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# dclab Documentation

*Release 0.5.2*

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Dclab is a Python library for the post-measurement analysis of real-time deformability cytometry (RT-DC) data sets. This is the documentation of dclab version 0.5.2.



# CHAPTER 1

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## Getting started

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### 1.1 Installing dclab

Dclab depends on several other Python packages:

- `fcswrite` (.fcs file export),
- `h5py` (.rtdc file support).
- `imageio` (.tdms file support, .avi file export),
- `nptdms` (.tdms file support),
- `numpy`,
- `scipy`,
- `statsmodels`.

In addition, dclab contains code from `OpenCV` (computation of moments) and `scikit-image` (computation of contours) to reduce the list of dependencies (these libraries are not required to run dclab).

To install dclab, use one of the following methods (the above package dependencies will be installed automatically):

- **from PyPI:** `pip install dclab`
- **from sources:** `pip install .` or `python setup.py install`

Note that if you are installing from source or if no binary wheel is available for your platform and Python version, `Cython` will be installed to build the required dclab extensions. If this process fails, please request a binary wheel for your platform (e.g. Windows 64bit) and Python version (e.g. 3.6) by creating a new `issue`.

### 1.2 Basic usage

Experimental RT-DC datasets are always loaded with the `new_dataset` method:

```
import numpy as np
import dclab

# .tdms file format
ds = dclab.new_dataset("/path/to/measurement/Online/M1.tdms")
# .rtdc file format
ds = dclab.new_dataset("/path/to/measurement/M2.rtdc")
```

The object returned by `new_dataset` is always an instance of `RTDCBase`. To show all available features, use:

```
print(ds.features)
```

This will list all scalar features (e.g. “area\_um” and “deform”) and all non-scalar features (e.g. “contour” and “image”). Scalar features can be filtered by editing the configuration of `ds` and calling `ds.apply_filter()`:

```
# register filtering operations
amin, amax = ds["area_um"].min(), ds["area_um"].max()
ds.config["filtering"]["area_um min"] = (amax + amin) / 2
ds.config["filtering"]["area_um max"] = amax
ds.apply_filter() # this step is important!
```

This will update the binary array `ds.filter.all` which can be used to extract the filtered data:

```
area_um_filtered = ds["area_um"][ds.filter.all]
```

It is also possible to create a hierarchy child of this dataset that only contains the filtered data.

```
ds_child = dclab.new_dataset(ds)
```

The hierarchy child `ds_child` is dynamic, i.e. when the filters in `ds` change, then `ds_child` also changes after calling `ds_child.apply_filter()`.

Non-scalar features do not support fancy indexing (i.e. `ds["image"][[ds.filter.all]]` will not work). Use a for-loop to extract them.

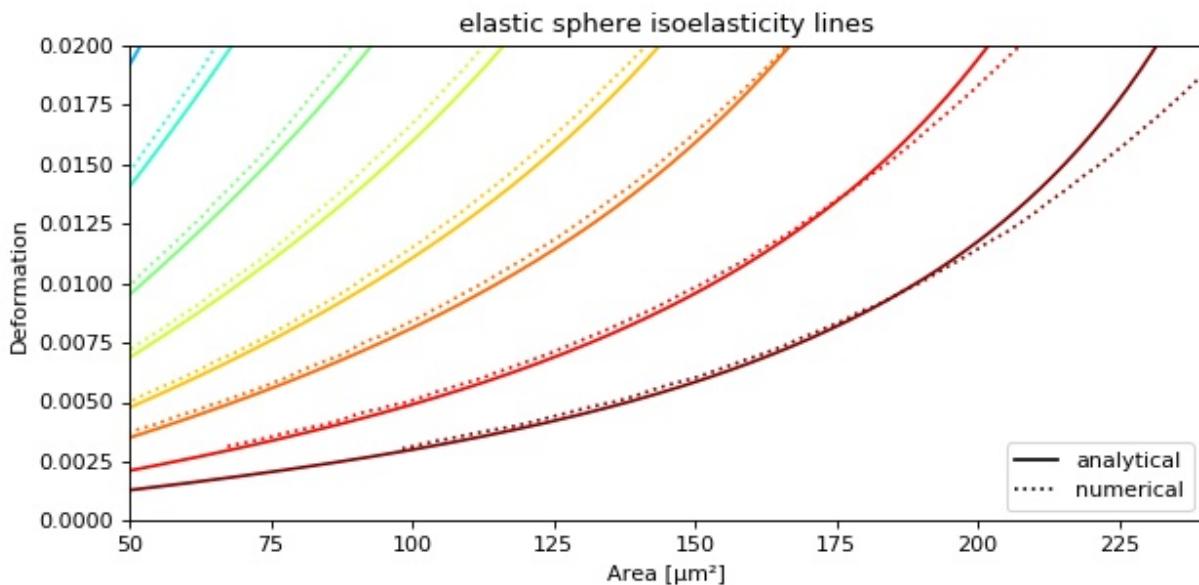
```
for ii in range(len(ds)):
    image = ds["image"][ii]
    mask = ds["mask"][ii]
    # this is equivalent to ds["bright_avg"][ii]
    bright_avg = np.mean(image[mask])
    print("average brightness of event {}: {:.1f}".format(ii, bright_avg))
```

