
HDMI Source/Sink Modules Documentation

Release 0.0.1

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Mar 03, 2017

Contents

1	Requirements	3
2	Getting Started	5
3	Running Tests	7
4	Using Models	9
4.1	API Documentation	10
	Python Module Index	19

Implementation of HDMI Source/Sink Modules in MyHDL (<http://www.myhdl.org/>). Xilinx application notes [xapp460](#) and [xapp495](#) were used as reference.

CHAPTER 1

Requirements

- Python 3.5
- MyHDL 1.0.dev0

CHAPTER 2

Getting Started

Clone this repository to get started.

```
git clone https://github.com/srivatsan-ramesh/HDMI-Source-Sink-Modules.git
```

The project requires MyHDL version 1.0dev. The version has not been released (yet) and needs to be installed manually.

```
cd HDMI-Source-Sink-Modules/  
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

After the dependencies have been installed, install the project.

```
python setup.py install
```


CHAPTER 3

Running Tests

The tests can be run using pytest.

```
cd tests/  
py.test
```


CHAPTER 4

Using Models

HDMI Source/Sink Models are non-convertible modules which can be used to simulate the behaviour of HDMI Source/Sink Modules. To initialize the interfaces -

```
# Interfaces for Tx Model

video_interface_tx = VideoInterface(clock)
aux_interface_tx = AuxInterface(clock)
hdmi_interface_tx = HDMIInterface(clock10x)

# Interfaces for Rx Model

video_interface_rx = VideoInterface(clock)
aux_interface_rx = AuxInterface(clock)
hdmi_interface_rx = HDMIInterface(clock10x)
```

Here the two signals clock signals are driven by the clock_driver() block.

```
driver = clock_driver(clock)
```

The 'clock10x' signal should have a frequency 10 times that of clock signal.

The models can be initialized as -

```
hdmi_tx_model = HDMITxModel(clock, reset,
                             video_interface_tx, aux_interface_tx, hdmi_interface_tx)
hdmi_rx_model = HDMIRxModel(video_interface_rx, aux_interface_rx, hdmi_interface_rx)
```

To simulate their process make use of the process() block of the models.

```
hdmi_tx_inst = hdmi_tx_model.process()
hdmi_rx_inst = hdmi_rx_model.process()
```

Contents:

API Documentation

Interfaces

class `hdmi.interfaces.aux_interface.AuxInterface` (*clock*, *aux_depth*=(4, 4, 4))

disable_aux()
Makes the ADE signal 0

enable_aux()
Makes the ADE signal 1

get_ade()
Returns ADE signal value
Return type int

get_aux_data()
Returns A list of aux signal values
Return type list

read_aux()

write_aux(*aux0*, *aux1*, *aux2*)
Transactor for passing signals to audio interface

Parameters

- **aux0** – The auxiliary data(usually audio data)
- **aux1** – The auxiliary data(usually audio data)
- **aux2** – The auxiliary data(usually audio data)

Example

```
# Values passed should be non negative integers less than 2**aux_depth[i]
yield aux_interface.write_aux(2, 2, 2)
```

class `hdmi.interfaces.video_interface.VideoInterface` (*clock*, *resolution*=(640, 480),
color_depth=(8, 8, 8))

disable_video()
Makes the VDE signal 0

enable_video()
Makes the VDE signal 1

get_pixel()
Returns pixel values R, G, B
Return type list

get_vde()
Returns the VDE signal value
Return type int

read_pixel()

reset_cursor()

Resets the horizontal and vertical counters to 0.

write_pixel(pixel)

Write transactor for passing signals to video interface

Parameters pixel – The pixel value is a tuple (R, G, B)

Example

```
# Values passed should be non negative integers less than 2**color_depth[i]
video_interface.write_pixel(3, 4, 5)
```

class `hdmi.interfaces.hdmi_interface.HDMIInterface` (*clock10x*)

get_TMDS_data()

read_data()

write_data(TMDS_R, TMDS_G, TMDS_B, TMDS_CLK)

Write transactor for passing signals to external HDMI interface

Parameters

- **TMDS_R** – Serialized TMDS encoded video data
- **TMDS_G** – Serialized TMDS encoded video data
- **TMDS_B** – Serialized TMDS encoded video data
- **TMDS_CLK** – Clock used by the sink to recover data

Example

