapper\_d and VINS-Mono.

#### 6.1.2 Install ROS Kinetic conveniently (if already installed, please ignore)

```
cd ~  
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/oroca/oroca-ros-pkg/master/ros_install.sh && \  
chmod 755 ./ros_install.sh && bash ./ros_install.sh catkin_ws kinetic
```

#### 6.1.3 Run VINS-Mono with docker

---

**Note:** To complie with docker,we recommend that you should use more than 16G RAM, or ensure that the RAM and virtual memory space is greater than 16G.

---

##### Install docker

```
sudo apt-get update  
sudo apt-get install \  
  apt-transport-https \  
  ca-certificates \  
  curl \  
  gnupg-agent \  
  software-properties-common  
curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-key add -  
sudo add-apt-repository \  
  "deb [arch=amd64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu \  
  $(lsb_release -cs) \  
  stable"
```

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```
sudo apt-get update  
sudo apt-get install docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io
```

**Tip:** add your account to docker group by `sudo usermod -aG docker $YOUR_USER_NAME`. Relaunch the terminal or logout and re-login if you get Permission denied error.

## Install MYNT-EYE-VINS-Samples

```
git clone -b docker_feat https://github.com/slightech/MYNT-EYE-VINS-Sample.git  
cd MYNT-EYE-VINS-Sample/docker  
make build
```

## Run VINS-MONO

1. Run mynteye node

```
cd MYNT-EYE-D-SDK (local path of MYNT-EYE-D-SDK)  
source ./wrappers/ros-devel/setup.bash  
roslaunch mynteye_wrapper_d vins_mono.launch stream_mode:=0
```

2. Open another terminal to run vins-mono

```
cd MYNT-EYE-VINS-Sample/docker (local path of MYNT-EYE-VINS-Sample)  
.run.sh mynteye_d.launch
```

## 6.2 How to Use In ORB\_SLAM2

### 6.2.1 If you wanna run ORB\_SLAM2 with MYNT EYE camera, please follow the steps:

1. Download **MYNT-EYE-D-SDK** and *ROS Wrapper Installation*.
2. Follow the normal procedure to install ORB\_SLAM2.
3. Run examples by MYNT® EYE.

### 6.2.2 Prerequisites

```
sudo apt-get -y install libglew-dev cmake  
cd ~  
git clone https://github.com/stevenlovegrove/Pangolin.git  
cd Pangolin  
mkdir build  
cd build  
cmake ..  
cmake --build .  
sudo make install
```

### 6.2.3 Building the nodes for stereo (ROS)

- Add the path including Examples/ROS/ORB\_SLAM2 to the ROS\_PACKAGE\_PATH environment variable. Open .bashrc file and add at the end the following line. Replace PATH by the folder where you cloned ORB\_SLAM2:

```
export ROS_PACKAGE_PATH=${ROS_PACKAGE_PATH}:PATH/ORB_SLAM2/Examples/ROS
```

- Execute build\_ros.sh:

```
chmod +x build.sh
./build.sh
chmod +x build_ros.sh
./build_ros.sh
```

#### Stereo\_ROS Example

Run camera mynteye\_wrapper\_d

```
cd [path of mynteye-d-sdk]
make ros
source ./wrappers/ros-devel/setup.bash
roslaunch mynteye_wrapper_d orb_slam2.launch
```

Open another terminal and run ORB\_SLAM2

```
rosrun ORB_SLAM2 mynteye_d_stereo ./Vocabulary/ORBvoc.txt ./config/mynteye_d_stereo.
→yaml true /mynteye/left/image_mono /mynteye/right/image_mono
```

## 6.3 How To Use In OKVIS

### 6.3.1 If you wanna run OKVIS with MYNT EYE camera, please follow the steps:

1. Download [MYNT-EYE-D-SDK](#) and [ROS Wrapper Installation](#).
2. Install dependencies and build MYNT-EYE-OKVIS-Sample follow the procedure of the original OKVIS.
3. Update camera parameters to <OKVIS>/config/config\_mynteye.yaml.
4. Run OKVIS using MYNT® EYE.

---

**Tip:** OKVIS doesn't support ARM right now.

---

### 6.3.2 Install MYNTEYE OKVIS

First install dependencies based on the original OKVIS, and the follow:

```
sudo apt-get install libgoogle-glog-dev

git clone -b mynteye https://github.com/slightech/MYNT-EYE-OKVIS-Sample.git
cd MYNT-EYE-OKVIS-Sample/
```

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```
mkdir build && cd build
cmake ..
make
```

### 6.3.3 Get camera calibration parameters

Through the `GetIntrinsics()` and `GetExtrinsics()` function of the MYNT-EYE-D-SDK API, you can get the camera calibration parameters of the currently open device, follow the steps:

```
cd MYNT-EYE-D-SDK
./samples/_output/bin/get_img_params
```