# CHAPTER 2

## Examples

### 2.1 Plotting isoelastics

This example illustrates how to plot dclab isoelastics by reproducing figure 3 (lower left) of [MMM+17].



isoelastics.py

```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 import matplotlib.lines as mlines
3 from matplotlib import cm
4 import numpy as np
5
```

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```
6 import dclab
7
8 # parameters for isoelastics
9 kwargs = {"col1": "area_um", # x-axis
10      "col2": "deform", # y-axis
11      "channel_width": 20, # [um]
12      "flow_rate": 0.04, # [ul/s]
13      "viscosity": 15, # [Pa s]
14      "add_px_err": False # no pixelation error
15      }
16
17 isos = dclab.isoelastics.get_default()
18 analy = isos.get(method="analytical", **kwargs)
19 numer = isos.get(method="numerical", **kwargs)
20
21 plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
22 ax = plt.subplot(111, title="elastic sphere isoelasticity lines")
23 colors = [cm.get_cmap("jet")(x) for x in np.linspace(0, 1, len(analy))]
24 for aa, nn, cc in zip(analy, numer, colors):
25     ax.plot(aa[:, 0], aa[:, 1], color=cc)
26     ax.plot(nn[:, 0], nn[:, 1], color=cc, ls=":")
27
28 line = mlines.Line2D([], [], color='k', label='analytical')
29 dotted = mlines.Line2D([], [], color='k', ls=":", label='numerical')
30 ax.legend(handles=[line, dotted])
31
32 ax.set_xlim(50, 240)
33 ax.set_ylim(0, 0.02)
34 ax.set_xlabel(dclab.dfn.feature_name2label["area_um"])
35 ax.set_ylabel(dclab.dfn.feature_name2label["deform"])
36
37 plt.tight_layout()
38 plt.show()
```

# CHAPTER 3

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## Command line interface

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### 3.1 tdms2rtdc

Convert RT-DC .tdms files to the hdf5-based .rtdc file format. Note: Do not delete original .tdms files after conversion. The conversion might be incomplete.

```
usage: dclab-tdms2rtdc [-h] [--compute-ancillary-features] tdms-path rtdc-path
```

#### 3.1.1 Positional Arguments

<b>tdms-path</b>	Input path (tdms file or folder containing tdms files)
<b>rtdc-path</b>	Output path (file or folder), existing data will be overridden

#### 3.1.2 Named Arguments

**--compute-ancillary-features** Compute features, such as volume or emodulus, that are otherwise computed on-the-fly. Use this if you want to minimize analysis time in e.g. ShapeOut. CAUTION: ancillary feature recipes might be subject to change (e.g. if an error is found in the recipe). Disabling this option maximizes compatibility with future versions and allows to isolate the original data.

Default: False

### 3.2 verify-dataset

Check experimental data sets for completeness. Note that old measurements will most likely fail this verification step. This program is used to enforce data integrity with future implementations of RT-DC recording software (e.g. ShapeIn).

