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# lathe Documentation

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Basic machine learning tools for BYU CS478.



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## lathe

### Module Contents

`lathe.bar` (*title, data, xlabel, xticklabels, ylabel, file=None, figsize=None, xlim=None, ylim=None, colors=['b', 'g', 'r', 'c', 'm', 'y', 'k']*)

`lathe.plot` (*title, xdata, ydata, ylabel=None, file=None, figsize=None, xlim=None, ylim=None, colors=['b', 'g', 'r', 'c', 'm', 'y', 'k'], font\_size=16*)

`lathe.parse_args` (*parser=<function \_parse\_args>*)

Parse arguments from the command line.

**Parameters** `parser` (*function, optional*) – The argument parsing function to use.

**Returns** The parsed arguments.

**Return type** `argparse.Namespace`

**See also:**

- <https://docs.python.org/3.4/library/argparse.html#argparse.Namespace>

`lathe.load` (*file\_path, label\_size=0, encode\_nominal=True, one\_hot\_data=False, one\_hot\_targets=False, imputer=None, normalizer=None, shuffle=False*)

Load an ARFF file.

**Parameters**

- **file\_path** (*str*) – The path of the ARFF formatted file to load.

- **label\_size** (*int, optional*) – The number of labels (outputs) the dataset to load has.
- **encode\_nominal** (*bool, optional*) – Whether or not to encode nominal attributes as integers.
- **one\_hot\_data** (*bool, optional*) – Whether or not to use a one-hot encoder for nominal attributes in *data*. Defaults to whatever the value of *encode\_nominal* is.
- **one\_hot\_targets** (*bool, optional*) – Whether or not to use a one-hot encoder for nominal attributes in *targets*.
- **imputer** (*function, optional*) – A 1 arity function that accepts the dataset to impute missing values over. e.g: *sklearn.preprocessing.Imputer().fit\_transform*. Defaults to *None*.
- **normalizer** (*function, optional*) – A 1 arity function that accepts the data to be scaled as a parameter and returns the scaled data. e.g: *lathe.minmax\_scale*. Defaults to *None*.
- **shuffle** (*bool, optional*) – Whether or not to shuffle the *data*.

**Returns** Tuple containing (*attributes, data, targets*). Where *attributes* is a list of tuples containing (attribute\_name, attribute\_type), *data* are the features and *targets* are the expected output for the dataset.

**Return type** (list, *numpy.ndarray, numpy.ndarray*)

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**Note:** *targets* will be *None* unless *label\_size* >= 1.

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**See also:**

- <http://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.preprocessing.OneHotEncoder.html>
- <http://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.preprocessing.Imputer.html>
- <http://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/arff.html>

`lathe.shuffle` (*features, labels*)

`lathe.split` (*features, labels, percent*)

`lathe.k_fold` (*data, n\_splits, shuffle=False*)

`lathe.minmax_scale` (*data, axis=0*)

Transforms features by scaling *data* along *axis* between 0-1.

**Parameters**

- **data** (*np.ndarray*) – The data to scale.
- **axis** (*int*) – The axis to scale along.

**Returns** The scaled data.

**Return type** (*np.ndarray*)

`lathe.measure_error` (*predictions, targets, rtol=0, evaluator=<function mse>*)

`lathe.measure_accuracy` (*predictions, targets, rtol=0*)

`lathe.evaluate` (*data, targets, predict\_function, measure\_functions=None, rtol=0, progress=False, \*args*)



`lathe.get_continuous_index(attributes)`

`lathe.get_nominal_index(attributes)`

## Submodules

### lathe.checkpoint

`lathe.checkpoint.load(path)`

`lathe.checkpoint.save(path, checkpoint)`

### lathe.metrics

`lathe.metrics.mse(predictions, targets)`

`lathe.metrics.rmse(predictions, targets)`



## CHAPTER 2

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### requirements

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- `python2.7` or `python3.3+`
- `pip` (*optional*)



## CHAPTER 3

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### installation

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```
pip install lathe
```



## CHAPTER 4

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usage

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```
import lathe

args = lathe.parse_args()
attributes, data, targets = lathe.load(args.file, label_size=1)
```





## CHAPTER 5

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documentation

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<http://lathe.readthedocs.io>



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