After running the above type, pinhole's `distortion_parameters` and `camera_parameters` is obtained, and then update to [here](#).

according to following format. It should be noted that only first four parameters of `coeffs` need to be filled in the `distortion_coefficients`.

```
distortion_coefficients: [coeffs]    # only first four parameters of coeffs need to be
                                     ↪filled
focal_length: [fx, fy]
principal_point: [cx, cy]
distortion_type: radialtangential
```

### 6.3.4 Run MYNTEYE OKVIS

Run camera `mynteye_wrapper_d`

```
cd MYNT-EYE-D-SDK
source wrappers/ros-devel/setup.bash
rosrun mynteye_wrapper_d mynteye.launch
```

Run MYNT-EYE-OKVIS-Sample open another terminal and follow the steps.

```
cd MYNT-EYE-OKVIS-Sample/build
source devel/setup.bash
rosrun okvis_ros mynteye_d.launch
```

And use rviz to display

```
cd ~/catkin_okvis/src/MYNT-EYE-OKVIS-Sample/config
rosrun rviz rviz -d rviz.rvi
```

## 6.4 How To Use In VIORB

### 6.4.1 If you wanna run VIORB with MYNT® EYEplease follow the steps:

1. Download MYNT-EYE-D-SDK and [ROS Wrapper Installation](#).
2. Follow the normal procedure to install VIORB.
3. Update camera parameters to `<VIORB>/config/mynteye_d.yaml`.

4. Run mynteye\_wrapper\_d and VIORB.

#### 6.4.2 Install MYNT-EYE-VIORB-Sample.

```
git clone -b mynteye https://github.com/slightech/MYNT-EYE-VIORB-Sample.git
cd MYNT-EYE-VIORB-Sample
```

ROS\_PACKAGE\_PATH environment variable. Open .bashrc file and add at the end the following line. Replace PATH by the folder where you cloned MYNT-EYE-VIORB-Sample:

```
export ROS_PACKAGE_PATH=${ROS_PACKAGE_PATH}:PATH/Examples/ROS/ORB_VIO
```

Execute:

```
cd MYNT-EYE-VIORB-Sample
./build.sh
```

#### 6.4.3 Get image calibration parameters

Assume that the left eye of the mynteye camera is used with IMU. Through the GetIntrinsics() and GetExtrinsics() function of the [MYNT-EYE-D-SDK API](#), you can get the image calibration parameters of the currently open device:

```
cd MYNT-EYE-S-SDK
./samples/_output/bin/get_img_params
```

After running the above type, pinhole's distortion\_parameters and projection\_parameters is obtained, and then update to <MYNT-EYE-VIORB-Sample>/config/mynteye\_d.yaml.

#### 6.4.4 Run VIORB and mynteye\_wrapper\_d

1. Launch mynteye node

```
roslaunch mynteye_wrapper_d mynteye.launch
```

2. Open another terminal and run viorb

```
roslaunch ORB_VIO testmynteye_d.launch
```

Finally, pyplotscripts can be used to visualize some results.

### 6.5 How To Use In VINS-Fusion

#### 6.5.1 If you wanna run VINS-Fusion with MYNT EYE camera, please follow the steps:

1. Download [MYNT-EYE-D-SDK](#) and [ROS Wrapper Installation](#).
2. Follow the normal procedure to install VINS-Fusion .
3. Run mynteye\_wrapper\_d and VINS-Fusion .

## 6.5.2 Install ROS Kinetic conveniently (if already installed, please ignore)

```
cd ~  
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/oroca/oroca-ros-pkg/master/ros_install.sh && \  
chmod 755 ./ros_install.sh && bash ./ros_install.sh catkin_ws kinetic
```

## 6.5.3 Run VINS-FUSION with docker

---

**Note:** To complie with docker,we recommend that you should use more than 16G RAM, or ensure that the RAM and virtual memory space is greater than 16G.

---

### Install docker

```
sudo apt-get update  
sudo apt-get install \  
    apt-transport-https \  
    ca-certificates \  
    curl \  
    gnupg-agent \  
    software-properties-common  
curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-key add -  
sudo add-apt-repository \  
    "deb [arch=amd64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu \  
    $(lsb_release -cs) \  
    stable"  
sudo apt-get update  
sudo apt-get install docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io
```

---

**Tip:** add your account to docker group by `sudo usermod -aG docker $YOUR_USER_NAME`. Relaunch the terminal or logout and re-login if you get Permission denied error.