```
usage: dclab-verify-dataset [-h] path
```

### 3.2.1 Positional Arguments

<b>path</b>	Path to experimental dataset
-------------	------------------------------

# CHAPTER 4

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## Code reference

---

### 4.1 definitions

Naming conventions

```
dclab.definitions.CFG_ANALYSIS = {'calculation': [['emodulus model', <function lcstr at 0x...]
```

All configuration keywords editable by the user

### 4.2 downsampling

Content-based downsampling of ndarrays

```
dclab.downsampling.downsample_rand(a, samples, remove_invalid=True, retidx=False)
```

Downsampling by randomly removing points

#### Parameters

- **a** (*1d ndarray*) – The input array to downsample
- **samples** (*int*) – The desired number of samples
- **remove\_invalid** (*bool*) – Remove nan and inf values before downsampling
- **retidx** (*bool*) – Also return a boolean array that corresponds to the downsampled indices in *a*.

#### Returns

- **dsa, dsb** (*1d ndarrays of shape (samples,)*) – The pseudo-randomly downsampled arrays *a* and *b*
- **[idx]** (*1d boolean array with same shape as a*) – A boolean array such that *a[idx] == dsa* is all true

## 4.3 features

Basic methods for event feature computation

## 4.4 isoelastics

Isoelastics management

```
class dclab.isoelastics.Isoelastics(paths=[])
```

```
add(isoel, col1, col2, channel_width, flow_rate, viscosity, method)
```

Add isoelastics

### Parameters

- **isoel** (*list of ndarrays*) – Each list item resembles one isoelastic line stored as an array of shape (N,3). The last column contains the emodulus data.
- **col1** (*str*) – Name of the first feature of all isoelastics (e.g. isoel[0][:,0])
- **col2** (*str*) – Name of the second feature of all isoelastics (e.g. isoel[0][:,1])
- **channel\_width** (*float*) – Channel width in  $\mu\text{m}$
- **flow\_rate** (*float*) – Flow rate through the channel in  $\mu\text{l}/\text{s}$
- **viscosity** (*float*) – Viscosity of the medium in  $\text{mPa}\cdot\text{s}$
- **method** (*str*) – The method used to compute the isoelastics (must be one of *VALID\_METHODS*).

### Notes

The following isoelastics are automatically added for user convenience:

- isoelastics with *col1* and *col2* interchanged
- isoelastics for circularity if deformation was given

```
static add_px_err(isoel, col1, col2, px_um, inplace=False)
```

Undo pixelation correction

Isoelasticity lines are already corrected for pixelation effects as described in

Mapping of Deformation to Apparent Young's Modulus in Real-Time Deformability Cytometry Christoph Herold, arXiv:1704.00572 [cond-mat.soft] (2017) <https://arxiv.org/abs/1704.00572>.

If the isoelasticity lines are displayed with deformation data that are not corrected, then the lines must be “un”-corrected, i.e. the pixelation error must be added to the lines to match the experimental data.

### Parameters

- **isoel** (*list of 2d ndarrays of shape (N, 3)*) – Each item in the list corresponds to one isoelasticity line. The first column is defined by *col1*, the second by *col2*, and the third column is the emodulus.
- **col12** (*col1, col2*) – Define the fist to columns of each isoelasticity line. One of [“area\_um”, “circ”, “deform”]
- **px\_um** (*float*) – Pixel size [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]

```
static check_col12(col1, col2)
```

---

```
static convert(isoel, col1, col2, channel_width_in, channel_width_out, flow_rate_in,
               flow_rate_out, viscosity_in, viscosity_out, inplace=False)
```

Convert isoelastics in area\_um-deform space

#### Parameters

- **isoel** (*list of 2d ndarrays of shape (N, 3)*) – Each item in the list corresponds to one isoelasticity line. The first column is defined by *col1*, the second by *col2*, and the third column is the emodulus.
- **col2** (*col1*,) – Define the fist to columns of each isoelasticity line. One of [“area\_um”, “circ”, “deform”]
- **channel\_width\_in** (*float*) – Original channel width [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]
- **channel\_width\_out** (*float*) – Target channel width [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]
- **flow\_rate\_in** (*float*) – Original flow rate [ $\mu\text{l/s}$ ]
- **flow\_rate\_out** – Target flow rate [ $\mu\text{l/s}$ ]
- **viscosity\_in** (*float*) – Original viscosity [mPa\*s]
- **viscosity\_out** (*float*) – Target viscosity [mPa\*s]

#### Notes

If only the positions of the isoelastics are of interest and not the value of the elastic modulus, then it is sufficient to supply values for the channel width and set the values for flow rate and viscosity to a constant (e.g. 1).

See also:

`dclab.features.emodulus.convert()` conversion method used

