
tg-option-container

Release 0.4.0

Sep 01, 2017

Contents

1	Contents	3
2	Getting started	9
3	Development	11
	Python Module Index	13

TG Option Container - Container for dictionary-like validated data structures

Documentation is available on Read the Docs: <http://tg-option-container.readthedocs.io>

CHAPTER 1

Contents

API

```
class tg_option_container.OptionContainer(**kwargs)
    Container for dictionary-like validated data structures
```

Provides a common base logic for building validated dictionaries. Rules are defined by a props attribute on the class. These are mainly used for validating various JSON based configuration data which MUST conform to a specific structure. OptionContainers support single-inheritance based extending (diamond-inheritance does not work). Child classes can also overwrite parent declarations by redefining them in their props.

Examples

```
>>> from tg_option_container import Option, OptionContainer

>>> class SampleOptions(OptionContainer):
>>>     props = [
>>>         Option.integer('verbosity', default=0, choices=[1, 2, 3]),
>>>     ]

>>> class ExtendedSampleOptions(SampleOptions):
>>>     props = [
>>>         Option.integer('timeout', default=30),
>>>     ]
```

Note: *ExtendedSampleOptions* accepts both *timeout* and *verbosity* props.

```
as_dict()
    Get a dictionary representation of this OptionContainer :returns: dict

get(key)
    Get value of key
```

Raises `KeyError` – If key does not exist

set (`key, value`)

Set `key` to `value`

Validate the `value` based on props definition for `key`.

Parameters

- **key** (`Union[str, tuple]`) – Key to set for this option container, if the provided value is a tuple, it's expected to be a point to the nested container key.
- **value** – value to set for key

Raises

- `InvalidOption` – If validation fails
- `AssertionError` – If the `key` is not valid for this container
- `NotImplementedError` – If the current option container instance is nested

class `tg_option_container.Option` (`name, default, validators=None, clean=None, **kwargs`)

Single option definition for option containers

name

`str` – The option name

default

`any` – The default value

validators

`callable` – Callable with signature `fn(value) -> bool` used to validate the input value (can also raise `InvalidOption`)

clean

`callable` – Callable with signature `fn(value) -> any` used to clean the value before running `I{validators}` (can also be a list of callables).

choices

If provided adds `ChoicesValidator` to `I{validators}`

expected_type

If provided adds `TypeValidator` to `I{validators}`. This can also be an instance of `TypeValidator` (or a subclass instance).

min_value

If provided adds `MinValueValidator` to `I{validators}`

max_value

If provided adds `MaxValueValidator` to `I{validators}`

none_to_default

If provided `None` will be treated as `Undefined` (cleaned to default)

resolve_default

If provided default will be treated as a callable

classmethod boolean (`name, default, validators=None, clean=None, **kwargs`)

Option of boolean type

Note: This is a shorthand for: `Option(..., expected_type=bool)`

Parameters

- **name** – see Option.__init__
- **default** – see Option.__init__
- **validators** – see Option.__init__
- **clean** – see Option.__init__
- ****kwargs** – see Option.__init__

classmethod integer (*name, default, validators=None, clean=None, **kwargs*)

Option of integer type

Note: This is a shorthand for: Option(..., expected_type=int)

Parameters

- **name** – see Option.__init__
- **default** – see Option.__init__
- **validators** – see Option.__init__
- **clean** – see Option.__init__
- ****kwargs** – see Option.__init__

classmethod iso8601 (*name, default, validators=None, clean=None, **kwargs*)

Option of iso8601 type

Note:

This is a shorthand for: Option(..., expected_type=datetime.datetime, expected_type__append_=_(‘Please use ISO_8601.’), clean=clean_datetime) ex-

Accepts the following formats:

- ISO_8601
- ISO_8601 with spaces: 2016-05-09 16:00:00 +02:00

Note: For both variants the timezone part is optional and defaults to UTC

Parameters

- **name** – see Option.__init__
- **default** – see Option.__init__
- **validators** – see Option.__init__
- **clean** – see Option.__init__
- ****kwargs** – see Option.__init__

classmethod list (*name*, *default*, *validators=None*, *clean=None*, *inner_type=None*, *allow_empty=True*, ***kwargs*)
Option of list type

Note: This is a shorthand for: Option(..., expected_type=ListValidator(inner_type, autoclean, allow_empty))

Parameters

- **inner_type** (*any*) – Can be used to construct a typed list
- **allow_empty** (*Optional[bool]*) – If False ListValidator will also check that the list is not empty. Defaults to **True**
- **name** – see Option.__init__
- **default** – see Option.__init__
- **validators** – see Option.__init__
- **clean** – see Option.__init__
- ****kwargs** – see Option.__init__

classmethod nested (*name*, *container_cls*, *validators=None*, *clean=None*, ***kwargs*)

Option of string type

Note:

This is a shorthand for: Option(..., expected_type=container_cls, clean=clean_option_container(container_cls))

Parameters

- **container_cls** – The option container to nest
- **name** – see Option.__init__
- **validators** – see Option.__init__
- **clean** – see Option.__init__
- ****kwargs** – see Option.__init__

classmethod string (*name*, *default*, *validators=None*, *clean=None*, ***kwargs*)

Option of string type

Note: This is a shorthand for: Option(..., expected_type=str)

Parameters

- **name** – see Option.__init__
- **default** – see Option.__init__
- **validators** – see Option.__init__
- **clean** – see Option.__init__
- ****kwargs** – see Option.__init__

validate (*value*)

Clean and validate the provided value against I{validators}

Parameters **value** – Value to validate

CHAPTER 2

Getting started

Install tg-option-container:

```
pip install tg-option-container
```

Then use it in your project:

```
from tg_option_container import Option, OptionContainer

class Character(OptionContainer):
    props = [
        Option.string('name', None),
        Option.string('gender', None, choices=('M', 'N')),
    ]

john = Character(name='John Smith', gender='M')

# This will raise: tg_option_container.types.InvalidOption: Invalid choice x for
# option `gender`, choices are ('M', 'N').
mary = Character(name='Mary Smith', gender='x')
```


CHAPTER 3

Development

You can run the tests by running `tox` in the top-level of the project.

Python Module Index

t

tg_option_container, [3](#)

Index

A

as_dict() (tg_option_container.OptionContainer method),
3

B

boolean() (tg_option_container.Option class method), 4

C

choices (tg_option_container.Option attribute), 4
clean (tg_option_container.Option attribute), 4

D

default (tg_option_container.Option attribute), 4

E

expected_type (tg_option_container.Option attribute), 4

G

get() (tg_option_container.OptionContainer method), 3

I

integer() (tg_option_container.Option class method), 5
iso8601() (tg_option_container.Option class method), 5

L

list() (tg_option_container.Option class method), 5

M

max_value (tg_option_container.Option attribute), 4
min_value (tg_option_container.Option attribute), 4

N

name (tg_option_container.Option attribute), 4
nested() (tg_option_container.Option class method), 6
none_to_default (tg_option_container.Option attribute), 4

O

Option (class in tg_option_container), 4

OptionContainer (class in tg_option_container), 3

R

resolve_default (tg_option_container.Option attribute), 4

S

set() (tg_option_container.OptionContainer method), 4
string() (tg_option_container.Option class method), 6

T

tg_option_container (module), 3

V

validate() (tg_option_container.Option method), 7
validators (tg_option_container.Option attribute), 4