---

### Install MYNT-EYE-VINS-FUSION-Samples

```
git clone -b docker_feat https://github.com/slightech/MYNT-EYE-VINS-FUSION-Samples.git  
cd MYNT-EYE-VINS-FUSION-Sample/docker  
make build
```

### Run VINS\_FUSION

1. Run mynteye node

```
cd MYNT-EYE-D-SDK (local path of MYNT-EYE-D-SDK)  
source ./wrappers/ros-devel/setup.bash  
roslaunch mynteye_wrapper_d vins_fusion.launch stream_mode:=1 # stereo camera with  
→ 640x480
```

2. Open another terminal to run vins-fusion

```
cd MYNT-EYE-VINS-FUSION-Sample/docker (local path of MYNT-EYE-VINS-FUSION-Sample)
./run.sh mynteye-d/mynt_mono_config.yaml # mono+imu fusion
# ./run.sh mynteye-d/mynt_stereo_config.yaml # Stereo fusion
# ./run.sh mynteye-d/mynt_stereo_imu_config.yaml # Stereot+imu fusion
```



## 7.1 Camera

```
class Camera
```

### Public Functions

```
std::vector<DeviceInfo> GetDeviceInfos() const
    Get all device infos.
```

```
void GetDeviceInfos(std::vector<DeviceInfo> *dev_infos) const
    Get all device infos.
```

```
void GetStreamInfos(const std::int32_t &dev_index, std::vector<StreamInfo> *color_infos,
                    std::vector<StreamInfo> *depth_infos) const
    Get all stream infos.
```

```
ErrorCode Open()
    Open camera.
```

```
ErrorCode Open(const OpenParams &params)
    Open camera with params.
```

```
bool IsOpened() const
    Whethor camera is opened or not.
```

```
OpenParams GetOpenParams() const
    Get open params.
```

```
std::shared_ptr<device::Descriptors> GetDescriptors() const
    Get all device descriptors.
```

```
std::string GetDescriptor(const Descriptor &desc) const
    Get one device descriptor.
```

```
StreamIntrinsics GetStreamIntrinsics(const StreamMode &stream_mode) const
    Get the intrinsics of camera.
```

```
StreamIntrinsics GetStreamIntrinsics(const StreamMode &stream_mode, bool *ok) const
    Get the intrinsics of camera.
```

```
StreamExtrinsics GetStreamExtrinsics(const StreamMode &stream_mode) const
    Get the extrinsics of camera.
```

StreamExtrinsics **GetStreamExtrinsics** (**const StreamMode** &stream\_mode, **bool** \*ok) **const**  
Get the extrinsics of camera.

**bool WriteCameraCalibrationBinFile** (**const std::string** &filename)  
Write camera calibration bin file.

**MotionIntrinsics GetMotionIntrinsics** () **const**  
Get the intrinsics of motion.

**MotionIntrinsics GetMotionIntrinsics** (**bool** \*ok) **const**  
Get the intrinsics of motion.

MotionExtrinsics **GetMotionExtrinsics** () **const**  
Get the extrinsics from left to motion.

MotionExtrinsics **GetMotionExtrinsics** (**bool** \*ok) **const**  
Get the extrinsics from left to motion.

**bool IsWriteDeviceSupported** () **const**  
Whethor write device supported or not.

**bool WriteDeviceFlash** (**device::Descriptors** \*desc, **device::ImuParams** \*imu\_params, **Version**  
\*spec\_version = nullptr)  
Write device flash.

**void EnableProcessMode** (**const ProcessMode** &mode)  
Enable process mode, e.g.  
imu assembly, temp\_drift

**void EnableProcessMode** (**const std::int32\_t** &mode)  
Enable process mode, e.g.  
imu assembly, temp\_drift

**bool IsImageInfoSupported** () **const**  
Whethor image info supported or not.

**void EnableImageInfo** (**bool** sync)  
Enable image infos.

If sync is false, indicates only can get infos from callback. If sync is true, indicates can get infos from  
callback or access it from *StreamData*.

**void DisableImageInfo** ()  
Disable image info.

**bool IsImageInfoEnabled** () **const**  
Whethor image info enabled or not.

**bool IsImageInfoSynced** () **const**  
Whethor image info synced or not.

**bool IsStreamDataEnabled** (**const ImageType** &type) **const**  
Whethor stream data of certain image type enabled or not.

**bool HasStreamDataEnabled** () **const**  
Has any stream data enabled.

---

`StreamData GetStreamData (const ImageType &type)`  
Get latest stream data.

`std::vector<StreamData> GetStreamDatas (const ImageType &type)`  
Get cached stream datas.

`bool IsMotionDatasSupported () const`  
Whethor motion datas supported or not.

`void EnableMotionDatas (std::size_t max_size = std::numeric_limits<std::size_t>::max())`  
Enable motion datas.  
If max\_size <= 0, indicates only can get datas from callback. If max\_size > 0, indicates can get datas from callback or using `GetMotionDatas()`.

Note: if max\_size > 0, the motion datas will be cached until you call `GetMotionDatas()`.

