
smoothy Documentation

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Contents:

| | | |
|----------|--|-----------|
| 1 | Core functions | 1 |
| 1.1 | Data Analysis | 1 |
| 1.2 | Utils | 2 |
| 2 | Input-Output (IO) | 5 |
| 2.1 | Visualization Functions | 5 |
| 2.2 | FITS handling functions | 6 |
| 3 | User Programmatic Interface (UPI) | 9 |
| 3.1 | Axes Manipulation | 9 |
| 3.2 | Data Manipulation | 11 |
| 3.3 | Flux Manipulation | 13 |
| 3.4 | Data Statistics | 15 |
| 3.5 | Formatting | 16 |
| 4 | Indices and tables | 17 |
| | Python Module Index | 19 |

CHAPTER 1

Core functions

Note: For Developers and Advanced Users

Functions used by UPI.

1.1 Data Analysis

`smoothy.core.analysis.denoise(data, threshold)`

Performs denoising of data cube, thresholding over the threshold value.

Parameters `data` : numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or or astropy.nddata.NDData

Astronomical data cube.

threshold : float

Threshold value used for denoising.

Returns `result` : numpy.ndarray

Denoised (thresholded) astronomical data cube.

`smoothy.core.analysis.gaussian_function(mu, P, feat, peak)`

Generates an N-dimensional Gaussian using the feature matrix `feat`, centered at `mu`, with precision matrix `P` and with intensity peak.

Parameters `mu` : numpy.ndarray

Centers of gaussians array.

`P` : numpy.ndarray

Precision matrix.

`feat` : numpy.ndarray.

Features matrix.

peak : float

Peak value of the resulting evaluation.

Returns result: 2D numpy.ndarray

Returns the gaussian function evaluated at the value on feat.

`smoothy.core.analysis.integrate(data, mask=None, axis=0)`

Sums the slices of a cube of data given an axis.

Parameters **data** : (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

mask : numpy.ndarray (default = None)

axis : int (default=(0))

Returns A numpy array with the integration results.

`smoothy.core.analysis.rms(data, mask=None)`

Compute the RMS of data. If mask != None, then we use that mask.

Parameters **data** : (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

mask : numpy.ndarray (default = None)

Returns RMS of the data (float)

1.2 Utils

`smoothy.core.utilities.add(data, flux, lower, upper)`

Adds flux to a sub-cube of an astronomical data cube.

Parameters **data** : numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or or astropy.nddata.NDData

Astronomical data cube.

flux : numpy.ndarray

Flux added to the cube.

lower : tuple

Lower bound of the sub-cube to which flux will be added.

upper : tuple

Upper bound of the sub-cube to which flux will be added.

`smoothy.core.utilities.fix_limits(data, vect)`

Fix vect index to be inside data

Parameters **data** : numpy.ndarray or numpy.ma.MaskedArray

Astronomical data cube.

vect : tuple, list or numpy.ndarray

Array with the indexes to be fixed.

Returns result : numpy.ndarray

Fixed array of indexes.

`smoothy.core.utilities.fix_mask(data, mask)`

Parameters data : numpy.ndarray or numpy.ma.MaskedArray

Astronomical data cube.

mask : numpy.ndarray

Boolean that will be applied.

Returns result : numpy.ma.MaskedArray

Masked astronomical data cube.

`smoothy.core.utilities.index_features(data, lower=None, upper=None)`

Creates an array with indices in features format

`smoothy.core.utilities.matching_slabs(data, flux, lower, upper)`

Obtain the matching subcube inside the lower and upper points.

Parameters data : numpy.ndarray

First data cube

flux : numpy.ndarray

Second data cube

lower : tuple

Lower coordinates for the subcube.

upper : tuple

Upper coordinates for the subcube.

Returns The subcube inside the lower and upper points that matches both data cube dimensions.

`smoothy.core.utilities.slab(data, lower=None, upper=None)`

Obtain the n-dimensional slab from lower to upper (i.e. slab is a vector of slices)

Parameters data : numpy.ndarray

Astronomical data cube.

lower : 3-tuple (default=None)

Lower coordinates for the subcube.

upper : 3-tuple (default=None)

Upper coordinates for the subcube.