```
# The values passed should be 1(or True) or 0(or False).
yield hdmi_interface.write_data(0, 0, 0, 0)
```

HDMI Models

class `hdmi.models.encoder_model.EncoderModel` (*clock, reset, video_in, audio_in, c0, c1, vde, ade, data_out, channel='BLUE'*)

A non convertible model to simulate the behaviour of a TMDS and TERC4 encoder.

Parameters

- **clock** – pixel clock as input
- **reset** – asynchronous reset input (active high)
- **video_in** – video input of a single channel
- **audio_in** – audio input
- **c0** – used to determine preamble
- **c1** – used to determine preamble

- **vde** – video data enable
- **ade** – audio data enable
- **data_out** – 10 bit parallel output
- **channel** – Indicates ‘RED’, ‘GREEN’ or ‘BLUE’ channel

Example

```
encoder_model = EncoderModel(*params)
process_inst = encoder_model.process()
process_inst.run_sim()
```

process = <myhdl_block_bound_function_wrapper object>

```
class hdmi.models.decoder_model.DecoderModel (clock,          data_in,          video_preamble,
                                              data_island_preamble, c0, c1, vde, ade,
                                              video_out, audio_out, channel='BLUE')
```

A non-convertible HDMI Decoder Model which decodes the TMDS data and outputs the video and aux data. This is modelled after the xapp495 decoder module.

Parameters

- **clock** – The system clock or the pixel clock
- **data_in** – The TMDS data (10 bits width) to be decoded
- **video_preamble** – signal to detect the video preamble in the input data
- **data_island_preamble** – signal to detect the data island preamble in the input data
- **c0** – Control signal (hsync for Blue channel)
- **c1** – Control signal (vsync for Blue channel)
- **vde** – Video Data enable
- **ade** – Audio data enable
- **video_out** – Output video data
- **audio_out** – Output audio (or aux) data.
- **channel** – Color of the channel (‘RED’, ‘GREEN’ or ‘BLUE’). Default value is ‘BLUE’

Example

```
decoder_model = DecoderModel(*params)
process_inst = decoder_model.process()
process_inst.run_sim()
```

process = <myhdl_block_bound_function_wrapper object>

write_data (*data_in*)

Writes the given data onto the input data signal

Parameters **data_in** – 10 bit intbv value(or a 10 bit integer)

class `hdmi.models.hdmi_tx_model.HDMITxModel` (*clock, reset, video_interface, aux_interface, hdmi_interface*)

A non-convertible HDMI Transmitter Model which encodes the input video and AUX data and transmits it. This is modelled after the xapp495 HDMI Tx module.

Parameters

- **clock** – System clock or the pixel clock
- **reset** – Reset signal
- **video_interface** – An instance of the VideoInterface class
- **aux_interface** – An instance of the AUXInterface class
- **hdmi_interface** – An instance of the HDMIInterface class

Example

```
hdmi_tx_model = HDMITxModel(*params)
process_inst = hdmi_tx_model.process()
process_inst.run_sim()
```

process = <myhdl.block._bound_function_wrapper object>

class `hdmi.models.hdmi_rx_model.HDMIRxModel` (*video_interface, aux_interface, hdmi_interface*)

A non-convertible HDMI Transmitter Model which encodes the input video and AUX data and transmits it. This is modelled after the xapp495 HDMI Tx module.

Parameters

- **video_interface** – An instance of the VideoInterface class
- **aux_interface** – An instance of the AUXInterface class
- **hdmi_interface** – An instance of the HDMIInterface class

Example