`void DisableMotionDatas ()`  
Disable motion datas.

`bool IsMotionDatasEnabled () const`  
Whethor motion datas enabled or not.

`std::vector<MotionData> GetMotionDatas ()`  
Get cached motion datas.  
Besides, you can also get them from callback

`void SetImgInfoCallback (img_info_callback_t callback, bool async = true)`  
Set image info callback.

`void SetStreamCallback (const ImageType &type, stream_callback_t callback, bool async = true)`  
Set stream data callback.

`void SetMotionCallback (motion_callback_t callback, bool async = true)`  
Set motion data callback.

`void Close ()`  
Close the camera.

`void SetExposureTime (const float &value)`  
Set exposure time [1ms - 655ms] value exposure time value.

`void GetExposureTime (float &value)`  
Get exposure time value return exposure time value.

`void SetGlobalGain (const float &value)`  
Set global gain [1 - 16] value global gain value.

`void GetGlobalGain (float &value)`  
Get global gain value return global gain value.

`void SetIRIntensity (const std::uint16_t &value)`  
set infrared(IR) intensity [0, 10] default 4

`bool AutoExposureControl (bool enable)`  
Auto-exposure enabled or not default enabled.

`bool AutoWhiteBalanceControl (bool enable)`  
Auto-white-balance enabled or not default enabled.

```
bool IsLocationDatasSupported() const
    Whethor location datas supported or not.

void EnableLocationDatas(std::size_t max_size = std::numeric_limits<std::size_t>::max())
    Enable location datas.

If max_size <= 0, indicates only can get datas from callback. If max_size > 0, indicates can get datas from
callback or using GetLocationDatas\(\).

Note: if max_size > 0, the distance datas will be cached until you call GetLocationDatas\(\).

void DisableLocationDatas()
    Disable location datas.

bool IsLocationDataEnabled() const
    Whethor location datas enabled or not.

std::vector<LocationData> GetLocationDatasSetLocationCallback(location_callback_t callback, bool async = true)
    Set location data callback.

bool IsDistanceDatasSupported() const
    Whethor distance datas supported or not.

void EnableDistanceDatas(std::size_t max_size = std::numeric_limits<std::size_t>::max())
    Enable distance datas.

If max_size <= 0, indicates only can get datas from callback. If max_size > 0, indicates can get datas from
callback or using GetDistanceDatas\(\).

Note: if max_size > 0, the distance datas will be cached until you call GetDistanceDatas\(\).

void DisableDistanceDatas()
    Disable distance datas.

bool IsDistanceDataEnabled() const
    Whethor distance datas enabled or not.

std::vector<DistanceData> GetDistanceDatasSetDistanceCallback(distance_callback_t callback, bool async = true)
    Set distance data callback.

bool AuxiliaryChipFirmwareUpdate(const char *filepath)
    Update auxiliary chip firmware.

void ControlReconnectStatus(const bool &status)
    control status of reconnect default enabled
```

## 7.2 Device

### 7.2.1 DeviceInfo

```
struct DeviceInfo
```

Device information.

#### Public Members

```
std::int32_t index  
    The device index.  
std::string name  
    The device name.  
std::uint16_t type  
    The device type.  
std::uint16_t pid  
    The product id.  
std::uint16_t vid  
    The vendor id.  
std::uint16_t chip_id  
    The chip id.  
std::string fw_version  
    The firmware version.  
std::string sn  
    The serial number.
```

### 7.2.2 Image

```
class Image
```

Subclassed by mynteyed::ImageColor, mynteyed::ImageDepth

### 7.2.3 OpenParams

```
struct OpenParams
```

Device open parameters.

#### Public Functions

```
OpenParams()  
    Constructor.  
~OpenParams()  
    Destructor.
```

### Public Members

`std::int32_t dev_index`

Device index.

`std::int32_t framerate`

Framerate, range [0,60], [0,30](STREAM\_2560x720), default 10.

`DeviceMode dev_mode`

Device mode, default DEVICE\_ALL.

- DEVICE\_COLOR: IMAGE\_LEFT\_COLOR y IMAGE\_RIGHT\_COLOR - IMAGE\_DEPTH n
- DEVICE\_DEPTH: IMAGE\_LEFT\_COLOR n IMAGE\_RIGHT\_COLOR n IMAGE\_DEPTH y
- DEVICE\_ALL: IMAGE\_LEFT\_COLOR y IMAGE\_RIGHT\_COLOR - IMAGE\_DEPTH y

Could detect image type is enabled after opened through `Camera::IsStreamDataEnabled()`.

Note: y: available, n: unavailable, -: depends on `stream_mode`

`ColorMode color_mode`

Color mode, default COLOR\_RAW.

`DepthMode depth_mode`

Depth mode, default DEPTH\_COLORFUL.