Returns result : list

list of slices using lower and upper coordinates to create a subcube.

`smoothy.core.utilities.standarize(data)`

Standarize astronomical data cubes in the 0-1 range.

Parameters data : numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or or astropy.nddata.NDData

Astronomical data cube.

Returns result : tuple

Tuple containing the standarized numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData cube, the factor scale y_{fact} and the shift y_{min} .

`smoothy.core.utilities.unstandarize(data, a, b)`

Unstandarize the astronomical data cube: $a \cdot data + b$.

Parameters `data` : numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or or astropy.nddata.NDData

Astronomical data cube.

a : float

Scale value.

b : float

Shift value.

Returns result : numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData

Unstandarized astronomical cube.

CHAPTER 2

Input-Output (IO)

2.1 Visualization Functions

`smoothy.io.graph.visualize(data, wcs=None, unit=None, contour=False)`

Generic function to visualize data, line-plot for 1D and image for 2D.

Parameters `data` : numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical image

`wcs` : astropy.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System from the image (not needed if contained in NDData)

`unit` : astropy.unit

Image units (not needed if contained in NDData)

`contour` : numpy.ndarray

For plotting Contours

`smoothy.io.graph.visualize_image(data, wcs=None, unit=None, contour=False)`

Plot 2D astronomical data.

Parameters `data` : numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical image

`wcs` : astropy.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System from the image (not needed if contained in NDData)

`unit` : astropy.unit

Image units (not needed if contained in NDData)

`contour` : numpy.ndarray

For plotting Contours

`smoothy.io.graph.visualize_plot(data, wcs=None, unit=None)`

Plot 1D data for astronomical data.

Parameters `data` : numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData

Astronomical image

`wcs` : astropy.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System from the image (not needed if contained in NDData)

`unit` : astropy.unit

Image units (not needed if contained in NDData)

`smoothy.io.graph.visualize_spectra(data, wcs=None, unit=None, velocities=False)`

Plot spectra from astronomical data.

Parameters `data` : numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data

`wcs` : astropy.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System from the image (not needed if contained in NDData)

`unit` : astropy.unit

Image units (not needed if contained in NDData)

`velocities: bool`

Use spectral velocities

`smoothy.io.graph.visualize_volume(data, wcs=None, unit=None)`

Plot 3D astronomical data.

Parameters `data` : numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical cube

`wcs` : astropy.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System from the image (not needed if contained in NDData)

`unit` : astropy.unit

Image units (not needed if contained in NDData)

2.2 FITS handling functions

`smoothy.io.fits.Data_to_HDU(cube, primary=False)`

Create a HDU object from an N-dimensional dataset.

Parameters `cube` : numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

`primary` : bool

Whether to pick the primary or an image HDU.

Returns result: HDU object with data from the data cube.

`smoothy.io.fits.HDU_to_Data(hdu)`

Create an N-dimensional dataset from an HDU component.

Parameters `hdu` : HDU object

HDU to transform into an N-dimensional dataset.

Returns result: astropy.nddata.NDDataRef with data from the HDU object.

`smoothy.io.fits.HDU_to_Table(hdu)`

Create a data table from a HDU component.

Parameters `hdu` : HDU object

HDU to transform into a data table.

Returns result: astropy.table.Table with data from the HDU.

`smoothy.io.fits.Table_to_HDU(tab)`

Create a HDU object from a data table.

Parameters `tab` : astropy.table.Table

Table to transform into a HDU object.

Returns result: HDU object with data from the data table.

`smoothy.io.fits.load_fits(filePath, primary=False)`

Loads a FITS file and converts it into an N-Dimensional Dataset.

Parameters `filepath` : path of the FITS file.

`primary` : bool

if True it gets only primary data-cube.

Returns Primary NDData image or astropy table, and/or:

N-Dimensional Datasets and Astropy Tables lists

CHAPTER 3

User Programmatic Interface (UPI)

Functions to simplificate the programming task for standard users.

3.1 Axes Manipulation

`smoothy.upi.axes.axes_names (data, wcs=None)`

Get the axes's names.

Parameters `data` : (M,N) or (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

`wcs` : astropy.wcs.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System to use.

Returns result: numpy.ndarray

Numpy ndarray with the axes's names from the WCS.