```
get(col1, col2, method, channel_width, flow_rate=None, viscosity=None, add_px_err=False,
     px_um=None)
```

Get isoelastics

#### Parameters

- **col1** (*str*) – Name of the first feature of all isoelastics (e.g. `isoel[0][:,0]`)
- **col2** (*str*) – Name of the second feature of all isoelastics (e.g. `isoel[0][:,1]`)
- **method** (*str*) – The method used to compute the isoelastics (must be one of `VALID_METHODS`).
- **channel\_width** (*float*) – Channel width in  $\mu\text{m}$
- **flow\_rate** (*float or None*) – Flow rate through the channel in  $\mu\text{l/s}$ . If set to *None*, the flow rate of the imported data will be used (only do this if you do not need the correct values for elastic moduli).
- **viscosity** (*float or None*) – Viscosity of the medium in mPa\*s. If set to *None*, the flow rate of the imported data will be used (only do this if you do not need the correct values for elastic moduli).
- **add\_px\_err** (*bool*) – If True, add pixelation errors according to C. Herold (2017), <https://arxiv.org/abs/1704.00572>
- **px\_um** (*float*) – Pixel size [ $\mu\text{m}$ ], used for pixelation error computation

See also:

`dclab.features.emodulus.convert()` conversion in-between channel sizes and viscosities  
`dclab.features.emodulus.corrpix_deform_delta()` pixelation error that is applied to the deformation data

**load\_data** (*path*)  
Load isoelastics from a text file

The text file is loaded with `numpy.loadtxt` and must have three columns, representing the two data columns and the elastic modulus with units defined in `definitions.py`. The file header must have a section defining meta data of the content like so:

```
# [...] # # - column 1: area_um # - column 2: deform # - column 3: emodulus # - channel width  
[um]: 20 # - flow rate [ul/s]: 0.04 # - viscosity [mPa*s]: 15 # - method: analytical # # [...]
```

**Parameters** `path` (*str*) – Path to a isoelastics text file

**class** `dclab.isoelastics.IsoelasticsDict`

`dclab.isoelastics.get_default()`

Return default isoelasticity lines

## 4.5 kde\_methods

Kernel Density Estimation methods

`dclab.kde_methods.get_bad_vals` (*x, y*)

`dclab.kde_methods.ignore_nan_inf` (*kde\_method*)

Ignores nans and infs from the input data

Invalid positions in the resulting density are set to nan.

`dclab.kde_methods.kde_gauss` (*events\_x, events\_y, xout=None, yout=None, \*args, \*\*kwargs*)

Gaussian Kernel Density Estimation

### Parameters

- **events\_y** (*events\_x*,) – The input points for kernel density estimation. Input is flattened automatically.
- **yout** (*xout*,) – The coordinates at which the KDE should be computed. If set to none, input coordinates are used.

**Returns** `density` – The KDE for the points in (*xout, yout*)

**Return type** ndarray, same shape as *xout*

See also:

`scipy.stats.gaussian_kde`

### Notes

This is a wrapped version that ignores nan and inf values.

```
dclab.kde_methods.kde_histogram(events_x, events_y, xout=None, yout=None, *args, **kwargs)  
Histogram-based Kernel Density Estimation
```

#### Parameters

- **events\_y** (*events\_x*,) – The input points for kernel density estimation. Input is flattened automatically.
- **yout** (*xout*,) – The coordinates at which the KDE should be computed. If set to none, input coordinates are used.
- **bins** (*tuple (binsx, binsy)*) – The number of bins to use for the histogram.

**Returns** **density** – The KDE for the points in (xout, yout)

**Return type** ndarray, same shape as *xout*

**See also:**

*numpy.histogram2d* *scipy.interpolate.RectBivariateSpline*

#### Notes

This is a wrapped version that ignores nan and inf values.

```
dclab.kde_methods.kde_none(events_x, events_y, xout=None, yout=None)  
No Kernel Density Estimation
```

#### Parameters

- **events\_y** (*events\_x*,) – The input points for kernel density estimation. Input is flattened automatically.
- **yout** (*xout*,) – The coordinates at which the KDE should be computed. If set to none, input coordinates are used.

**Returns** **density** – The KDE for the points in (xout, yout)

**Return type** ndarray, same shape as *xout*

#### Notes

This method is a convenience method that always returns ones in the shape that the other methods in this module produce.