`StreamMode stream_mode`

Stream mode of color & depth, default STREAM\_1280x720.

`StreamFormat color_stream_format`

Stream format of color, default STREAM\_YUYV.

`StreamFormat depth_stream_format`

Stream format of depth, default STREAM\_YUYV.

`bool state_ae`

Auto-exposure, default true.

`bool state_awb`

Auto-white balance, default true.

`std::uint8_t ir_intensity`

IR (Infrared), range [0,10], default 0.

`bool ir_depth_only`

IR Depth Only mode, default false.

Note: When frame rate less than 30fps, IR Depth Only will be not available.

`float colour_depth_value`

Colour depth image, default 5000.

[0, 16384]

### 7.2.4 StreamInfo

`struct StreamInfo`

Stream information.

## Public Members

`std::int32_t index`  
The stream index.

`std::int32_t width`  
The stream width.

`std::int32_t height`  
The stream height.

`StreamFormat format`  
The stream format.

## 7.3 Enums

### 7.3.1 ErrorCode

`enum mynteyed::ErrorCode`

List error codes.

*Values:*

`SUCCESS = 0`  
Standard code for successful behavior.

`ERROR_FAILURE`  
Standard code for unsuccessful behavior.

`ERROR_FILE_OPEN_FAILED`  
File cannot be opened for not exist, not a regular file or any other reason.

`ERROR_CAMERA_OPEN_FAILED`  
*Camera* cannot be opened for not plugged or any other reason.

`ERROR_CAMERA_NOT_OPENED`  
*Camera* is not opened now.

`ERROR_CAMERA_RETRIEVE_FAILED`  
*Camera* retrieve the image failed.

`ERROR_IMU_OPEN_FAILED`  
Imu cannot be opened for not plugged or any other reason.

`ERROR_IMU_RECV_TIMEOUT`  
Imu receive data timeout.

`ERROR_IMU_DATA_ERROR`  
Imu receive data error.

`ERROR_CODE_LAST`  
Last guard.

### 7.3.2 Descriptor

`enum mynteyed::Descriptor`  
The descriptor fields.

*Values:*

**DEVICE\_NAME**

Device name.

**SERIAL\_NUMBER**

Serial number.

**FIRMWARE\_VERSION**

Firmware version.

**HARDWARE\_VERSION**

Hardware version.

**SPEC\_VERSION**

Spec version.

**LENS\_TYPE**

Lens type.

**IMU\_TYPE**

IMU type.

**NOMINAL\_BASELINE**

Nominal baseline.

**DESC\_LAST**

Last guard.

### 7.3.3 ProcessMode

**enum mynteyed::ProcessMode**

Process modes.

*Values:*

**PROC\_NONE** = 0

**PROC\_IMU\_ASSEMBLY** = 1

**PROC\_IMU\_TEMP\_DRIFT** = 2

**PROC\_IMU\_ALL** = *PROC\_IMU\_ASSEMBLY | PROC\_IMU\_TEMP\_DRIFT*

### 7.3.4 DeviceMode

**enum mynteyed::DeviceMode**

List device modes.

Control the color & depth streams enabled or not.

Note: y: available, n: unavailable, -: depends on StreamMode

*Values:*

**DEVICE\_COLOR** = 0

IMAGE\_LEFT\_COLOR y IMAGE\_RIGHT\_COLOR - IMAGE\_DEPTH n.

**DEVICE\_DEPTH** = 1

IMAGE\_LEFT\_COLOR n IMAGE\_RIGHT\_COLOR n IMAGE\_DEPTH y.

**DEVICE\_ALL** = 2

IMAGE\_LEFT\_COLOR y IMAGE\_RIGHT\_COLOR - IMAGE\_DEPTH y.

### 7.3.5 ColorMode

```
enum mynteyed::ColorMode
List color modes.
```

*Values:*

```
COLOR_RAW = 0
color raw

COLOR_RECTIFIED = 1
color rectified

COLOR_MODE_LAST
```

### 7.3.6 DepthMode

```
enum mynteyed::DepthMode
List depth modes.
```

*Values:*

```
DEPTH_RAW = 0
ImageFormat::DEPTH_RAW.

DEPTH_GRAY = 1
ImageFormat::DEPTH_GRAY_24.

DEPTH_COLORFUL = 2
ImageFormat::DEPTH_RGB.

DEPTH_MODE_LAST
```

### 7.3.7 StreamMode

```
enum mynteyed::StreamMode
List stream modes.
```

*Values:*

```
STREAM_640x480 = 0
480p, vga, left

STREAM_1280x480 = 1
480p, vga, left+right

STREAM_1280x720 = 2
720p, hd, left

STREAM_2560x720 = 3
720p, hd, left+right

STREAM_MODE_LAST
```

### 7.3.8 StreamFormat

```
enum mynteyed::StreamFormat
List stream formats.
```

*Values:*

**STREAM\_MJPG** = 0  
**STREAM\_YUYV** = 1  
**STREAM\_FORMAT\_LAST**

### 7.3.9 ImageType

```
enum mynteyed::ImageType
List image types.
```

*Values:*

**IMAGE\_LEFT\_COLOR**  
LEFT Color.  
**IMAGE\_RIGHT\_COLOR**  
RIGHT Color.  
**IMAGE\_DEPTH**  
Depth.  
**IMAGE\_ALL**  
All.