`smoothy.upi.axes.axes_units (data, wcs=None)`

Get units of the axes

Parameters `data` : (M,N) or (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

`wcs` : astropy.wcs.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System to use.

Returns result: (M,N) or (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray

Vector with the units of the axes

`smoothy.upi.axes.center(data, wcs=None)`

Get center of the data

Parameters `data` : (M,N) or (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

`wcs` : astropy.wcs.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System to use.

Returns result: astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Center of the data

`smoothy.upi.axes.extent(data, wcs=None, region=None)`

Get the axes extent.

Parameters `data` : (M,N) or (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

`wcs` : astropy.wcs.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System to use.

`region : (lower : (M,N) or (M,N,Z), upper`

Start and End index in data (int tuples)

Returns result: (M, N) tuple of astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Axes extent

`smoothy.upi.axes.features(data, wcs=None, region=None)`

Creates an array with WCS axes in features format

Parameters `data` : (M,N) or (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

`wcs` : astropy.wcs.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System to use.

`region : (lower : (M,N) or (M,N,Z), upper`

Start and End index in data (int tuples)

Returns result: astropy.table.Table

Table with WCS information of a section from the data.

`smoothy.upi.axes.opening(data, center, window, wcs=None)`

Field of view (center +- window) converted to indices

Parameters `data` : (M,N) or (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

`center` : astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Center of the field of view in WCS.

`window` : astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Window for the field in WCS.

wcs : astropy.wcs.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System to use.

Returns

result: ((M1,N1,Z1),(M2,N2,Z2)) tuple of tuple of ints

`smoothy.upi.axes.resolution(data, wcs=None)`

Get the resolution of data

Parameters **data** : (M,N) or (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

wcs : astropy.wcs.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System to use.

Returns result: (M,N) or (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray

Resolution of the data

`smoothy.upi.axes.spectral_velocities(data, wcs=None, fqs=None, fqis=None, restfrq=None)`

Get the spectral velocities from frequencies fqs given a rest frequency (by default search for it in the WCS). If fqs is None, then frequencies indices (fqis) need to be given.

Parameters **data** : (M,N) or (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

wcs : astropy.wcs.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System to use.

fqs : astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Array of frequencies with units.

fqis : list of integers

Array of frequencies indices

restfrq : astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Rest frequency

Returns result: astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Array of Spectral velocities.

3.2 Data Manipulation

```
class smoothy.upi.data.Data(data, uncertainty=None, mask=None, wcs=None, meta=None, unit=None, copy=False)
```

A generic representation of astronomical n-dimensional data array. Extends NDData.

axes_names()

Get the axes's names.

Returns result: numpy.ndarray

Numpy ndarray with the axes's names from the WCS.

axes_units()

Get units of the axes

Returns result: (M,N) or (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray

Vector with the units of the axes

center()

Get center of the data

Returns result: astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Center of the data

extent (region=None)

Get the axes extent.

Parameters region : (lower : (M,N) or (M,N,Z), upper

Start and End index in data (int tuples)

Returns result: (M, N) tuple of astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Axes extent

features (region=None)

Creates an array with WCS area in features format

Parameters region : (lower : (M,N) or (M,N,Z), upper

Start and End index in data (int tuples)

Returns result: astropy.table.Table

Table with WCS information of a section from the data.

opening (center, window)

Field of view (center +- window) converted to indices

Parameters center : astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Center of the field of view in WCS.

window : astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Window for the field in WCS.

Returns result: ((M1,N1,Z1),(M2,N2,Z2)) tuple of tuple of ints

resolution()

Get the resolution of data

Returns result: (M,N) or (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray

Resolution of the data

spectral_velocities (fqs=None, fqis=None, restfrq=None)

Get the spectral velocities from frequencies fqs given a rest frequency (by default search for it in the WCS). If fqs is None, then frequencies indices (fqis) need to be given.

Parameters fqs : astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Array of frequencies with units.

fqis : list of integers

Array of frequencies indices
restfrq : astropy.units.quantity.Quantity
Rest frequency
Returns result: astropy.units.quantity.Quantity
Array of Spectral velocities.

