cmsplugin-form-handler Documentation

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This package aims to provide a mechanism for handling form-submissions in django-CMS plugins. Contents:

Background & Approach

Background

Plugins are a key component of django CMS for creating reusable, configurable content fragments in django CMS projects. Due to their flexibility and utility, project developers would benefit from emitting forms and handling form submissions using plugins.

Since CMS plugins are fragments of a page, they do not provide a unique, URL for receiving and handling form submissions. This presents numerous challenges when attempting to process form submissions.

Approach

To get around these limitations, the approach taken in this package is to direct form submissions from plugins which sub-class FormPluginBase to a URL that is outside of the django CMS URL-space and handled by a ProcessFormView provided by this package.

The ProcessFormView accepts form-submissions, processes them, and if valid, sends the resulting form back to the plugin class for handling and then responds to the request with a redirect to a success_url provided by the plugin.

On validation errors, the view will redirect the request back to the originating page and provide the form data via a session variable back to the plugin's form.

The user experience is precisely as expected and the handling of the form is performed without "thrown HTTPRedirectResponses" or any special middleware.

This package encapsulates all extra logic so that the plugin developer need only to subclass FormPluginBase rather than the usual cms.plugin_base.CMSPluginBase.

The Form or ModelForm presented in the CMS plugin should also include the "mixin" FormPluginFormMixin.

Quickstart

To get started quickly, first install the package:

pip install cmsplugin-form-handler

Add the package to settings.INSTALLED_APPS:

```
# my_cool_project/settings.py
INSTALLED_APPS = (
    ...
    'cmsplugin_form_handler',
)
```

Add an extra line in your url configuration:

Add the FormPluginFormMixin mixin to your Form:

```
# my_cool_project/forms.py
from django import forms
from cmsplugin_form_handler.forms import FormPluginFormMixin
class MyCoolForm(FormPluginFormMixin, forms.Form):
    # everything else is your normal form.
    my_cool_field = forms.CharField(...)
    ...
```

Or, if you're using a ModelForm:

```
# my_cool_project/forms.py
from django import forms
from cmsplugin_form_handler.forms import FormPluginFormMixin
class MyCoolModelForm(FormPluginFormMixin, forms.ModelForm):
    # everything else is your normal form.
    class Meta:
        model = MyCoolModel
    ...
```

Subclass your cms plugin from FormPluginBase:

```
# my_cool_project/cms_plugins.py
from cmsplugin_form_handler.cms_plugins import FormPluginBase
class MyCoolPlugin(FormPluginBase):
    # Use your normal CMSPlugin attributes...
   render_template = 'plugins/my_cool_plugin.html'
    # Note that ``cache = False`` will automatically be set
    # These should be overridden in sub-classes
   form_class = MyCoolForm # Or, see: get_form_class()
   success_url = '/static/success/url/here' # Or, see: get_success_url()
   def render(self, context, instance, placeholder):
        context = super(MyCoolPlugin, self).render(context, instance, placeholder)
        # Do your normal thing here
        . . .
        return context
   def get_form_class(self, request, instance):
        # Use this method to programmatically determine the form_class.
        # This is what this method does by default:
       return self.form_class
   def get_success_url(self, request, instance):
        # Use this method to programmatically determine the success_url.
        # This is what this method does by default:
        return self.success_url
   def form_valid(self, request, instance, form):
        # Optionally do something with the rendered form here
        # This is what this method does by default:
        form.save()
```

Finally, update your plugin's template:

```
# my_cool_project/templates/plugins/my_cool_plugin.html
{% load cmsplugin_form_tags %}
<h2>Form Plugin</h2>
<form action="{% cmsplugin_form_action %}" method="post">
```

```
{% csrf_token %}
{{ cmsplugin_form }}
<input type="submit">
</form>
```

Reference

cmsplugin_form_handler.cms_plugins

This module contains an alternative super-class for CMS plugins that encapsulates all plugin-related cmsplugin-form-handler logic.

FormPluginBase

class cmsplugin_form_handler.cms_plugins.FormPluginBase

This class is a sub-class of the normal cms.plugin_base.CMSPluginBase but offers additional functionality for dealing with plugin-based forms.