### 7.3.10 ImageFormat

```
enum mynteyed::ImageFormat
List image formats.
```

*Values:*

**IMAGE\_BGR\_24**  
8UC3  
**IMAGE\_RGB\_24**  
8UC3  
**IMAGE\_GRAY\_8**  
8UC1  
**IMAGE\_GRAY\_16**  
16UC1  
**IMAGE\_GRAY\_24**  
8UC3  
**IMAGE\_YUYV**  
8UC2  
**IMAGE\_MJPG**  
**COLOR\_BGR** = *IMAGE\_BGR\_24*  
**COLOR\_RGB** = *IMAGE\_RGB\_24*  
**COLOR\_YUYV** = *IMAGE\_YUYV*  
**COLOR\_MJPG** = *IMAGE\_MJPG*  
**DEPTH\_RAW** = *IMAGE\_GRAY\_16*

---

```
DEPTH_GRAY = IMAGE_GRAY_8
DEPTH_GRAY_24 = IMAGE_GRAY_24
DEPTH_BGR = IMAGE_BGR_24
DEPTH_RGB = IMAGE_RGB_24

IMAGE_FORMAT_LAST
    Last guard.
```

### 7.3.11 SensorType

```
enum mynteyed::SensorType
    SensorType types.

    Values:

    SENSOR_TYPE_H22 = 0
    SENSOR_TYPE_OV7740
    SENSOR_TYPE_AR0134
    SENSOR_TYPE_AR0135
    SENSOR_TYPE_OV9714
```

### 7.3.12 SensorMode

```
enum mynteyed::SensorMode
    SensorMode modes.

    Values:

    LEFT = 0
    RIGHT
    ALL
```

## 7.4 Types

### 7.4.1 Data

#### ImgInfo

```
struct ImgInfo
    Image information.
```

#### Public Members

```
std::uint16_t frame_id
    Image frame id.

    std::uint32_t timestamp
        Image timestamp.
```

```
std::uint16_t exposure_time  
    Image exposure time.
```

## ImuData

```
struct ImuData  
    Imu data.
```

### Public Members

```
std::uint8_t flag  
    Data type MYNTEYE_IMU_ACCEL: accelerometer MYNTEYE_IMU_GYRO: gyroscope.  
std::uint64_t timestamp  
    Imu gyroscope or accelerometer or frame timestamp.  
double temperature  
    temperature  
double accel[3]  
    Imu accelerometer data for 3-axis: X, Y, Z.  
double gyro[3]  
    Imu gyroscope data for 3-axis: X, Y, Z.
```

## StreamData

```
struct StreamData  
    Stream data.
```

### Public Members

```
std::shared_ptr<Image> img  
    Image data.  
std::shared_ptr<ImgInfo> img_info  
    Image information.
```

## MotionData

```
struct MotionData  
    Motion data.
```

### Public Members

```
std::shared_ptr<ImuData> imu  
    ImuData.
```

## 7.4.2 Calib

### CameraIntrinsics

#### **struct CameraIntrinsics**

*Camera* intrinsics: size, coeffs and camera matrix.

#### Public Members

##### std::uint16\_t **width**

The width of the image in pixels.

##### std::uint16\_t **height**

The height of the image in pixels.

##### double **fx**

The focal length of the image plane, as a multiple of pixel width.

##### double

The focal length of the image plane, as a multiple of pixel height.

##### double **cx**

The horizontal coordinate of the principal point of the image.

##### double **cy**

The vertical coordinate of the principal point of the image.

##### double **coeffs[5]**

The distortion coefficients: k1,k2,p1,p2,k3.

##### double **p[12]**

3x4 projection matrix in the (rectified) coordinate systems left: fx' cx' fy' cy' 1 right: fx' cx' tx fy' cy' 1

##### double **r[9]**

3x3 rectification transform (rotation matrix) for the left camera.

### StreamIntrinsics

#### **struct StreamIntrinsics**

*Camera* intrinsics: size, coeffs and camera matrix.

### ImuIntrinsics

#### **struct ImuIntrinsics**

IMU intrinsics: scale, drift and variances.

#### Public Members

##### double **scale[3][3]**

Scale matrix.