```
dclab.kde_methods.kde_multivariate(events_x, events_y, xout=None, yout=None, *args,  
**kwargs)  
Multivariate Kernel Density Estimation
```

#### Parameters

- **events\_y** (*events\_x*,) – The input points for kernel density estimation. Input is flattened automatically.
- **bw** (*tuple (bwx, bwy)* or *None*) – The bandwidth for kernel density estimation.
- **yout** (*xout*,) – The coordinates at which the KDE should be computed. If set to none, input coordinates are used.

**Returns** **density** – The KDE for the points in (xout, yout)

**Return type** ndarray, same shape as *xout*

See also:

`statsmodels.nonparametric.kernel_density.KDEMultivariate`

## Notes

This is a wrapped version that ignores nan and inf values.

## 4.6 polygon\_filter

PolygonFilter classes and methods

```
exception dclab.polygon_filter.FilterIdExistsWarning
class dclab.polygon_filter.PolygonFilter(axes=None, points=None, inverted=False,
                                         name=None, filename=None, fileid=0,
                                         unique_id=None)
```

An object for filtering RTDC data based on a polygonal area

`instances = []`

`static clear_all_filters()`

Remove all filters and reset instance counter

`copy (invert=False)`

Return a copy of the current instance

**Parameters** `invert (bool)` – The copy will be inverted w.r.t. the original

`filter (datax, datay)`

Filter a set of datax and datay according to `self.points`

`static get_instance_from_id (unique_id)`

Get an instance of the `PolygonFilter` using a unique id

`static import_all (path)`

Import all polygons from a .poly file.

Returns a list of the imported polygon filters

`static instance_exists (unique_id)`

Determine whether an instance with this unique id exists

`static point_in_poly (x, y, poly)`

Determine whether a point is within a polygon area

**Parameters**

- `y (x,)` – The coordinates of the point
- `poly (list-like)` – The polygon (`PolygonFilter.points`)

**Returns** `inside` – `True`, if point is inside.

**Return type** `bool`

`static remove (unique_id)`

Remove a polygon filter from `PolygonFilter.instances`

```
save (polyfile, ret_fobj=False)
```

Save all data to a text file (appends data if file exists).

Polyfile can be either a path to a file or a file object that was opened with the write “w” parameter. By using the file object, multiple instances of this class can write their data.

If *ret\_fobj* is *True*, then the file object will not be closed and returned.

```
static save_all (polyfile)
```

Save all polygon filters

```
exception dclab.polygon_filter.PolygonFilterError
```

```
dclab.polygon_filter.get_polygon_filter_names()
```

Get the names of all polygon filters in the order of creation

## 4.7 rtdc\_dataset

### 4.8 statistics

Statistics computation for RT-DC dataset instances

```
exception dclab.statistics.BadMethodWarning
```

```
class dclab.statistics.Statistics (name, method, req_feature=False)
```

```
available_methods = {'%-gated': <dclab.statistics.Statistics object at 0x7fe060f660f0>}
```

```
get_feature (rtdc_ds, axis)
```

```
get_data (kwargs)
```

```
dclab.statistics.flow_rate (mm)
```

```
dclab.statistics.get_statistics (rtdc_ds, methods=None, features=None)
```

#### Parameters

- **rtdc\_ds** (instance of *dclab.rtdc\_dataset.RTDCBase*) – The data set for which to compute the statistics.
- **methods** (*list of str or None*) – The methods with which to compute the statistics. The list of available methods is given with *dclab.statistics.Statistics.available\_methods.keys()*. If set to *None*, statistics for all methods are computed.
- **features** (*list of str*) – Feature name identifiers are defined in *dclab.definitions.scalar\_feature\_names*. If set to *None*, statistics for all axes are computed.

#### Returns

- **header** (*list of str*) – The header (feature + method names) of the computed statistics.
- **values** (*list of float*) – The computed statistics.