```
hdmi_rx_model = HDMIRxModel(*params)
process_inst = hdmi_rx_model.process()
process_inst.run_sim()
```

process = <myhdl.block._bound_function_wrapper object>

HDMI Transmitter

`hdmi.cores.transmitter.hdmi_encoder.hdmi_encoder`

This block implements the HDMI encoder module modelled after the xapp 495 application notes.

Parameters

- **p_clock** – The pixel clock
- **p_clockx2** – The clock with twice the frequency of the pixel clock
- **p_clockx10** – The clock with ten times the frequency of the pixel clock
- **reset** – An asynchronous reset signal

- **serdes_strobe** – Serdes strobe for serdes blocks
- **video_interface** – An instance of VideoInterface
- **aux_interface** – An instance of AuxInterface
- **hdmi_interface** – An instance of HDMIInterface

Returns A list of myhdl instances.

Return type myhdl.instances()

`hdmi.cores.transmitter.encode.encode`

This module performs the TMDS encoding logic of a hdmi encoder for a particular channel. It is modelled after the xilinx application notes xapp460 and xapp495.

Parameters

- **clock** – The pixel clock
- **reset** – An asynchronous reset signal
- **video_in** – input video data
- **audio_in** – input audio data
- **c0** – control signal (hsync for BLUE channel)
- **c1** – control signal (vsync for BLUE channel)
- **vde** – video data enable
- **ade** – auxiliary data enable
- **data_out** – output encoded 10 bit data
- **channel** – The color of the channel (Default: BLUE)

Returns A list of myhdl instances.

Return type myhdl.instances()

`hdmi.cores.transmitter.convert_30_to_15.convert_30_to_15`

The block converts the 30-bit data into 15-bit data.

Parameters

- **reset** – The reset signal
- **clock** – The pixel clock
- **clockx2** – The clock with twice the frequency of pixel clock
- **data_in** – The input 30-bit data
- **tmads_data2** – 5 bits of the output data (output[15:10])
- **tmads_data1** – 5 bits of the output data (output[10:5])
- **tmads_data0** – 5 bits of the output data (output[5:0])

Returns A list of myhdl instances.

Return type myhdl.instances()

`hdmi.cores.transmitter.serdes_n_to_1.serdes_n_to_1`

The block converts the n-bit parallel data into a serial data. This block will be replaced with the xilinx primitive OSERDES2 during conversion.

Parameters

- **io_clock** – The clock used in the output side (For serial data)
- **serdes_strobe** – The signal is used in the xilinx primitive
- **reset** – The reset signal
- **g_clock** – Clock on the input side (For the parallel data)
- **data_in** – The input parallel data n-bit
- **iob_data_out** – Output serial data
- **factor** – width of the input data

Returns A list of myhdl instances.

Return type myhdl.instances()

HDMI Receiver

`hdmi.cores.receiver.hdmi_decoder.hdmi_decoder`

This block implements the HDMI decoder module modelled after the xapp 495 application notes.

Parameters

- **ext_reset** – An external reset signal
- **hdmi_interface** – An instance of HDMIInterface
- **video_interface** – An instance of VideoInterface
- **aux_interface** – An instance of AuxInterface

Returns A list of myhdl instances.

Return type myhdl.instances()

`hdmi.cores.receiver.decode.decode`

This module performs the decoding logic of a hdmi decoder for a particular channel. It is modelled after the xilinx application notes xapp460 and xapp495.

Parameters

- **reset** – An asynchronous reset signal that resets the output.
- **p_clock** – The pixel clock
- **p_clockx2** – Clock with twice the frequency of pixel clock
- **p_clockx10** – Clock with ten times the frequency of pixel clock
- **serdes_strobe** – The signal used in serdes block
- **data_in_p** – Differential signal input
- **data_in_n** – Differential signal input
