django-aggtrigg Documentation

Release 0.6.1

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Create triggers to do some aggregate and permit to count objects from database without using COUNT() aggregat. Detailed documentation is in the "docs" directory.

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Quick start

1. Add "django_aggtrigg" to your INSTALLED_APPS setting like this:

2. Import fields in your models:

```
from django_aggtrigg.models import IntegerTriggerField
from django_aggtrigg.models import FloatTriggerField
```

3. Configure your fields as is:

```
class Apple(models.Model):
    indice = IntegerTriggerField(default=0)
    indice.aggregate_trigger=['count','min']

mark = FloatTriggerField(default=0)
    mark.aggregate_trigger=['min']
```

By default only the *count* aggregat will be created.

4. Use the new manager on you Model

```
objects = AggTriggManager()
```

Manage triggers and related objects

To create the triggers in the database do:

python manage.py aggtrigg_create

Dropping triggers is easy as doing:

python manage.py aggtrigg_drop | psql -d DATABASE NAME

For safety reason the drop command just ouptput on stdout the SQL statements.

To initialize the aggregeate table, you can fill it by hand or do:

python manage.py aggtrigg_initialize

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Howto use the new aggregat

Instead of doing a COUNT as the traditionnal way:

Apple.objects.filter(indice=42).count()

you will do:

Apple.objects.optimized_count(indice=42)

This is may be less easy, but so much more efficient when you manipulate billions or tuples in your relations.

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What inside

The class **apple** was create in the app called **foo** so the default name of the table that contains data will be **foo_apple**, we use the tablename from the Model so if it's changed in **Meta** will still be compliant.

A new table **foo_apple__indice_agg** is created in the same database as **foo_apple**, it will contain the aggregat:

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4.1.1 Install

django-aggtrigg is open-source software, published under BSD license. See License for details.

If you want to install a development environment, you should go to *Contributing* documentation.

Prerequisites

• Python ¹ 2.7, 3.3 or 3.4. Other versions may work, but they are not part of the test suite at the moment.

As a library

In most cases, you will use *django-aggtrigg* as a dependency of another project. In such a case, you should add django-aggtrigg in your main project's requirements. Typically in setup.py:

```
#...
]
# ...
```

Then when you install your main project with your favorite package manager (like pip ²), *django-aggtrigg* will automatically be installed.

Standalone

You can install django-aggtrigg with your favorite Python package manager. As an example with pip 2:

```
pip install django-aggtrigg
```

Check

Check *django-aggtrigg* has been installed:

```
python -c "import django_aggtrigg;print(django_aggtrigg.__version__)"
```

You should get *django_aggtrigg*'s version.

References

4.1.2 About django-aggtrigg

This section is about the *django-aggtrig* project itself.

Vision

django-json-dbindex helps you integrate and use complex indexes within a Django project.

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² https://pypi.python.org/pypi/pip/

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Developers: https://github.com/novapost/django-aggtrigg/graphs/contributors

Notes & references

Changelog

This document describes changes between each past release. For information about future releases, check milestones ⁴ and *Vision*.

0.0.1 (2014-12-01)

Initial release.

• First release of diango-aggtrigg, compatibility with PostgreSQL only.

Notes & references

4.1.3 Contributing

This document provides guidelines for people who want to contribute to the django-aggtrigg project.

Create tickets

Please use django-aggtrigg bugtracker ⁵ **before** starting some work:

- check if the bug or feature request has already been filed. It may have been answered too!
- · else create a new ticket.
- if you plan to contribute, tell us, so that we are given an opportunity to give feedback as soon as possible.
- Then, in your commit messages, reference the ticket with some refs #TICKET-ID syntax.

4.1. Contents

³ http://www.people-doc.com

⁴ https://github.com/novapost/django-aggtrigg/milestones

⁵ https://github.com/novapost/django-aggtrigg/issues

Use topic branches

- · Work in branches.
- Please never push in master directly.
- Prefix your branch with one the following keyword feature/ when adding a new feature and fix/ when working on a fix. You can also add the ticket ID corresponding to the issue to be explicit.
- If you work in a development branch and want to refresh it with changes from master, please rebase ⁶ or mergebased rebase ⁷, i.e. do not merge master.

Fork, clone

Clone django-aggtrigg repository (adapt to use your own fork):

```
git clone git@github.com:novapost/django-aggtrigg.git
cd django-aggtrigg/
```

Usual actions

The *Makefile* is the reference card for usual actions in development environment:

- Install development toolkit with pip 8: make develop.
- Run tests with tox ⁹: make test.
- Build documentation: make documentation. It builds Sphinx ¹⁰ documentation in *var/docs/html/index.html*.
- Release *django-aggtrigg* project with zest.releaser ¹¹: make release.
- Cleanup local repository: make clean, make distclean and make maintainer-clean.

See also make help.

Notes & references

4.2 Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- search

⁶ http://git-scm.com/book/en/Git-Branching-Rebasing

⁷ http://tech.novapost.fr/psycho-rebasing-en.html

⁸ https://pypi.python.org/pypi/pip/

⁹ https://pypi.python.org/pypi/tox/

¹⁰ https://pypi.python.org/pypi/Sphinx/

¹¹ https://pypi.python.org/pypi/zest.releaser/