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# **PySlot Documentation**

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*PySlot* a dead-simple signal/slot library for Python.



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### Installation

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You may install it by using *pip*:

```
pip install pyslot
```





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## Basic usage

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*PySlot* provides two signal classes:

- *Signal* for basic signals in mono-threaded code.
- *ThreadSafeSignal* for cross-thread signal instance usage.

Both have the same interface and can be used like so:

```
from pyslot import Signal

def greet(name, msg):
    print("{name} says: {msg}".format(name=name, msg=msg))

signal = Signal()
signal.connect(greet)

signal.emit("alice", msg="Hi Bob !")
signal.emit("bob", msg="Hi Alice !")
```

The *connect* function takes a weak-reference to any callable that will in turn be called whenever the *emit* method gets called.

A signal can be connected to several callables, which will all be called *in their registration order*.

It is also possible to disconnect a callable from the signal by calling the *disconnect* method with that callable as the single argument. Since only a weak-reference to the callable is kept, destroying the callable will implicitly disconnect it from the signal as well.

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**Note:** No matter what variant of the *Signal* class you use, it is **always** safe for a callable to call *disconnect*, be it for itself or for another callable.

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### 3.1 API

*PySlot* comes with two different signal classes:

**class** `pyslot.Signal`

A basic, synchronous, signal implementation.

**Warning:** This class is **NOT** thread-safe.

In particular, attempting to connect, disconnect or emit the signal simultaneously from different threads has unspecified behaviour.

If you need that kind of thread-safety and can pay the cost for it, look at the `ThreadSafeSignal` class instead.

**connect** (*callback*)

Connects a new callback to this signal.

**Parameters** `callback` – The callback to connect.

*callback* will be called whenever *emit* gets called on the *Signal* instance.

A weak reference is kept, meaning that if the callback gets destroyed, it is unregistered from the signal automatically.

This design choice helps avoiding circular references in user-code.

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**Note:** Connecting the same callback twice or more will cause the callback to be called several times per *emit* call.

You will have to call *disconnect* as many times as the *connect* call was called to unregister a callback completely.

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**disconnect** (*callback*)

Disconnects a callback from this signal.

**Parameters** `callback` – The callback to disconnect.

**Warning:** If the callback is not connected at the time of call, a `ValueError` exception is thrown.

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**Note:** You may call *disconnect* from a connected callback.

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**emit** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)  
Emit the signal.

**Parameters**

- **args** – The arguments.
- **kwargs** – The keyword arguments.

All the connected callbacks will be called synchronously in order of their registration.

**class** `pyslot.ThreadSafeSignal`  
A thread-safe, synchronous, signal implementation.

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**Note:** This class is thread-safe. You may connect, disconnect or emit the signal from different threads.

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**connect** (callback)  
Connects a new callback to this signal.

**Parameters** **callback** – The callback to connect.

*callback* will be called whenever *emit* gets called on the *Signal* instance.

A weak reference is kept, meaning that if the callback gets destroyed, it is unregistered from the signal automatically.

This design choice helps avoiding circular references in user-code.

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**Note:** Connecting the same callback twice or more will cause the callback to be called several times per *emit* call.

You will have to call *disconnect* as many times as the *connect* call was called to unregister a callback completely.

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**disconnect** (callback)  
Disconnects a callback from this signal.

**Parameters** **callback** – The callback to disconnect.

**Warning:** If the callback is not connected at the time of call, a `ValueError` exception is thrown.

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**Note:** You may call *disconnect* from a connected callback.

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**emit** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)  
Emit the signal.

**Parameters**

- **args** – The arguments.
- **kwargs** – The keyword arguments.

All the connected callbacks will be called synchronously in order of their registration.

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