- **other_ch0_valid** – Denotes the validity of other channel data
- **other_ch1_valid** – Denotes the validity of other channel data
- **other_ch0_ready** – Denotes the readiness of other channel data
- **other_ch1_ready** – Denotes the readiness of other channel data
- **video_preamble** – Denotes the video preamble region of the input data
- **data_island_preamble** – Denotes the data island preamble region of the input data

- **i_am_ready** – Denotes the readiness of this channel data
- **i_am_valid** – Denotes the validity of this channel data
- **phase_align_err** – Becomes True when there is an error in aligning the phase
- **c0** – Control signal (hsync in BLUE channel)
- **c1** – Control signal (vsync in BLUE channel)
- **vde** – Video data enable
- **ade** – Auxiliary data enable
- **s_data_out** – The raw 10 bit data obtained from TMDS channels
- **video_out** – The decoded video data
- **audio_out** – The decoded audio data
- **channel** – The color of the channel (Default: BLUE)

Returns A list of myhdl instances.

Return type myhdl.instances()

`hdmi.cores.receiver.phase_aligner.phase_aligner`

This implements the phase alignment logic modelled after the phase aligner module from xapp495 application notes.

Parameters

- **reset** – reset signal
- **clock** – pixel clock
- **s_data** – the 10-bit TMDS data
- **bit_slip** – An input signal
- **flip_gear** – An input signal
- **phase_aligned** – denotes whether the phase is aligned

Returns A list of myhdl instances.

Return type myhdl.instances()

`hdmi.cores.receiver.channel_bonding.channel_bonding`

This module implements the channel bonding logic and TMDS channel de-skew logic. It is modelled after the xapp495 channel_bonding module

Parameters

- **clock** – The global clock or the pixel clock
- **raw_data** – The 10 bit raw data obtained by de-serializing the TMDS data
- **i_am_valid** – A signal used to denote the validity of this channel
- **other_ch0_valid** – A signal used to denote the validity of other channel
- **other_ch1_valid** – A signal used to denote the validity of other channel
- **other_ch0_ready** – A signal used to denote the readiness of other channel
- **other_ch1_ready** – A signal used to denote the readiness of other channel
- **i_am_ready** – A signal used to denote the readiness of this channel

- **s_data** – The 10-bit output data after channel de-skew

Returns A list of myhdl instances.

Return type myhdl.instances()

`hdmi.cores.receiver.serdes_1_to_5.serdes_1_to_5`

The block converts the serial data into a 5 bit parallel data. This block will be replaced with the xilinx primitives IODELAY2 and ISERDES2 during conversion.

Parameters

- **use_phase_detector** – The signal is used by the xilinx primitive
- **data_in_p** – The input differential data
- **data_in_n** – The input differential data
- **rx_io_clock** – The clock from the input side (serial data)
- **rx_serdes_strobe** – The signal is used by the xilinx primitive
- **reset** – The signal is used by the xilinx primitive
- **g_clock** – The clock on the output side (parallel data)
- **bit_slip** – The signal is used by the xilinx primitive
- **data_out** – The output parallel data (5-bit)
- **diff_term** – The parameter is used by the xilinx primitive
- **bit_slip_enable** – The parameter is used by the xilinx primitive
- **sim_tap_delay** – The parameter is used by the xilinx primitive

Returns A list of myhdl instances.

Return type myhdl.instances()

h

- `hdmi.cores.receiver.channel_bonding`, [16](#)
- `hdmi.cores.receiver.decode`, [15](#)
- `hdmi.cores.receiver.hdmi_decoder`, [15](#)
- `hdmi.cores.receiver.phase_aligner`, [16](#)
- `hdmi.cores.receiver.serdes_1_to_5`, [17](#)
- `hdmi.cores.transmitter.convert_30_to_15`,
