ccc Documentation

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CCC is an **EVM** compiler which tries to offer the minimal required features to write *smart contracts* in an old fashion **C** style.

CCC is the name of the language as well.

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2 Documentation

Introduction

After exploring the available **EVM** compilers offered by the *open source* community, being not able to find one of them capable to satisfy me, I decided to undertake this challenging project.

1.1 Philosophy

Thinking just a while to the **EVM** we all can agree that it is a really *small environment*, that's why (in my opinion) an **EVM** *dedicated compiler* should offer the less as possible features to comfortably write *smart contracts* while keeping the generated *opcode* the more thin as possible.

1.2 Warning

I learned everithing I know about **EVM** reading from the internet or through reverse engineering. I have no way to say if what I read is wrong or outdated, I can't say if there are other ways to do what I discovered: *do not trust me!* If you find something wrong, outdated, or false for any other reasons, please do not hesitate to report it on github.

1.3 Assumptions

In this documentation there are several assumptions as the following example.

Assumption

1 + 1 = 3

Assumptions can be read in two ways: decontextualized or in the context of CCC. If reading one of them you find it wrong, please consider the previous *Warning*. Regardless of that, in the context of CCC they can be taken as *the truth* due to the fact that CCC is written respecting them as *the truth* should be respected.

Installation

CCC is distributed through npm.

To install the *Command Line Interface* issue following command:

```
$ sudo npm install -g cccompiler
```

To install only the *Node.js module* to use it in your own build system, issue following command:

\$ npm install -s cccompiler

2.1 Source code

Source repository is on github.

Compilation

The compilation process takes in input only one file (many other files can be included through the #include pre-pocessor directive) and gives in output a JSON Object (called Output JSON Object) containing all requested information that can be provided. The entire process is composed by a set of phases, executed in a sequence and everyone of which produces an output for each **contract** compiled. Starting phase can be eventually specified by Compilation options. If during the execution of a phase an **error** is generated, the process stops at the end of that phase and no output for that phase is provided (obviously no output for subsequent phases is provided neither).

3.1 Compilation phases

Here is the list of all *phases*, in the order they are executed. The input of the first executed *phase* is the content of the file provided in input to the whole process, while for all subsequent *phases* the output of previously executed *phase* is used as input.

3.1.1 Preprocess

Runs the CCC preprocessor. Both *input format* and *output format* are CCC.

3.1.2 Compile

Runs the **CCC compiler**. This *phase* produces two outputs: the abi and the **assembly** representation of the compiled contract(s) which is eventually used as input for next *phase*. The expected *input format* is **CCC**.

3.1.3 Assemble

Runs the **CCC** assembler which provides the **opcode** representation of the contract(s). Both *input format* and *output format* are assembly.

3.1.4 Opcode

Translates the **assembly** in the **opcodes**: Basically it resolves the *assembly labels* in their realtive or absolute address.

3.1.5 Translate

Literally translates the **opcodes** in the hexadecimal representation of the **bytecode** of the contract(s), ready to be deployed on *blockchain*.

3.2 Output JSON Object

This is a JSON Object with four keys. Follows an example.

```
"contracts": {
    "FirstContract": {
        "abi": [...],
        "assembly": [...],
        "bin": [...],
        "preprocessed": [...],
        "opcodes": [...]
    },
    ...
},
"errors": [],
"messages": [],
"warnings": []
}
```

3.2.1 contracts

This is a JSON Object where the keys are the names of all compiled contracts and the values are the output of all phase run during the compilation process.

3.2.2 errors

The array of all encoutered *errors*, eventually the empty array [].

3.2.3 messages

The array of all generated *messages*, eventually the empty array []. This is merely the merge of all *errors* and *warnings*.

3.2.4 warnings

The array of all encoutered warnings, eventually the empty array [].

3.3 Compilation options

Some options may conflict due to the fact some one of them specify the *input format* of the file or they define conflicting starting and ending *phase*.

3.3.1 assemble

Boolean - If true specifies that input format is in assembly and starting phase is Assemble.

3.3.2 assembly

Boolean - If true includes the generated **assembly** in the output, specifies that *input format* is in **CCC** and starting *phase* is **Compile**.

3.3.3 define

Object - Specifies a set of predefined #define *macros*. Each *key* is the name of the *macro* and relative *value* is the value of the *macro*. The *values* **must** be of type String, eventually the empty string "".

3.3.4 opcode

Boolean - If true includes the generated opcode in the output.

3.3.5 preprocess

Boolean - If true includes the **preprocessor** result in the output, specifies that input format is in CCC.

Command Line Interface

CCC *cli* is simply a *shell interface* to the *Node.js module*. Please refer to *Compilation* to understand how the process works.

4.1 Usage

ccc [options] file

4.2 Options

For more details about about options please refere to Compilation options.

4.2.1 -A -assembly

Includes the generated **assembly** in the output; assumes *input format* is in CCC.

4.2.2 -a -assemble

Assemble; assumes input format is in assembly.

4.2.3 -D<macro>[=<value>]

Defines <macro> eventually with its <value>. Can be used multiple times to define more macros.

4.2.4 -h -help

Prints a quick reference help screen and exits.

4.2.5 -O -opcode

Includes the generated **opcode** in the output.

4.2.6 -o <filename>

The output <filename>. If omitted defaults stdout.

4.2.7 -p -preprocess

Includes the **preprocessor** result in the output; assumes *input format* is in **CCC**.

4.2.8 -v -version

Prints ccc version and exits.

Node.js module

5.1 Usage

```
var ccc = require('cccompiler');
var res = ccc(filename, options);
console.log(res.contracts.contractName.preprocessed);
```

Where filename is the name of the file to compile, options are described in *Compilation options* and return value is *Output JSON Object*.

Smart Contract

6.1 ABI Interface

For **ABI** specification please refer to Solidity ABI specification.