
Tortik Documentation

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Tortik is a frontend micro framework atop of Python Tornado making easier to develop SOA-based applications.

Short explanation of tortik features: <http://glibin.github.io/tortik>

Documentation and installation instructions <http://tortik.readthedocs.org/en/latest/>

SOA (microservices) and tortik use cases at PyCon RU 2014 (in Russian) <http://glibin.github.io/lections/pycon2014/>

Installation

Automatic installation:

```
pip install tortik
```

Tortik is listed in [PyPI](#) and can be installed with `pip` or `easy_install`.

If you plan to use XML backends it's highly recommended to install `lxml` package (tortik will use it if available) which is much faster than native implementation and have more features and additional libraries.

Documentation

2.1 tortik.page.RequestHandler — base class for request handle

2.1.1 Base class for request handle

```
class tortik.page.RequestHandler(application, request, **kwargs)
Base handler for request handle
```

Differs from `tornado.web.RequestHandler` that all method handlers are `@tornado.web.asynchronous` by default.

Handler completion should be done with `self.complete` method instead of `self.finish` for applying postprocessors.

2.1.2 RequestHandler

Methods

```
RequestHandler.make_request(name, method='GET', full_url=None, url_prefix=None, path='',
                            data='', headers=None, connect_timeout=1, request_timeout=2, follow_redirects=True, **kwargs)
```

Class for easier constructing `tornado.httpclient.HTTPRequest` object.

Request url could be constructed with two ways:

- `full_url` argument
- `url_prefix` as domain part and `path` as path part

Parameters

- `name` (`string`) – Name of the request (for later accessing response through `self.responses.get(name)`)
- `method` (`string`) – HTTP method, e.g. “GET” or “POST”
- `full_url` (`string`) – Full url for the requesting server (ex. `http://example.com`)
- `url_prefix` (`string`) – Request url domain part
- `path` (`string`) – Request url path part

- **data** (`string` or `dict`) – Query to be passed to the request (could be a dict and would be translated to a query string)
- **headers** (`tornado.httputil.HTTPHeaders` or `dict`) – Additional HTTP headers to pass on the request
- **connect_timeout** (`float`) – Timeout for initial connection in seconds
- **request_timeout** (`float`) – Timeout for entire request in seconds
- **follow_redirects** (`bool`) – Should redirects be followed automatically or return the 3xx response?
- **kwargs** – any other `tornado.httpclient.HTTPRequest` arguments

Returns `tornado.httpclient.HTTPRequest`

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