[14](#)
- `hdmi.cores.transmitter.encode`, [14](#)
- `hdmi.cores.transmitter.hdmi_encoder`, [13](#)
- `hdmi.cores.transmitter.serdes_n_to_1`,
[14](#)
- `hdmi.interfaces.aux_interface`, [10](#)
- `hdmi.interfaces.hdmi_interface`, [11](#)
- `hdmi.interfaces.video_interface`, [10](#)
- `hdmi.models.decoder_model`, [12](#)
- `hdmi.models.encoder_model`, [11](#)
- `hdmi.models.hdmi_rx_model`, [13](#)
- `hdmi.models.hdmi_tx_model`, [12](#)

A

AuxInterface (class in hdmi.interfaces.aux_interface), 10

C

channel_bonding (in module hdmi.cores.receiver.channel_bonding), 16

convert_30_to_15 (in module hdmi.cores.transmitter.convert_30_to_15), 14

D

decode (in module hdmi.cores.receiver.decode), 15

DecoderModel (class in hdmi.models.decoder_model), 12

disable_aux() (hdmi.interfaces.aux_interface.AuxInterface method), 10

disable_video() (hdmi.interfaces.video_interface.VideoInterface method), 10

E

enable_aux() (hdmi.interfaces.aux_interface.AuxInterface method), 10

enable_video() (hdmi.interfaces.video_interface.VideoInterface method), 10

encode (in module hdmi.cores.transmitter.encode), 14

EncoderModel (class in hdmi.models.encoder_model), 11

G

get_ade() (hdmi.interfaces.aux_interface.AuxInterface method), 10

get_aux_data() (hdmi.interfaces.aux_interface.AuxInterface method), 10

get_pixel() (hdmi.interfaces.video_interface.VideoInterface method), 10

get_TMDS_data() (hdmi.interfaces.hdmi_interface.HDMIInterface method), 11

get_vde() (hdmi.interfaces.video_interface.VideoInterface method), 10

H

hdmi.cores.receiver.channel_bonding (module), 16

hdmi.cores.receiver.decode (module), 15

hdmi.cores.receiver.hdmi_decoder (module), 15

hdmi.cores.receiver.phase_aligner (module), 16

hdmi.cores.receiver.serdes_1_to_5 (module), 17

hdmi.cores.transmitter.convert_30_to_15 (module), 14

hdmi.cores.transmitter.encode (module), 14

hdmi.cores.transmitter.hdmi_encoder (module), 13

hdmi.cores.transmitter.serdes_n_to_1 (module), 14

hdmi.interfaces.aux_interface (module), 10

hdmi.interfaces.hdmi_interface (module), 11

hdmi.interfaces.video_interface (module), 10

hdmi.models.decoder_model (module), 12

hdmi.models.encoder_model (module), 11

hdmi.models.hdmi_rx_model (module), 13

hdmi.models.hdmi_tx_model (module), 12

hdmi_decoder (in module hdmi.cores.receiver.hdmi_decoder), 15

hdmi_encoder (in module hdmi.cores.transmitter.hdmi_encoder), 13

HDMIInterface (class in hdmi.interfaces.hdmi_interface), 11

HDMIRxModel (class in hdmi.models.hdmi_rx_model), 13

HDMITxModel (class in hdmi.models.hdmi_tx_model), 12

P

phase_aligner (in module hdmi.cores.receiver.phase_aligner), 16

process (hdmi.models.decoder_model.DecoderModel attribute), 12

process (hdmi.models.encoder_model.EncoderModel attribute), 12

process (hdmi.models.hdmi_rx_model.HDMIRxModel attribute), 13

process (hdmi.models.hdmi_tx_model.HDMITxModel attribute), 13

R

`read_aux()` (`hdmi.interfaces.aux_interface.AuxInterface` method), [10](#)
`read_data()` (`hdmi.interfaces.hdmi_interface.HDMIInterface` method), [11](#)
`read_pixel()` (`hdmi.interfaces.video_interface.VideoInterface` method), [11](#)
`reset_cursor()` (`hdmi.interfaces.video_interface.VideoInterface` method), [11](#)

S

`serdes_1_to_5` (in module `hdmi.cores.receiver.serdes_1_to_5`), [17](#)
`serdes_n_to_1` (in module `hdmi.cores.transmitter.serdes_n_to_1`), [14](#)

V

`VideoInterface` (class in `hdmi.interfaces.video_interface`), [10](#)

W

`write_aux()` (`hdmi.interfaces.aux_interface.AuxInterface` method), [10](#)
`write_data()` (`hdmi.interfaces.hdmi_interface.HDMIInterface` method), [11](#)
`write_data()` (`hdmi.models.decoder_model.DecoderModel` method), [12](#)
`write_pixel()` (`hdmi.interfaces.video_interface.VideoInterface` method), [11](#)