ArchMap Documentation

Release

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The ArchMap project creates a map of Arch Linux users all over the world.

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About

In this section:

- ArchMap
- Installation
- Synopsis
- Use
- License
- External links

1.1 ArchMap

archmap generates *GeoJSON* and *KML* files which can be used to display a map of Arch Linux users, it does this by parsing data from the ArchWiki.

Have a look at the ArchMap page on the ArchWiki for more information about this project.

The documentation is hosted by readthedocs.org.

1.2 Installation

You can install archmap from PyPi by running pip3 install archmap or from the AUR by installing the archmap-git package.

1.3 Synopsis

By default, running archmap will output four files to /tmp; archmap.txt, archmap.geojson, archmap.kml and archmap.csv. This can be overridden by either using the config file or by the command line switches.

The config file should be placed in /etc/archmap.conf, this can be overridden by using --config <path-to-config-file>

1.4 Use

Running archmap --help will display this help message:

```
usage:
archmap [-h] [-v] [-q] [--config FILE] [--url URL] [--file FILE] [--pretty] [--text_
→FILE] [--geojson FILE] [--kml FILE] [--csv FILE]
optional arguments:
-h, --help show this help message and exit
-v, --verbose Show info messages
-q, --quiet Disable info messages
--config FILE Use an alternative configuration file instead of /etc/archmap.conf
--url URL Use an alternative URL to parse the wiki list from
--file FILE Use a file to parse the wiki list from
--pretty
             Prettify the text user list. Only works if user output is enabled
--text FILE Output the raw-text to FILE, use 'no' to disable output or '-' to...
⇔print to stdout
--geojson FILE Output the GeoJSON to FILE, use 'no' to disable output or '-' to_
\hookrightarrowprint to stdout
--kml FILE
               Output the KML to FILE, use 'no' to disable output or '-' to print to...
⇔stdout
--csv FILE
               Output the CSV to FILE, use 'no' to disable output or '-' to print to...
⇔stdout
```

1.5 License

Everything in the ArchMap repo is unlicensed.

All of the files that this script can generate (archmap.txt, archmap.geojson, archmap.kml, and archmap.csv) will contain text from the ArchWiki which puts them under the GNU Free Documentation License 1.3 or later.

1.5.1 Unlicense

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For more information, please refer to http://unlicense.org/

1.6 External links

1.6.1 Protect info

- Project page on the ArchWiki https://wiki.archlinux.org/index.php/ArchMap
- Project talk on the Arch forums https://bbs.archlinux.org/viewtopic.php?id=22518
- Arch Women wiki page https://archwomen.org/wiki/aw-tech:archmap

1.6.2 Data

- The list of user data https://wiki.archlinux.org/index.php/ArchMap/List
- Pre-generated GeoJSON, KML and CSV files https://archwomen.org/media/archmap/

1.6.3 Code

- Repository on GitHub https://github.com/guyfawcus/ArchMap
- Stats on Ohloh https://www.ohloh.net/p/ArchMap
- Code search on sourcegraph.com https://sourcegraph.com/github.com/guyfawcus/ArchMap

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6 Chapter 1. About

Install

In this section:

- System Requirements
- How-to
- Support
- Release Notes

2.1 System Requirements

Python 3.4 - If your running Arch, this shouldn't be a problem!

- geojson
- simplekml

2.2 How-to

See also: Packaging

2.2.1 Manual git install

This will make a directory ArchMap/ with a link to archmap in it. It uses *git* and *pip* to resolve the dependencies. Download this script:

```
echo -e "==> Make and cd to ./ArchMap\n"
mkdir ArchMap && cd ArchMap

echo -e "\n\n==> Download the ArchMap repo from GitHub\n"
git clone https://github.com/guyfawcus/ArchMap.git ArchMap-git

echo -e "\n\n==> Install the required packages\n"
pip3 install -r ArchMap-git/requirements.txt

echo -e "\n\n==> Make an easy link to archmap.py\n"
cd ../ && ln -s ArchMap-git/archmap.py ./archmap

echo -e "\n\n==> Test by printing the help message\n"
./archmap --help
```

2.3 Support

External links

2.4 Release Notes

See also: Releases on GitHub

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Use

If you would just like to get up and running, have a look at:

3.1 Examples

All of these example assume you have installed **archmap** via pacman or pip, if you would like to use the script directly, just use ./archmap.py.

3.1.1 Help

The **-help** flag will output a help message with all of the available options:

```
archmap --help
```

3.1.2 Basic use

By default, running **archmap** will output three files to /tmp, **archmap.txt**, **archmap.geojson** and **archmap.kml**, this can be overridden by either using the config file or by the following command line switches.

Using the **-verbose** flag will print information on what the script is doing:

```
archmap --verbose
```

You can specify the output location for the user list text, GeoJSON, KML and CSV:

If you would like to parse an alternate copy of the wiki list, simply pass either the –url or –file flags:

```
archmap --url https://wiki.archlinux.org/index.php?title=ArchMap/List&oldid=131196
```

or

```
archmap --file "$HOME/Downloads/ArchMap_List - ArchWiki.html"
```

3.1.3 Logging

If the script is run on a system that uses systemd, it will log to it using the syslog identifier - "archmap".