3.3 Flux Manipulation

`smoothy.upi.flux.add(data, flux, lower=None, upper=None, wcs=None, unit=None, meta=None, mask=None)`

Create a new data with the new flux added.

Lower and upper are bounds for data. This operation is border-safe and creates a new object at each call.

Parameters **data** : (M,N) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

flux : float

Flux of data

lower : numpy.ndarray

upper : numpy.ndarray

Bounds for data

wcs : World Coordinate System data (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/wcs/>)

mask : numpy.ndarray

mask for the data

unit : astropy.units.Unit

Astropy Unit (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/units/>)

meta : FITS metadata

Returns NDDataRef: structure with new flux added

`smoothy.upi.flux.denoise(data, wcs=None, mask=None, unit=None, threshold=0.0)`

Simple denoising given a threshold (creates a new object)

Parameters **data** : (M,N) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

wcs : World Coordinate System data (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/wcs/>)

mask : numpy.ndarray

mask for the data

unit : astropy.units.Unit

Astropy Unit (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/units/>)

threshold : float

Returns NDDataRef: Data denoised

`smoothy.upi.flux.noise_level(data, mask=None, unit=None)`

Compute the RMS of data.

Parameters **data** : (M,N) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

mask : numpy.ndarray

mask for the data

unit : astropy.units.Unit

Astropy Unit (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/units/>)

Returns **rms** : float

RMS of data

`smoothy.upi.flux.standarize(data, wcs=None, unit=None, mask=None, meta=None)`

Standarize data:

Parameters **data** : (M,N) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

wcs : World Coordinate System data (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/wcs/>)

mask : numpy.ndarray

mask for the data

unit : astropy.units.Unit

Astropy Unit (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/units/>)

meta : FITS metadata

Returns Standarized data where $\text{data} = a * \text{res} + b$

`smoothy.upi.flux.unstandarize(data, a, b, wcs=None, unit=None, mask=None, meta=None)`

Unstandarize data: $\text{res} = a * \text{data} + b$

Parameters **data** : (M,N) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

a : float

slope of straight

b : float

Intercept of straight

wcs : World Coordinate System data (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/wcs/>)

mask : numpy.ndarray

mask for the data

unit : astropy.units.Unit

Astropy Unit (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/units/>)

meta : FITS metadata

Returns NDDataRef: Unstandarized data: $\text{res} = a * \text{data} + b$

`smoothy.upi.flux.world_gaussian(data, mu, P, peak, cutoff, wcs=None)`

Creates a gaussian flux at mu position (WCS), with P shape, with a maximum value equal to peak, and with compact support up to the cutoff contour

Parameters **data** : (M,N) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

mu : float

P : tuple

Shape of result

peak : float

maximum value

cutoff :

wcs : World Coordinate System data (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/wcs/>)

Returns Tuple of gaussian flux and borders

3.4 Data Statistics

`smoothy.upi.reduction.moment0 (data, wcs=None, mask=None, unit=None, restfrq=None)`

Calculate moment 0 from a data cube.

Parameters **data** : (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

wcs : astropy.wcs.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System to use.

mask : numpy.ndarray

Mask for data.

unit : astropy.units.Unit

Astropy unit (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/units/>).

restfrq : astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Rest frequency

Returns result: astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Moment 0 of the data cube

`smoothy.upi.reduction.moment1 (data, wcs=None, mask=None, unit=None, restfrq=None)`

Calculate moment 1 from a data cube.

Parameters **data** : (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData

Astronomical data cube.

wcs : astropy.wcs.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System to use

mask : numpy.ndarray

Mask for data.

unit : astropy.units.Unit

Astropy unit (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/units/>)

restfrq : astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Rest frequency

Returns result: astropy.nddata.NDData

Moment 1 of the data cube

`smoothy.upi.reduction.moment2 (data, wcs=None, mask=None, unit=None, restfrq=None)`

Calculate moment 2 from a data cube.

Parameters `data` : (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

`wcs` : astropy.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System to use

`mask` : numpy.ndarray

Mask for data.