```
dclab.statistics.mode (data)
```

Compute an intelligent value for the mode

The most common value in experimental is not very useful if there are a lot of digits after the comma. This method approaches this issue by rounding to bin size that is determined by the Freedman–Diaconis rule.

**Parameters** `data` (*1d ndarray*) – The data for which the mode should be computed.

**Returns** `mode` – The mode computed with the Freedman-Diaconis rule.

**Return type** `float`

# CHAPTER 5

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## Changelog

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List of changes in-between dclab releases.

### 5.1 version 0.5.2

- Migrate from os.path to pathlib ([#50](#))
- fmt\_hdf5: Add run index to title

### 5.2 version 0.5.1

- Setup: add dependencies for statsmodels
- Tests: filter known warnings
- fmt\_hdf5: import unknown keys such that “dclab-verify-dataset” can complain about them

### 5.3 version 0.5.0

- BREAKING CHANGES:
  - definitions.feature\_names now contains non-scalar features (including “image”, “contour”, “mask”, and “trace”). To test for scalar features, use definitions.scalar\_feature\_names.
  - features bright\_\* are computed from mask instead of from contour
- Bugfixes:
  - write correct event count in exported hdf5 data files
  - improve implementation of video file handling in fmt\_tdms
- add new non-scalar feature “mask” ([#48](#))

- removed configuration key [online\_contour]: “bin margin” (#47)
- minor improvements for the tdms file format

## 5.4 version 0.4.0

- Bugfix: CLI “dclab-tdms2rtdc” did not work for single tdms files (#45)
- update configuration keys:
  - added new keys for [fluorescence]
  - added [setup]: “identifier”
  - removed [imaging]: “exposure time”, “flash current”
  - removed [setup]: “temperature”, “viscosity”
- renamed feature “ncells” to “nevents”

## 5.5 version 0.3.3

- ref: do not import missing features as zeros in fmt\_tdms
- CLI:
  - add tdms-to-rtdc converter “dclab-tdms2rtdc” (#36)
  - improve “dclab-verify-dataset” user experience
- Bugfixes:
  - “limit events” filtering must be integer not boolean (#41)
  - Support opening tdms files with capitalized “userDef” column names
  - OSError when trying to open files from repository root

## 5.6 version 0.3.2

- CLI: add rudimentary dataset checker “dclab-verify-dataset” (#37)
- Add logic to compute parent/root/child event indices of RTDC\_Hierarchy
  - Hierarchy children now support contour, image, and traces
  - Hierarchy children now support and remember manual filters (#22)
- Update emodulus look-up table with larger values for deformation
- Implement pixel size correction for emodulus computation
- Allow to add pixelation error to isoelastics (*add\_px\_err=True*) (#28)
- Bugfixes:
  - Pixel size not read from tdms-based measurements
  - Young’s modulus computation wrong due to faulty FEM simulations (#39)

## 5.7 version 0.3.1

- Remove all-zero dummy columns from dict format
- Implement hdf5-based RT-DC data reader (#32)
- Implement hdf5-based RT-DC data writer (#33)
- Bugfixes:
  - Automatically fix inverted box filters
  - RTDC\_TDMS trace data contained empty arrays when no trace data was present (trace key should not have been accessible)
  - Not possible to get isoelastics for circularity

## 5.8 version 0.3.0

- New fluorescence crosstalk correction feature recipe (#35)
- New ancillary features “fl1\_max\_ctc”, “fl2\_max\_ctc”, “fl3\_max\_ctc” (#35)
- Add priority for multiple ancillary features with same name
- Bugfixes:
  - Configuration key values were not hashed for ancillary features
- Code cleanup:
  - Refactoring: Put ancillary columns into a new folder module
  - Refactoring: Use the term “feature” consistently
  - Unify trace handling in dclab (#30)
  - Add functions to convert input config data

## 5.9 version 0.2.9

- Bugfixes:
  - Regression when loading configuration strings containing quotes
  - Parameters missing when loading ShapeIn 2.0.1 tdms data

## 5.10 version 0.2.8

- Refactor configuration class to support new format (#26)

## 5.11 version 0.2.7

- New submodule and classes for managing isoelastics
- New ancillary columns “inert\_ratio\_raw” and “inert\_ratio\_cvx”
- Bugfixes:
  - Typo when finding contour data files (tdms file format)
- Refactoring:
  - “features” submodule with basic methods for ancillary columns

## 5.12 version 0.2.6

- Return event images as gray scale (#17)
- Bugfixes:
  - Shrink ancillary column size if it exceeds data set size
  - Generate random RTDCBase.identifier (do not use RTDCBase.hash) to fix problem with identical identifiers for hierarchy children
  - Correctly determine contour data files (tdms file format)
  - Allow contour data indices larger than uint8

## 5.13 version 0.2.5

- Add ancillary columns “bright\_avg” and “bright\_sd” (#18, #19)