You can review all logs generated by **archmap** by using:

```
journalctl SYSLOG_IDENTIFIER=archmap
```

If you would like to use any of this code, have a look at:

3.2 Use the code

3.2.1 Getting and parsing user data

archmap.get_users (url='https://wiki.archlinux.org/index.php/ArchMap/List', local=")
This funtion parses the list of users from the ArchWiki and returns it as a string.

Parameters

- url (str) Link to a URL that points to a ArchWiki ArchMap list (default)
- local (str) Path to a local copy of the ArchWiki ArchMap source

Returns The extracted raw-text list of users or None if not avaliable

Return type str or None

```
archmap.parse_users(users)
```

This function parses the raw-text list (users) that has been extracted from the wiki page and splits it into a list of namedtuples containing the latitude, longitude, name and comment.

Parameters users (str) - raw-text list from the ArchWiki

Returns A list of namedtuples, each namedtuple has 4 elements: (latitude, longitude, name, comment)

```
Return type list of collections.namedtuple (decimal.Decimal, decimal. Decimal, str, str)
```

3.2.2 Output generators

```
archmap.make_text (parsed_users, output_file=", pretty=False)
```

This function reads the user data supplied by parsed_users, it then generates a raw-text list according to the formatting specifications on the wiki and writes it to output_file.

Parameters

• parsed_users (list of collections.namedtuple (decimal.Decimal, decimal.Decimal, str, str)) - A list of namedtuples, each namedtuple should have 4 elements: (latitude, longitude, name, comment)

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- output_file (str) Location to save the text output. If left empty, nothing will be output
- **pretty** (bool) If set to True, the output "columns" will be aligned and expanded to match the longest element

Returns The text written to the output file

Return type str

```
archmap.make_geojson(parsed_users, output_file=")
```

This function reads the user data supplied by parsed_users, it then generates GeoJSON output and writes it to output_file.

Parameters

- parsed_users (list of collections.namedtuple (decimal.Decimal, decimal.Decimal, str, str)) A list of namedtuples, each namedtuple should have 4 elements: (latitude, longitude, name, comment)
- **output_file** (*str*) Location to save the GeoJSON output. If left empty, nothing will be output

Returns The text written to the output file

Return type str

```
archmap.make_kml (parsed_users, output_file=")
```

This function reads the user data supplied by parsed_users, it then generates KML output and writes it to output_file.

Parameters

- parsed_users (list of collections.namedtuple (decimal.Decimal, decimal.Decimal, str, str)) A list of namedtuples, each namedtuple should have 4 elements: (latitude, longitude, name, comment)
- **output_file** (str) Location to save the KML output. If left empty, nothing will be output

Returns The text written to the output file

Return type str

```
archmap.make_csv(parsed_users, output_file=")
```

This function reads the user data supplied by parsed_users, it then generates CSV output and writes it to output_file.

Parameters

- parsed_users (list of collections.namedtuple (decimal.Decimal, decimal.Decimal, str, str)) A list of namedtuples, each namedtuple should have 4 elements: (latitude, longitude, name, comment)
- output_file (str) Location to save the CSV output. If left empty, nothing will be output

Returns The text written to the output file

Return type str

3.2. Use the code

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Contribute

In this section:

- Roadmap
- Contributing
- Development
 - System Requirements
 - Documentation
 - Testing
 - Packaging

4.1 Roadmap

- Add more tests
- Work on packaging
- Use GitHub pages to build a homepage
 - Use Leaflet to get and display coords on a ...
 - MapBox map

4.2 Contributing

Contributions are always welcome! Here are a few ways you could contribute:

ArchMap Documentation, Release

- · Bug fixes
- · New tests
- · New features
- Testing on different platforms
- Documentation

Support: External links

4.3 Development

All of the following commands assume you are are starting in the root ArchMap directory.

4.3.1 System Requirements

In addition to the *System Requirements* for the install, the following packages are required:

- To generate these docs:
 - sphinx
- · For packaging:
 - setuptools
 - wheel (optional) for building wheels

4.3.2 Documentation

Sphinx can be used to build a variety of formats.

First, make sure you're in the docs directory:

cd docs/

Make the preferred output:

make html

Open the the index page in your browser:

firefox _build/html/index.html

4.3.3 Testing

unittest is used for testing:

python setup.py test

This will search the tests directory for tests.

To check your commits before submitting, it is advisable to set up pre-commit first. Install it with:

```
pip3 install pre-commit
```

Then install the hooks so that they automatically run before each commit:

```
pre-commit install
```

Make sure the hooks are up to date:

```
pre-commit autoupdate
```

To run the hooks before a commit use:

```
pre-commit run --all-files
```

For further information, have a look at the pre-commit advanced features page or the .pre-commit-config. yaml config file to see what is run.

See also:

• unittest - Python docs

4.3.4 Packaging

ArchMap is currently packaged in two forms.

Arch Linux package

Packages are built using the PKGBUILD and archmap.install for settings.

To build package using the PKGBUILD:

```
cd pkgbuild
makepkg PKGBUILD
```

See also:

- · Creating packages
- Python Package Guidelines

Python package

Packages are built using setup.py and setup.cfg for settings.

To build a source distribution:

```
python3 setup.py sdist
```

To build a wheel:

```
python3 setup.py bdist_wheel
```

See also:

• Installation & Packaging Tutorial

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