
python-sane Documentation

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Andrew Kuchling, Ralph Heinkel, Sandro Mani

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The sane module is an Python interface to the SANE (Scanning is Now Easy) library, which provides access to various raster scanning devices such as flatbed scanners and digital cameras. For more information about SANE, consult the SANE website at www.sane-project.org. Note that this documentation doesn't duplicate all the information in the SANE documentation, which you must also consult to get a complete understanding.

This module has been originally developed by [A.M. Kuchling](#), it is currently maintained by [Sandro Mani](#).

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Indices

- `genindex`
- `search`

Reference

`sane.init()`

Initialize sane.

Returns A tuple (`sane_ver`, `ver_maj`, `ver_min`, `ver_patch`).

Raises `_sane.error` If an error occurs.

`sane.get_devices(localOnly=False)`

Return a list of 4-tuples containing the available scanning devices. If *localOnly* is *True*, only local devices will be returned. Each tuple is of the format (`device_name`, `vendor`, `model`, `type`), with:

- *device_name* – The device name, suitable for passing to `sane.open()`.
- *vendor* – The device vendor.
- *model* – The device model vendor.
- *type* – the device type, such as "virtual device" or "video camera".

Returns A list of scanning devices.

Raises `_sane.error` If an error occurs.

`sane.open(devname)`

Open a device for scanning. Suitable values for `devname` are returned in the first item of the tuples returned by `sane.get_devices()`.

Returns A `SaneDev` object on success.

Raises `_sane.error` If an error occurs.

`sane.exit()`

Exit sane.

class `sane.SaneDev(devname)`

Class representing a SANE device. Besides the functions documented below, the class has some special attributes which can be read:

- *devname* – The scanner device name (as passed to `sane.open()`).
- *sane_signature* – The tuple (`devname`, `brand`, `name`, `type`).
- *scanner_model* – The tuple (`brand`, `name`).
- *opt* – Dictionary of options.
- *optlist* – List of option names.

- area* – Scan area.

Furthermore, the scanner options are also exposed as attributes, which can be read and set:

```
print scanner.mode
scanner.mode = 'Color'
```

An *Option* object for a scanner option can be retrieved via `__getitem__()`, i.e.:

```
option = scanner['mode']
```

arr_scan()

Convenience method which calls *SaneDev.start()* followed by *SaneDev.arr_snap()*.

arr_snap()

Read image data and return a 3d numpy array of the shape (nbands, width, height).

Returns A `numpy.array` object.

Raises

- **_sane.error** – If an error occurs.
- **RuntimeError** – If *numpy* cannot be imported.

cancel()

Cancel an in-progress scanning operation.

close()

Close the scanning device.

fileno()

Returns The file descriptor for the scanning device, if any.

Raises **_sane.error** If an error occurs.

get_options()

Returns A list of tuples describing all the available options.

get_parameters()

Returns a 5-tuple holding all the current device settings: (format, last_frame, (pixels_per_line, lines), depth, bytes_per_line)

•*format* – One of "grey", "color", "red", "green", "blue" or "unknown format".

•*last_frame* – Whether this is the last frame of a multi frame image.

•*pixels_per_line* – Width of the scanned image.

•*lines* – Height of the scanned image.

•*depth* – The number of bits per sample.

•*bytes_per_line* – The number of bytes per line.

Returns A tuple containing the device settings.

Raises **_sane.error** If an error occurs.

Note: Some backends may return different parameters depending on whether *SaneDev.start()* was called or not.

multi_scan()

Returns A *_SaneIterator* for ADF scans.

scan()

Convenience method which calls *SaneDev.start()* followed by *SaneDev.snap()*.

snap(*no_cancel=False*)

Read image data and return a *PIL.Image* object. An RGB image is returned for multi-band images, a L image for single-band images. *no_cancel* is used for ADF scans by *__SaneIterator*.

Returns A *PIL.Image* object.

Raises

- **_sane.error** – If an error occurs.
- **RuntimeError** – If *PIL.Image* cannot be imported.

start()

Initiate a scanning operation.

Throws _sane.error If an error occurs, for instance if a option is set to an invalid value.

class sane.Option(*args, scanDev*)

Class representing a SANE option. These are returned by a *SaneDev.__getitem__()* lookup of an option on the device, i.e.:

```
option = scanner["mode"]
```

The *Option* class has the following attributes:

- *index* – Number from 0 to n, giving the option number.
- *name* – A string uniquely identifying the option.
- *title* – Single-line string containing a title for the option.
- *desc* – A long string describing the option, useful as a **help** message.
- *type* – Type of this option: **TYPE_BOOL**, **TYPE_INT**, **TYPE_STRING**, etc.
- *unit* – Units of this option. **UNIT_NONE**, **UNIT_PIXEL**, etc.
- *size* – Size of the value in bytes.
- *cap* – Capabilities available: **CAP_EMULATED**, **CAP_SOFT_SELECT**, etc.
- *constraint* – Constraint on values. Possible values:
 - None : No constraint
 - (min,max,step) : Range
 - list of integers or strings: listed of permitted values

is_active()

Returns Whether the option is active.

is_settable()

Returns Whether the option is settable.

class sane._SaneIterator(*device*)

Iterator for ADF scans.

Example

```
1  #!/usr/bin/env python
2
3  from __future__ import print_function
4  import sane
5  import numpy
6  from PIL import Image
7
8  #
9  # Change these for 16bit / grayscale scans
10 #
11 depth = 8
12 mode = 'color'
13
14 #
15 # Initialize sane
16 #
17 ver = sane.init()
18 print('SANE version:', ver)
19
20 #
21 # Get devices
22 #
23 devices = sane.get_devices()
24 print('Available devices:', devices)
25
26 #
27 # Open first device
28 #
29 dev = sane.open(devices[0][0])
30
31 #
32 # Set some options
33 #
34 params = dev.get_parameters()
35 try:
36     dev.depth = depth
37 except:
38     print('Cannot set depth, defaulting to %d' % params[3])
39
40 try:
41     dev.mode = mode
42 except:
43     print('Cannot set mode, defaulting to %s' % params[0])
```

```
44
45 try:
46     dev.br_x = 320.
47     dev.br_y = 240.
48 except:
49     print('Cannot set scan area, using default')
50
51 params = dev.get_parameters()
52 print('Device parameters:', params)
53
54 #
55 # Start a scan and get and PIL.Image object
56 #
57 dev.start()
58 im = dev.snap()
59 im.save('test_pil.png')
60
61
62 #
63 # Start another scan and get a numpy array object
64 #
65 # Initiate the scan and get and numpy array
66 dev.start()
67 arr = dev.arr_snap()
68 print("Array shape: %s, size: %d, type: %s, range: %d-%d, mean: %.1f, stddev: "
69       "%.1f" % (repr(arr.shape), arr.size, arr.dtype, arr.min(), arr.max(),
70               arr.mean(), arr.std()))
71
72 if arr.dtype == numpy.uint16:
73     arr = (arr / 255).astype(numpy.uint8)
74
75 if params[0] == 'color':
76     im = Image.frombytes('RGB', arr.shape[1:], arr.tostring(), 'raw', 'RGB', 0,
77                         1)
78 else:
79     im = Image.frombytes('L', arr.shape[1:], arr.tostring(), 'raw', 'L', 0, 1)
80
81 im.save('test_numpy.png')
82
83 #
84 # Close the device
85 #
86 dev.close()
```

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