- Standardize attributes of RTDCBase subclasses (#12)
- Refactoring:
  - New column names and removal of redundant column identifiers (#16)
  - Minor improvements towards PEP8 (e.g. #15)
  - New class for handling filters (#13)
- Bugfixes:
  - Hierarchy child computed all ancillary columns of parent upon checking availability of a column

## 5.14 version 0.2.4

- Replace OpenCV with imageio
- Add (ancillary) computation of volume (#11)
- Add convenience methods for *Configuration*
- Refactoring (#8):
  - Separate classes for .tdms, dict-based, and hierarchy data sets

- Introduce “\_events” attribute for stored data
- Data columns (including image, trace, contour) are accessed via keys instead of attributes.
- Make space for new hdf5-based file format
- Introduce ancillary columns that are computed on-the-fly (new “\_ancillaries” attribute and “ancillary\_columns.py”)

## 5.15 version 0.2.3

- Add look-up table for elastic modulus (#7)
- Add filtering option “remove invalid events” to remove nan/inf
- Support nan and inf in data analysis
- Improve downsampling performance
- Refactor downsampling methods (#6)

## 5.16 version 0.2.2

- Add new histogram-based kernel density estimator (#2)
- Refactoring:
  - Configuration fully handled by RTDC\_DataSet module (#5)
  - Simplify video export function (#4)
  - Removed “Plotting” configuration key
  - Removed .cfg configuration files

## 5.17 version 0.2.1

- Support npTDMS 0.9.0
- Add AVI-Export function
- Add lazy submodule for event trace data and rename *RTDC\_DataSet.traces* to *RTDC\_DataSet.trace*
- Add “Event index” column

## 5.18 version 0.2.0

- Compute sensible default configuration parameters for KDE estimation and contour plotting
- Speed-up handling of contour text files
- Add support for “User Defined” column in tdms files

## 5.19 version 0.1.9

- Implement hierarchical instantiation of RTDC\_DataSet
- Bugfix: Prevent instances of PolygonFilter that have same id
- Load InertiaRatio and InertiaRatioRaw from tdms files

## 5.20 version 0.1.8

- Allow to instantiate RTDC\_DataSet without a tdms file
- Add statistics submodule
- Bugfixes:
  - Faulty hashing strategy in *RTDC\_DataSet.GetDownSampledScatter*
- Code cleanup (renamed methods, cleaned structure)
- Corrections/additions in definitions (fRT-DC)

## 5.21 version 0.1.7

- Added channel: distance between to first fl. peaks
- Added fluorescence channels: peak position, peak area, number of peaks
- Allow to disable KDE computation
- Add filter array for manual (user-defined) filtering
- Add config parameters for log axis scaling
- Add channels: bounding box x- and y-size
- Bugfixes:
  - cached.py did not handle *None*
  - Limiting number of events caused integer/bool error

## 5.22 version 0.1.6

- Added *RTDC\_DataSet.ExportTSV* for data export
- Bugfixes:
  - Correct determination of video file in RTDCCDataSet
  - Fix multivariate KDE computation
  - Contour accuracy for Defo overridden by that of Circ

## 5.23 version 0.1.5

- Fix regressions with filtering. <https://github.com/ZELLMECHANIK-DRESDEN/ShapeOut/issues/43>
- Ignore empty columns in .tdms files (#1)
- Moved RTDC\_DataSet and PolygonFilter classes to separate files
- Introduce more transparent caching - improves speed in some cases

## 5.24 version 0.1.4

- Added support for 3-channel fluorescence data (FL-1..3 max/width)

## 5.25 version 0.1.3

- Fixed minor polygon filter problems.
- Fix a couple of ShapeOut-related issues:
  - <https://github.com/ZELLMECHANIK-DRESDEN/ShapeOut/issues/17>
  - <https://github.com/ZELLMECHANIK-DRESDEN/ShapeOut/issues/20>
  - <https://github.com/ZELLMECHANIK-DRESDEN/ShapeOut/issues/37>
  - <https://github.com/ZELLMECHANIK-DRESDEN/ShapeOut/issues/38>

## 5.26 version 0.1.2

- Add support for limiting amount of data points analyzed with the configuration keyword “Limit Events”
- Comments refer to “events” instead of “points” from now on

## 5.27 version



## CHAPTER 6

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### Bibliography

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# CHAPTER 7

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## Imprint/Impressum

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### 7.1 Imprint and disclaimer

For more information, please refer to the imprint and disclaimer (Impressum und Haftungsausschluss) at <https://www.zellmechanik.com/Imprint.html>.

### 7.2 Privacy policy

This documentation is hosted on <https://readthedocs.org/> whose [privacy policy](#) applies.



# CHAPTER 8

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## Indices and tables

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- genindex
- modindex
- search



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## Bibliography

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