
linalg

Release 1.0.4

Jun 24, 2019

Contents

1 Indices and tables	5
Python Module Index	7
Index	9

Welcome! This is the documentation for linalg, a simple python package for linear algebra. Main functions and classes

class `linalg.Matrix(mat, valid=False)`

Implements Matrices.

T() → `linalg.types.Matrix`

computes the transpose of self implemented as an alias of `linalg.unary.transpose`

Returns transposed matrix

Return type `Matrix`

det() → float

computes the determinant for self. implemented as an alias of `linalg.unary.det`

Returns the determinant for mat

Return type float

inv() → `linalg.types.Matrix`

returns the inverse matrix of mat implemented as an alias of `linalg.unary.inverse`

Parameters `mat (Matrix)` – the matrix to invert

Returns the inverse matrix of mat

Return type `Matrix`

inverse() → `linalg.types.Matrix`

returns the inverse matrix of mat implemented as an alias of `linalg.unary.inverse`

Parameters `mat (Matrix)` – the matrix to invert

Returns the inverse matrix of mat

Return type `Matrix`

transpose() → `linalg.types.Matrix`

computes the transpose of self implemented as an alias of `linalg.unary.transpose`

Returns transposed matrix

Return type `Matrix`

`linalg.zeros(i: int, j: int) → linalg.types.Matrix`

creates an i by j zero matrix

Parameters

- `i (int)` – number of columns
- `j (int)` – number of rows

Returns an i by j matrix filled with zeroes

Return type `Matrix`

`linalg.identity(n: int) → linalg.types.Matrix`

generates an n by n identity matrix

Parameters `n (int)` – number of rows/columns

Returns n by b identity matrix

Return type `Matrix`

`linalg.random_matrix(dim: tuple, rng: tuple, use_float: bool = False) → linalg.types.Matrix`
generates a random matrix

Parameters

- `dim (tuple)` – dimensions of matrix
- `rng (tuple)` – range of randomized elements
- `float (bool)` – whether to use floats for elements (default False)

Returns randomized matrix of specified size and range

Return type `Matrix`

`linalg.lu(mat: linalg.types.Matrix) -> (<class 'linalg.types.Matrix'>, <class 'linalg.types.Matrix'>, <class 'linalg.types.Matrix'>, <class 'int'>)`
implements LUP decomposition

Returns returns a tuple with L, U, and P

Return type `Matrix, Matrix, Matrix, int`

`linalg.linsolve(mat: linalg.types.Matrix, b: linalg.types.Matrix) → linalg.types.Matrix`
solve a system of linear equations using LU decomposition

Parameters

- `mat (Matrix)` – system of linear equations
- `b (Matrix)` – column vector to solve for

Returns the solution

Return type `Matrix`

`linalg.pivotize(mat: linalg.types.Matrix) -> (<class 'linalg.types.Matrix'>, <class 'int'>)`
creates the pivoting matrix for mat

Parameters `mat (Matrix)` – the matrix to perform the operation on

Returns the pivoting matrix for self and the number of permutations

Return type `Matrix, int`

`linalg.inverse(mat: linalg.types.Matrix) → linalg.types.Matrix`
returns the inverse matrix of mat

Parameters `mat (Matrix)` – the matrix to invert

Returns the inverse matrix of mat

Return type `Matrix`

`linalg.det(mat: linalg.types.Matrix) → float`
computes the determinant for a given matrix

Parameters `mat (Matrix)` – matrix to compute the determinant for

Returns the determinant for mat

Return type float

`linalg.transpose(mat: linalg.types.Matrix) → linalg.types.Matrix`
computes the transpose of a given matrix

Parameters `mat (Matrix)` – matrix to perform the operation on

Returns transposed matrix

Return type *Matrix*

`linalg.T(mat: linalg.types.Matrix) → linalg.types.Matrix`
computes the transpose of a given matrix

Parameters `mat` ([Matrix](#)) – matrix to perform the operation on

Returns transposed matrix

Return type *Matrix*

`linalg.inv(mat: linalg.types.Matrix) → linalg.types.Matrix`
returns the inverse matrix of mat

Parameters `mat` ([Matrix](#)) – the matrix to invert

Returns the inverse matrix of mat

Return type *Matrix*

`linalg.as_matrix(ls: list) → linalg.types.Matrix`
Parses the input 2D list into a Matrix. Convenience top-level function for `linalg.matrix.Matrix()`

Parameters `ls` (`list`) – list to convert into matrix

Returns Matrix representation of ls

Return type *Matrix*

`linalg.as_list(mat: linalg.types.Matrix) → list`
Returns the matrix as a vanilla 2D list.

Parameters `mat` ([Matrix](#)) – matrix to convert

Returns matrix as a 2d list

Return type list

CHAPTER 1

Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- search

Python Module Index

|

linalg, 1

A

`as_list()` (*in module linalg*), 3
`as_matrix()` (*in module linalg*), 3

D

`det()` (*in module linalg*), 2
`det()` (*linalg.Matrix method*), 1

I

`identity()` (*in module linalg*), 1
`inv()` (*in module linalg*), 3
`inv()` (*linalg.Matrix method*), 1
`inverse()` (*in module linalg*), 2
`inverse()` (*linalg.Matrix method*), 1

L

`linalg(module)`, 1
`linsolve()` (*in module linalg*), 2
`lu()` (*in module linalg*), 2

M

`Matrix(class in linalg)`, 1

P

`pivotize()` (*in module linalg*), 2

R

`random_matrix()` (*in module linalg*), 1

T

`T()` (*in module linalg*), 3
`T()` (*linalg.Matrix method*), 1
`transpose()` (*in module linalg*), 2
`transpose()` (*linalg.Matrix method*), 1

Z

`zeroes()` (*in module linalg*), 1