Scale X	cross axis	cross axis
cross axis	Scale Y	cross axis
cross axis	cross axis	Scale Z

```
double assembly[3][3]
    Assembly error [3][3].
```

```
double noise[3]
    Noise density variances.
```

```
double bias[3]
    Random walk variances.
```

```
double x[2]
    Temperature drift.
```

0	- Constant value
1	- Slope

## MotionIntrinsics

### **struct MotionIntrinsics**

Motion intrinsics, including accelerometer and gyroscope.

#### Public Members

```
ImuIntrinsics accel
    Accelerometer intrinsics.
```

```
ImuIntrinsics gyro
    Gyroscope intrinsics.
```

## Extrinsics

### **struct Extrinsics**

*Extrinsics*, represent how the different datas are connected.

#### Public Functions

```
Extrinsics Inverse() const
    Inverse this extrinsics.
```

**Return** the inversed extrinsics.

#### Public Members

```
double rotation[3][3]
    Rotation matrix left camera to right camera.
```

```
double translation[3]
    Translation vector left camera to right camera.
```

## 7.5 Utils

### 7.5.1 select

```
bool mynteyed::util::select(const Camera &cam, DeviceInfo *info)
```

### 7.5.2 print\_stream\_infos

```
void mynteyed::util::print_stream_infos(const Camera &cam, const std::int32_t &dev_index)
```

### 7.5.3 is\_right\_color\_supported

```
bool mynteyed::util::is_right_color_supported(const StreamMode &mode)
```



## ANDROID API DOCS

### 8.1 USBMonitor

#### 8.1.1 Register listener

```
public void register()
```

#### 8.1.2 Logout listener

```
public void unregister()
```

#### 8.1.3 Release listener

```
public void destroy()
```

### 8.2 MYNTCamera

#### 8.2.1 Whethor camera is connected or not.

```
public boolean isConnected()
```

#### 8.2.2 Whether preview function is started or not .

```
public boolean isStart()
```

#### 8.2.3 Whethor camera is opened or not.

```
public boolean isOpen()
```

#### 8.2.4 Whether the version of phone device's USB interface is UBS 3.0 or not.

```
public boolean getIsUSB3()
```

#### 8.2.5 Whether IMU is supported or not.

```
public boolean isIMUSupported()
```

#### 8.2.6 Get device's serial number .

```
public String getSerialNumber()
```

#### 8.2.7 Get device's name.

```
public String getName()
```

#### 8.2.8 Get device's type.

```
public int getCameraType()
```

#### 8.2.9 Set callback of camera's connection

```
public void setCameraListener(ICameraListener callback)
```

#### 8.2.10 Set callback of IMU info (device with IMU)

```
public void setImuCallback(IIMUCallback callback)
```

#### 8.2.11 Set callback of image info

```
public void setFrameCallback(IFrameCallback callback)
```

#### 8.2.12 Connect camera

```
public void connect()
```

#### 8.2.13 Open camera.

```
public int open()
```

#### 8.2.14 Close camera

```
public void close()
```

#### 8.2.15 Start to previewIMU / VIDEO / ALL

```
public boolean start(Source source, Frame frame)
```

#### 8.2.16 Release camera

```
public void destroy()
```

#### 8.2.17 Set the depth of camera 8bit / 11bit

```
public void setDepthType(short depthType)
```

#### 8.2.18 Get the type of camera's depth.

```
public short getDepthType()
```

#### 8.2.19 Set preview resolution 480 / 720.

```
public void setPreviewSize(int height)
```

#### 8.2.20 Get width of preview resolution .

```
public int getPreviewWidth()
```

#### 8.2.21 Get height of preview resolution.

```
public int getPreviewHeight()
```

#### 8.2.22 Get Surface for preview

```
public void setPreviewDisplay(Surface surface, Frame frame)
```

## 8.2.23 Get UVC FPS

```
public double getUVCFPS(Frame frame)
```

## 8.2.24 Get preview FPS

```
public double getPreviewFPS(Frame frame)
```

## 8.2.25 Get internal parameters of the camera

```
public RectifyLogData getRectifyLogData()
```

## 8.2.26 Whether IR is supported or not .

```
public boolean isIRSupported()
```

## 8.2.27 Set value of IR

```
public int setIRCurrentValue(int value)
```

## 8.2.28 Set the color mode of preview .

```
public void setColorMode(ColorFrame colorFrame)
```

## 8.2.29 Get current color data of camera.

```
public FrameData getColorFrameData()
```

## 8.2.30 Get current depth data of camera.

```
public FrameData getDepthFrameData()
```

## 8.2.31 Get current IR value.

```
public int getIRCurrentValue()
```

## 8.2.32 Get min value which IR support.

```
public int getIRMinValue()
```

### 8.2.33 Get max value which IR support.

```
public int getIRMaxValue()
```

### 8.2.34 Convert the subscript corresponding to pixel points into distance information (unit mm)

```
public int getDistanceValue(int index)
```