Attributes

cmsplugin_form_handler.cms_plugins.cache

This base-class will automatically set the normal cache attribute to False. This can be overridden in the project's plugin class, but it is not recommended because presenting a form should also include a CSRF token, which should never be cached.

cmsplugin_form_handler.cms_plugins.form_class

Set this to the forms.Form or forms.ModelForm you wish this plugin to present. If you need to determine which form to present based on the specific plugin instance, see *get_form_class()*.

cmsplugin_form_handler.cms_plugins.success_url
Set this to the URL of the "success page" of the form. Using this attribute is simple and suitable for static
success URLs. However, in most projects, it is likely more appropriate to use get_success_url().

Methods

cmsplugin_form_handler.cms_plugins.get_form_class (request, instance)
Returns the class of the form that this plugin presents. The default implementation of this method is to simply

return the contents of *form_class*. Override this method if different plugins instances of the same plugin class should return different forms.

Parameters

- **request** (*HTTPRequest*) This is the request object for the form-submission. This may be useful for making a determination about which form class to return.
- **instance** (*CMSPlugin*) This is the CMS plugin instance of the plugin used to produce the form.

cmsplugin_form_handler.cms_plugins.get_success_url (request, instance)

Returns the desired URL that the user should be redirected to if their form submission validates.

Parameters

- **request** (*HTTPRequest*) This is the request object for the form-submission. This may be useful for making a determination about which success URL to return.
- **instance** (*CMSPlugin*) This is the CMS plugin instance of the plugin used to produce the form. (Hint: you could present a list of choices in the CMSPlugin``model using a ``cms.models.fields.PageField.)

The default implementation of this method is to simply return the contents of *success_url*, but in most cases, a static URL is inappropriate. For example, it may be better to return the absolute URL of a specific CMS page (which could be moved by the content managers to different paths). In this case, something like this may be useful:

```
# NOTE: only relevant code is shown here...
from cms.models import Page
from cms.utils import get_language_from_request
from cms.utils.i18n import get_default_language
from cmsplugin_form_handler.cms_plugins import FormPluginBase
class SomePlugin(FormPluginBase):
    success_url = '/' # a same default
    . . .
    def get_success_url(self, request, instance):
        # Be sure to set this in the Advanced Settings tab of the
        # desired CMS Page.
        reverse_id = 'success_page'
        # We'll need to know which language is relevant ...
        lang = get_language_from_request(request) or get_default_language()
        try:
            page = Page.objects.get(
                reverse_id=reverse_id,
                publisher_is_draft=False
            )
        except Page.DoesNotExist:
            # Can't find the success page, return the something sane...
            return self.success_url
        else:
            return page.get_absolute_url(lang)
```

Or, as hinted above, you could use the CMSPlugin model to present a set of choices using a cms. models.fields.PageField to the Content Manager when creating the plugin instance, then, use the get_success_url method to return the absolute URL of the selected choice.

cmsplugin_form_handler.cms_plugins.form_valid(request, instance, form)
This method is called if the form is valid.

Parameters

- **request** (*HTTPRequest*) This is the request object for the form-submission. This may be useful for determining what to do with the valid form.
- **instance** (*CMSPlugin*) This is the CMS plugin instance of the plugin used to produce the form.
- **form** (*Form*) This is the validated form.

The default implementation simply calls the save method on the form.

cmsplugin_form_handler.forms

FormPluginFormMixin

This module contains code that encapsulates the cmsplugin-forms-handler functionality relating to forms.

class cmsplugin_form_handler.forms.FormPluginFormMixin (source_url, *args, **kwargs)

This class is a form "mixin" that may be applied to forms.Form or forms.ModelForm classes. The mixin embeds a hidden field for passing the source URL which is required for the correct operation of this package.

It also modifies the constructor signature of the form by adding a new, required arg: source_url, but in most cases, this is transparently dealt with by the package.

cmsplugin_form_handler.templatetags.cmsplugin_form_tags

This module contains template tags that are provided by this package.

form_action

This template tag provides the URL for the form action. It simply returns the correct URL to use for submitting the form. It is roughly equivalent to:

{% url 'plugin_form_handler:process_form' instance.pk %}

Although simple, the purpose of this tag is to encapsulate the implementation details of cmsplugin-form-handler so that future changes can occur as necessary without breaking existing projects.

param int plugin_pk This can be used to specify the ID of the plugin that the view should use to process the form. If the developer uses CMS development conventions, this parameter should never be necessary. However, there may be some cases where the render() method uses a variable other than instance in its context. In these cases, it may be necessary to use that variable in this template tag as follows:

```
# In this example, the context includes the variable ``plugin``
# that contains the plugin instance to render
{% load cmsplugin_form_tags %}
...
<form action="{% form_action plugin %}" method="post">
```

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