
python-utils Documentation

Release

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CHAPTER 1

Core

`basic_utils.core.slurp(fname)`

Reads a file and all its contents, returns a single string

Return type `str`

`basic_utils.core.clear()`

Clears the terminal screen from python, operating system agnostic

Return type `None`

`basic_utils.core.to_string(objects, sep=',')`

Converts a list of objects into a single string

```
>>> to_string([1, 2, 3])  
'1, 2, 3'
```

Return type `str`

`basic_utils.core.getattrs(obj, keys)`

Supports getting multiple attributes from a model at once

Return type `Tuple[Any, ...]`

`basic_utils.core.map_getattr(attr, object_seq)`

Returns a map to retrieve a single attribute from a sequence of objects

Return type `Tuple[Any, ...]`

`basic_utils.core.rgetattr(obj, attrs)`

Get a nested attribute within an object

Return type `Any`

`basic_utils.core.rsetattr(obj, attr, val)`

Sets a nested attribute within an object

Return type `None`

CHAPTER 2

Date Helpers

`basic_utils.date_helpers.dates_between(start, end)`

Returns lazy sequence of dates between a start/end point

Return type `Iterator[datetime]`

CHAPTER 3

Dict Helpers

`basic_utils.dict_helpers.get_keys(d, keys, default=None)`

Returns multiple values for keys in a dictionary

Empty key values will be None by default

```
>>> d = {'x': 24, 'y': 25}
>>> get_keys(d, ('x', 'y', 'z'))
(24, 25, None)
```

Return type Tuple

`basic_utils.dict_helpers.get_in_dict(d, keys)`

Retrieve nested key from dictionary

```
>>> d = {'a': {'b': {'c': 3}}}
>>> get_in_dict(d, ('a', 'b', 'c'))
3
```

Return type Any

`basic_utils.dict_helpers.set_in_dict(d, keys, value)`

Sets a value inside a nested dictionary

```
>>> d = {'a': {'b': {'c': 3}}}
>>> set_in_dict(d, ('a', 'b', 'c'), 10)
>>> d
{'a': {'b': {'c': 10}}}
```

Return type None

`basic_utils.dict_helpers.prune_dict(d)`

Returns new dictionary with falesly values removed.

```
>>> prune_dict({'a': [], 'b': 2, 'c': False})  
{'b': 2}
```

Return type dict

CHAPTER 4

Seq Helpers

`basic_utils.seq_helpers.first(seq)`

Returns first element in a sequence.

```
>>> first([1, 2, 3])  
1
```

Return type Any

`basic_utils.seq_helpers.last(seq)`

Returns the last item in a Sequence

```
>>> last([1, 2, 3])  
3
```

Return type Any

`basic_utils.seq_helpers.butlast(seq)`

Returns all but the last item in sequence

```
>>> butlast([1, 2, 3])  
[1, 2]
```

Return type Sequence[+T_co]

`basic_utils.seq_helpers.rest(seq)`

Returns remaining elements in a sequence

```
>>> rest([1, 2, 3])  
[2, 3]
```

Return type Any

`basic_utils.seq_helpers.reverse(seq)`

Returns sequence in reverse order

```
>>> reverse([1, 2, 3])
[3, 2, 1]
```

Return type Sequence[+T_co]

`basic_utils.seq_helpers.cons(item, seq)`

Adds item to beginning of sequence.

```
>>> list(cons(1, [2, 3]))
[1, 2, 3]
```

Return type chain

`basic_utils.seq_helpers.flatten(seq)`

Returns a flatten version of sequence.

```
>>> flatten([1, [2, [3, [4, 5], 6], 7]])
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
```

Return type Iterable[+T_co]

`basic_utils.seq_helpers.partial_flatten(seq)`

Returns partially flattened version of sequence.

```
>>> partial_flatten(((1,), [2, 3], (4, [5, 6])))
(1, 2, 3, 4, [5, 6])
```

Return type Iterable[+T_co]

`basic_utils.seq_helpers.sorted_index(seq, item, key=None)`

```
>>> sorted_index([10, 20, 30, 40, 50], 35)
3
```

Return type int

`basic_utils.seq_helpers.deduplicate(seq, key=None)`

Removes duplicates from a sequence while maintaining order

```
>>> deduplicate([1, 5, 2, 1, 9, 1, 5, 10])
[1, 5, 2, 9, 10]
```

Return type Iterable[+T_co]

`basic_utils.seq_helpers.concat(seqX, seqY)`

Joins two sequences together, returning a single combined sequence. Preserves the type of passed arguments.

```
>>> concat((1, 2, 3), (4, 5, 6))
(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)
```

Return type Sequence[+T_co]`basic_utils.seq_helpers.take(n, iterable)`

Returns first n items of the iterable as a list.

```
>>> take(2, range(1, 10))
[1, 2]
```

Return type Iterable[+T_co]`basic_utils.seq_helpers.nth(iterable, n, default=None)`

Returns the nth item or a default value.

```
>>> nth([1, 2, 3], 1)
2
```

Return type Any`basic_utils.seq_helpers.all_equal(iterable)`

Returns True if all the elements are equal to each other.

```
>>> all_equal([True, True])
True
```

Return type bool`basic_utils.seq_helpers.quantify(iterable, pred=<class 'bool'>)`

Returns count of how many times the predicate is true.

```
>>> quantify([True, False, True])
2
```

Return type int`basic_utils.seq_helpers.head(seq)`

Returns first element in a sequence.

```
>>> first([1, 2, 3])
1
```

Return type Any`basic_utils.seq_helpers.tail(seq)`

Returns remaining elements in a sequence

```
>>> rest([1, 2, 3])
[2, 3]
```

Return type Any`basic_utils.seq_helpers.init(seq)`

Returns all but the last item in sequence

```
>>> butlast([1, 2, 3])
[1, 2]
```

Return type Sequence[+T_co]

CHAPTER 5

Primitives

`basic_utils.primitives.natural_nums (start=0, end=None)`

Yields a lazy sequence of natural numbers

```
>>> from itertools import islice
>>> list(islice(natural_nums(5), 3))
[5, 6, 7]
```

Return type `Iterator[int]`

`basic_utils.primitives.identity(x)`

Returns the same values passed as arguments

```
>>> x = (10, 20)
>>> identity(x)
(10, 20)
```

Return type `Any`

`basic_utils.primitives.comp(*funcs)`

Takes a set of functions and returns a fn that is the composition of those functions

Return type `Callable`

`basic_utils.primitives.complement(fn)`

Takes a function fn and returns a function that takes the same arguments as fn with the opposite truth value.

```
>>> not_five = complement(lambda x: x == 5)
>>> not_five(6)
True
```

Return type `Callable`

`basic_utils.primitives.inc(n)`

Increments n by 1

```
>>> inc(10)
11
```

Return type `int`

`basic_utils.primitives.dec(n)`

Decrements n by 1

```
>>> dec(5)
4
```

Return type `int`

`basic_utils.primitives.even(n)`

Returns true if n is even

```
>>> even(2)
True
```

Return type `bool`

`basic_utils.primitives.odd(n)`

Returns true if n is odd

```
>>> even(3)
False
```

Return type `bool`

`basic_utils.primitives.compose(*funcs)`

Takes a set of functions and returns a fn that is the composition of those functions

Return type `Callable`

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