### 8.2.35 Whether AE is enable or not.

```
public boolean getAESTatusEnabled()
```

### 8.2.36 Enable AE function.

```
public void setEnableAE()
```

### 8.2.37 Disable AE function.

```
public void setDisableAE()
```

### 8.2.38 Whether AWB is enable or not.

```
public boolean getAWBStatusEnabled()
```

### 8.2.39 Enable AWB function.

```
public void setEnableAWB()
```

### 8.2.40 Disable AWB function.

```
public void setDisableAWB()
```

### 8.2.41 Enable or disable to display frame fps.

```
public void setEnableFrameFPS(boolean enable, int camera_switch)
```

### 8.2.42 Sava point cloud data within the distance.

```
public void savePointCloud(final FrameData colorFrameData,
                           final FrameData depthFrameData,
                           final String filePath,
                           Boolean hasColor,
                           int distance)
```

## 8.3 ImuData Device with Imu

### 8.3.1 Data Type

```
/*
 * Data type
 *
 * 1: accelerometer
 * 2: gyroscope
 *
 */
public int flag;
```

### 8.3.2 Timestamp

```
public long timestamp;
```

### 8.3.3 Temperature

```
public double temperature;
```

### 8.3.4 Data

```
/**
 * Imu accelerometer data for 3-axis: X, Y, Z.
 * Imu gyroscope data for 3-axis: X, Y, Z.
 *
 */
public double value[];
```

## 8.4 FrameData

### 8.4.1 Data type

```
/**  
 *  
 * FrameData.COLOR  
 * FrameData.DEPTH  
 *  
 * */  
public int flag;
```

#### 8.4.2 TimeStamp

```
public int frameId;
```

#### 8.4.3 Image width

```
public int width;
```

#### 8.4.4 Image height

```
public int height;
```

#### 8.4.5 Color frame typeLeft / Left && Right

```
public ColorFrame colorMode;
```

#### 8.4.6 Frame format

```
/**  
 * MYNTCamera.FRAME_FORMAT_YUYV  
 * MYNTCamera.FRAME_FORMAT_MJPEG  
 * MYNTCamera.PIXEL_FORMAT_RGBX  
 *  
 * */  
public int type;
```

#### 8.4.7 Depth image type

```
/**  
 * MYNTCamera.DEPTH_DATA_11_BITS  
 * MYNTCamera.DEPTH_DATA_8_BITS  
 *  
 * */  
public int depthType;
```

#### 8.4.8 Get bitmap

```
public Bitmap convert2Bitmap(byte[] bytes, int width, int height)
```

#### 8.4.9 Get data from left camera

```
public byte[] getLeftBytes()
```

#### 8.4.10 Get data from right camera

```
public byte[] getRightBytes()
```

#### 8.4.11 Get distance arrayonly the flag is “DEPTH”

```
public int[] getDistanceInts()
```

#### 8.4.12 Get distance arrayonly the flag is “DEPTH”

```
/**  
 * get distance tableint  
 *  
 * @param max Max(mm), if more than max, go to be 0.  
 *  
 * */  
public int[] getDistanceInts(int max)
```

#### 8.4.13 Get distance arrayonly the flag is “DEPTH”

```
/**  
 * get distance tableint  
 *  
 * @param min Min(mm)  
 * @param max Max(mm), if more than max, go to be 0.  
 *  
 * */  
public int[] getDistanceInts(int min, int max)
```

#### 8.4.14 Get distance arrayonly the flag is “DEPTH”

```
public byte[] getDistanceShorts()
```

#### 8.4.15 Get distance arrayonly the flag is “DEPTH”

```
/**  
 * get distance tableint  
 *  
 * @param max Max(mm), if more than max, go to be 0.  
 *  
 * */  
public byte[] getDistanceShorts(int max)
```

#### 8.4.16 Get distance arrayonly the flag is “DEPTH”

```
/**  
 * get distance tableint  
 *  
 * @param min Min(mm)  
 * @param max Max(mm), if more than max, go to be 0.  
 *  
 * */  
public byte[] getDistanceShorts(int min, int max)
```

#### 8.4.17 Get distanceonly the flag is “DEPTH”

```
public int getDistanceValue(int index)
```

#### 8.4.18 Get distanceonly the flag is “DEPTH”

```
public int getDistanceValue(int x, int y)
```



---

**CHAPTER  
NINE**

---

## **TECHNICAL SUPPORT**

### **9.1 FAQ**

If you have problems using MYNT EYE, please first check the following docs. <http://support.myntai.com/hc/>

### **9.2 Contact Us**

If you continue to encounter problems, please contact customer service. <http://support.myntai.com/hc/request/new/>



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