
JSON:API ORM Documentation

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CHAPTER 1

JSON:API ORM

Quick and dirty ORM that maps JSON:API responses to object attributes.

- Free software: BSD license
- Documentation: <https://jsonapi-orm.readthedocs.io>.
- Requirements: Python 3.5+

1.1 How To

Use [Requests](#) or (if you are a masochist) Python's built-in `urllib` modules to make the request to your JSON:API service and from there pass the response to JSON:API ORM.

So, first install requests and this lib:

```
pip install requests
pip install jsonapi-orm
```

Switch to your Python code and use the magic!

```
import requests
from jsonapi_orm import response_to_obj

# list of items
r = requests.get('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/mislavcimpersak/jsonapi-orm/
↳master/tests/responses/example_list.json')
obj = response_to_obj(r.json())

print('LIST OF ITEMS:')
for item in obj.data:
    print(item.title)
    # author is defined as a relationship
```

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```
print(item.author.twitter)

# single item
r = requests.get('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/mislavcimpersak/jsonapi-orm/
↳master/tests/responses/example_single.json')
obj = response_to_obj(r.json())

print('SINGLE ITEM')
print(obj.data.title)
# author is defined as a relationship
print(obj.data.author.id)
print(obj.data.author.twitter)
```

1.2 Caveats

- Since Python object attribute names [have certain rules](#) like not starting with a number or not containing “-” char, all such attributes can be accessed using `.get()` method. Ie. `obj.data.author.get('first-name')`.
- If relationship is not described in more detail in the `included` part of the response matching fails silently.
- For now, this lib does not lazily follow relationship links or anything like that. You can of course make a new request to the given link and pass that response to JSON:API ORM.
- For now, there is no check if response is a valid JSON:API response. But you’ll probably get that you are trying to parse an invalid response when things start to break.
- And last, this lib requires Python 3.5 or newer.

1.2.1 Installation

Stable release

To install JSON:API ORM, run this command in your terminal:

```
$ pip install jsonapi-orm
```

This is the preferred method to install JSON:API ORM, as it will always install the most recent stable release.

If you don’t have `pip` installed, this [Python installation guide](#) can guide you through the process.

From sources

The sources for JSON:API ORM can be downloaded from the [Github repo](#).

You can either clone the public repository:

```
$ git clone git://github.com/mislavcimpersak/jsonapi-orm
```

Or download the [tarball](#):

```
$ curl -OL https://github.com/mislavcimpersak/jsonapi-orm/tarball/master
```

Once you have a copy of the source, you can install it with:

```
$ python setup.py install
```

1.2.2 jsonapi_orm

jsonapi_orm package

Submodules

jsonapi_orm.jsonapi_orm module

Main module.

`jsonapi_orm.jsonapi_orm.mapped_included` (*inc: dict*) → dict

Makes included more easily searchable by creating a dict that has (type,id) pair as key.

Also, returned value for the key can be used for relationships node.

ie. {

```
    ('people', '12'): { 'id': '12', 'type': 'people', 'attributes': {
                        'name': 'John'
```

```
    }
    }, ('tag', '11'): {
```

```
        ...
    }
```

```
}
```

`jsonapi_orm.jsonapi_orm.resolve` (*response: dict*) → dict

`jsonapi_orm.jsonapi_orm.resolve_single_data_item` (*data: dict*) → dict

`jsonapi_orm.jsonapi_orm.response_to_obj` (*response: dict*) → munch.Munch

Module contents

Top-level package for JSON:API ORM.

1.2.3 Contributing

Contributions are welcome, and they are greatly appreciated! Every little bit helps, and credit will always be given.

You can contribute in many ways:

Types of Contributions

Report Bugs

Report bugs at <https://github.com/mislavcimpersak/jsonapi-orm/issues>.

If you are reporting a bug, please include:

- Your operating system name and version.
- Any details about your local setup that might be helpful in troubleshooting.
- Detailed steps to reproduce the bug.

Fix Bugs

Look through the GitHub issues for bugs. Anything tagged with “bug” and “help wanted” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

Implement Features

Look through the GitHub issues for features. Anything tagged with “enhancement” and “help wanted” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

Write Documentation

JSON:API ORM could always use more documentation, whether as part of the official JSON:API ORM docs, in docstrings, or even on the web in blog posts, articles, and such.

Submit Feedback

The best way to send feedback is to file an issue at <https://github.com/mislavcimpersak/jsonapi-orm/issues>.

If you are proposing a feature:

- Explain in detail how it would work.
- Keep the scope as narrow as possible, to make it easier to implement.
- Remember that this is a volunteer-driven project, and that contributions are welcome :)

Get Started!

Ready to contribute? Here’s how to set up *jsonapi-orm* for local development.

1. Fork the *jsonapi-orm* repo on GitHub.
2. Clone your fork locally:

```
$ git clone git@github.com:your_name_here/jsonapi-orm.git
```

3. Install your local copy into a virtualenv. Assuming you have virtualenvwrapper installed, this is how you set up your fork for local development:

```
$ mkvirtualenv jsonapi-orm
$ cd jsonapi-orm/
$ python setup.py develop
```

4. Create a branch for local development:


```
$ git checkout -b name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

Now you can make your changes locally.

5. When you're done making changes, check that your changes pass flake8 and the tests, including testing other Python versions with tox:

```
$ flake8 jsonapi_orm tests
$ python setup.py test or py.test
$ tox
```

To get flake8 and tox, just pip install them into your virtualenv.

6. Commit your changes and push your branch to GitHub:

```
$ git add .
$ git commit -m "Your detailed description of your changes."
$ git push origin name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

7. Submit a pull request through the GitHub website.

Pull Request Guidelines

Before you submit a pull request, check that it meets these guidelines:

1. The pull request should include tests.
2. If the pull request adds functionality, the docs should be updated. Put your new functionality into a function with a docstring, and add the feature to the list in README.rst.
3. The pull request should work for Python 2.7, 3.4, 3.5 and 3.6, and for PyPy. Check https://travis-ci.org/mislavcimpersak/jsonapi-orm/pull_requests and make sure that the tests pass for all supported Python versions.

Tips

To run a subset of tests:

```
$ py.test tests.test_jsonapi_orm
```

Deploying

A reminder for the maintainers on how to deploy. Make sure all your changes are committed (including an entry in HISTORY.rst). Then run:

```
$ bumpversion patch # possible: major / minor / patch
$ git push
$ git push --tags
```

Travis will then deploy to PyPI if tests pass.

1.2.4 History

0.1.8 (2018-04-06)

- Added test config and basic tests.

0.1.7 (2018-03-25)

- Using readme.rst for frontpage of the docs.

0.1.7 (2018-03-25)

- Fixed pip install.

0.1.6 (2018-03-25)

- Readme fix for pypi.

0.1.5 (2018-03-25)

- Readme fix for pypi.

0.1.4 (2018-03-25)

- Readme examples using slightly modified examples from jsonapi.org which are located in this repo.

0.1.3 (2018-03-25)

- Fixed a bug when child data is non-existent.

0.1.2 (2018-03-25)

- Fixed a bug when included is not present in response.

0.1.0 (2018-03-24)

- First release on PyPI.

CHAPTER 2

Indices and tables

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`resolve_single_data_item()` (in module `jsonapi_orm.jsonapi_orm`), [3](#)

`response_to_obj()` (in module `jsonapi_orm.jsonapi_orm`), [3](#)