`unit` : astropy.units.Unit

Astropy unit (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/units/>)

`restfrq` : astropy.units.quantity.Quantity

Rest frequency

Returns result: astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Moment 2 of the data cube

`smoothy.upi.reduction.spectra (data, wcs=None, mask=None, unit=None, restrict=None)`

Parameters `data` : (M,N,Z) numpy.ndarray or astropy.nddata.NDData or astropy.nddata.NDDataRef

Astronomical data cube.

`wcs` : astropy.wcs.wcs.WCS

World Coordinate System to use

`mask` : numpy.ndarray

Mask for data.

`unit` : astropy.units.Unit

Astropy unit (<http://docs.astropy.org/en/stable/units/>)

`restrict` : boolean

Returns result: astropy.nddata.NDData

Moment 2 of the data cube

3.5 Formatting

CHAPTER 4

Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- search

Python Module Index

S

`smoothy.core.analysis`, 1
`smoothy.core.utilities`, 2
`smoothy.io.fits`, 6
`smoothy.io.graph`, 5
`smoothy.upi.axes`, 9
`smoothy.upi.data`, 11
`smoothy.upi.flux`, 13
`smoothy.upi.formatting`, 16
`smoothy.upi.reduction`, 15

Index

A

add() (in module smoothy.core.utilities), 2
add() (in module smoothy.upi.flux), 13
axes_names() (in module smoothy.upi.axes), 9
axes_names() (smoothy.upi.data.Data method), 11
axes_units() (in module smoothy.upi.axes), 9
axes_units() (smoothy.upi.data.Data method), 12

C

center() (in module smoothy.upi.axes), 9
center() (smoothy.upi.data.Data method), 12

D

Data (class in smoothy.upi.data), 11
Data_to_HDU() (in module smoothy.io.fits), 6
denoise() (in module smoothy.core.analysis), 1
denoise() (in module smoothy.upi.flux), 13

E

extent() (in module smoothy.upi.axes), 10
extent() (smoothy.upi.data.Data method), 12

F

features() (in module smoothy.upi.axes), 10
features() (smoothy.upi.data.Data method), 12
fix_limits() (in module smoothy.core.utilities), 2
fix_mask() (in module smoothy.core.utilities), 3

G

gaussian_function() (in module smoothy.core.analysis), 1

H

HDU_to_Data() (in module smoothy.io.fits), 6
HDU_to_Table() (in module smoothy.io.fits), 7

I

index_features() (in module smoothy.core.utilities), 3
integrate() (in module smoothy.core.analysis), 2

L

load_fits() (in module smoothy.io.fits), 7

M

matching_slabs() (in module smoothy.core.utilities), 3
moment0() (in module smoothy.upi.reduction), 15
moment1() (in module smoothy.upi.reduction), 15
moment2() (in module smoothy.upi.reduction), 16

N

noise_level() (in module smoothy.upi.flux), 13

O

opening() (in module smoothy.upi.axes), 10
opening() (smoothy.upi.data.Data method), 12

R

resolution() (in module smoothy.upi.axes), 11
resolution() (smoothy.upi.data.Data method), 12
rms() (in module smoothy.core.analysis), 2

S

slab() (in module smoothy.core.utilities), 3
smoothy.core.analysis (module), 1
smoothy.core.utilities (module), 2
smoothy.io.fits (module), 6
smoothy.io.graph (module), 5
smoothy.upi.axes (module), 9
smoothy.upi.data (module), 11
smoothy.upi.flux (module), 13
smoothy.upi.formatting (module), 16
smoothy.upi.reduction (module), 15
spectra() (in module smoothy.upi.reduction), 16
spectral_velocities() (in module smoothy.upi.axes), 11
spectral_velocities() (smoothy.upi.data.Data method), 12
standarize() (in module smoothy.core.utilities), 3
standarize() (in module smoothy.upi.flux), 14

T

Table_to_HDU() (in module smoothy.io.fits), 7

U

unstandarize() (in module smoothy.core.utilities), 4

unstandarize() (in module smoothy.upi.flux), 14

V

visualize() (in module smoothy.io.graph), 5

visualize_image() (in module smoothy.io.graph), 5

visualize_plot() (in module smoothy.io.graph), 5

visualize_spectra() (in module smoothy.io.graph), 6

visualize_volume() (in module smoothy.io.graph), 6

W

world_gaussian() (in module smoothy.upi.flux), 14