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# **cmdfor Documentation**

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Contents:



nd for every line of input

- Free software: MIT license
- Documentation: (COMING SOON!) <https://cmdfor.readthedocs.org>.

## 1.1 Features

A shell utility (and package) which runs a command for every line of input.

It allows for spawning an arbitrary number of concurrent threads, and control over where to keep each commands output.

In my daily work, I have to run all manner of commands on huge batches of items. These things are usually not CPU bound, so it makes sense to multithread these tasks.

Thus, I find myself doing bash commands such as the following, which takes an input file of items, splits it into equal(ish) parts, and then spawns a worker for each part, all the while keeping granular logs and return codes:

```
lines=`wc -l domains.txt | awk '{print $1}'`; threads=10; split=$((lines/  
↪threads)+1)); mkdir -p in out; split -d -l ${split} domains.txt in/part. ; ls in/ |  
↪while read -r f; do cat in/${f} | while read -r d; do host -t a "${d}" > out/${d} 2>  
↪&l; echo -e "${d}\t$?"; done > log.${f} & echo ${!}; done > pids
```

That gets pretty tiring to type all the time. Why not use `xargs -P` you say? Well that works perfectly fine for cases where I don't need to make very complicated commands, and don't need to log all return codes. Maybe I can do all of that with `xargs`, but I wanted to make this anyway as a learning experience.

## 1.2 How-To

The program can take input from STDIN or from a file passed with the `-i` option.

All arguments that aren't options are considered the subcommand to run. All wildcards {} are replaced with the corresponding positional field from the input data.

To delete a list of files, basically the same behaviour as xargs:

```
cat files.txt | cmdfor rm {}
```

To run the fictional command `imaplogin` for every line of a csv that contains <email>,<password> fields, logging each individual command's output to an file in the directory `./out`:

```
cat email_users.csv | cmdfor -d, -o ./out -- imaplogin -u {} -p {}
```

To look up the IP addresses of a huge amount of hostnames, using 10 concurrent threads, and storing each individual commands stdout and stderr in seperate files in the directory `./results`, with each file being named after the hostname on which the query was performed:

```
cat hostnames.txt | cmdfor -t 10 -Eo ./results -l 1 -- host -t a {}
```

## 1.3 To-Do

1. Come up with a real test case. Since this is a shell utility and really only deals with shell subcommands, I don't know what will work and what won't on travis.ci (can I run a shell command there?) 2. By default, it suppresses all output from subprocesses, and writes a message to STDOUT for each process spawn and reap. This output is too verbose for the default behaviour, and so it should be toggled with `-v`. The default should be quieter and simpler. Perhaps just the returncodes of each task. 3. Refactoring some stuff to be a little less messy. The function signatures are huge, and there are messages generated in odd places. I think it would be better to pass a context object.



## CHAPTER 2

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### Installation

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At the command line:

```
$ pip install cmdfor
```

Or, if you have virtualenvwrapper installed:

```
$ mkvirtualenv cmdfor  
$ pip install cmdfor
```



## CHAPTER 3

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### Usage

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To use cmdfor in a project:

```
import cmdfor
```



Contributions are welcome, and they are greatly appreciated! Every little bit helps, and credit will always be given. You can contribute in many ways:

## 4.1 Types of Contributions

### 4.1.1 Report Bugs

Report bugs at <https://github.com/jwgalley/cmdfor/issues>.

If you are reporting a bug, please include:

- Any details about your local setup that might be helpful in troubleshooting.
- Detailed steps to reproduce the bug.

### 4.1.2 Fix Bugs

Look through the GitHub issues for bugs. Anything tagged with “bug” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

### 4.1.3 Implement Features

Look through the GitHub issues for features. Anything tagged with “feature” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

### 4.1.4 Write Documentation

cmdfor could always use more documentation, whether as part of the official cmdfor docs, in docstrings, or even on the web in blog posts, articles, and such.

### 4.1.5 Submit Feedback

The best way to send feedback is to file an issue at <https://github.com/jwgalley/cmdfor/issues>.

If you are proposing a feature:

- Explain in detail how it would work.
- Keep the scope as narrow as possible, to make it easier to implement.
- Remember that this is a volunteer-driven project, and that contributions are welcome :)

## 4.2 Get Started!

Ready to contribute? Here's how to set up *cmdfor* for local development.

1. Fork the *cmdfor* repo on GitHub.

2. Clone your fork locally:

```
$ git clone git@github.com:your_name_here/cmdfor.git
```

3. Install your local copy into a virtualenv. Assuming you have *virtualenvwrapper* installed, this is how you set up your fork for local development:

```
$ mkvirtualenv cmdfor
$ cd cmdfor/
$ python setup.py develop
```

4. Create a branch for local development:

```
$ git checkout -b name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

Now you can make your changes locally.

5. When you're done making changes, check that your changes pass *flake8* and the tests, including testing other Python versions with *tox*:

```
$ flake8 cmdfor tests
$ python setup.py test
$ tox
```

To get *flake8* and *tox*, just *pip* install them into your virtualenv.

6. Commit your changes and push your branch to GitHub:

```
$ git add .
$ git commit -m "Your detailed description of your changes."
$ git push origin name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

7. Submit a pull request through the GitHub website.

## 4.3 Pull Request Guidelines

Before you submit a pull request, check that it meets these guidelines:

1. The pull request should include tests.

2. If the pull request adds functionality, the docs should be updated. Put your new functionality into a function with a docstring, and add the feature to the list in README.rst.
3. The pull request should work for Python 2.7, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5 and for PyPy. Check [https://travis-ci.org/jwgalley/cmdfor/pull\\_requests](https://travis-ci.org/jwgalley/cmdfor/pull_requests) and make sure that the tests pass for all supported Python versions.





### 5.1 Maintainer

- Jesse Galley <jesse@jessegalley.net>

### 5.2 Contributors

None yet. Why not be the first? See: CONTRIBUTING.rst



## CHAPTER 6

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### History

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2018-04-09 v0.1.0 initial release, still need to do tests and docs



## CHAPTER 7

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### Indices and tables

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- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`