
LD-Net Documentation

Liyuan Liu

Dec 25, 2018

Language Modeling

1 Language Modeling	3
1.1 model_word_ada.adaptive module	3
1.2 model_word_ada.basic module	4
1.3 model_word_ada.dataset module	5
1.4 model_word_ada.densenet module	6
1.5 model_word_ada.ldnet module	7
1.6 model_word_ada.LM module	8
1.7 model_word_ada.utils module	9
2 Sequence Labeling	11
2.1 model_seq.crf module	11
2.2 model_seq.dataset module	12
2.3 model_seq.elmo module	13
2.4 model_seq.evaluator module	15
2.5 model_seq.seqlabel module	16
2.6 model_seq.seqlm module	18
2.7 model_seq.sparse_lm module	19
2.8 model_seq.utils module	21
3 Indices and tables	23
Python Module Index	25

Check Our New NER Toolkit

- **Inference:**
 - [LightNER](#): inference w. models pre-trained / trained w. *any* following tools, *efficiently*.
 - **Training:**
 - [LD-Net](#): train NER models w. efficient contextualized representations.
 - [VanillaNER](#): train vanilla NER models w. pre-trained embedding.
 - **Distant Training:**
 - [AutoNER](#): train NER models w.o. line-by-line annotations and get competitive performance.
-

This project provides high-performance word-level language model, and sequence labeling with contextualized representation. The key feature of this project is the support of language model pruning without retraining.

Details about LD-Net can be accessed at: <https://arxiv.org/abs/1804.07827>.

CHAPTER 1

Language Modeling

1.1 model_word_ada.adaptive module

```
class model_word_ada.adaptive.AdaptiveSoftmax(input_size, cutoff)
The adaptive softmax layer. Modified from: https://github.com/rosinality/adaptive-softmax-pytorch/blob/master/adasoft.py
```

Parameters

- **input_size** (int, required.) – The input dimension.
- **cutoff** (list, required.) – The list of cutoff values.

forward(*w_in*, *target*)

Calculate the log-likelihood w.o. calculate the full distribution.

Parameters

- **w_in** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (word_num, input_dim).
- **target** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – the target of the language model, of shape (word_num).

Returns loss – The NLL loss.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

log_prob(*w_in*, *device*)

Calculate log-probability for the whole dictionary.

Parameters

- **w_in** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (word_num, input_dim).
- **device** (torch.device, required.) – the target device for calculation.

Returns prob – The full log-probability.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

rand_ini()

Random Initialization.

1.2 model_word_ada.basic module

class model_word_ada.basic.BasicRNN(*layer_num*, *unit*, *emb_dim*, *hid_dim*, *droprate*)
The multi-layer recurrent networks for the vanilla stacked RNNs.

Parameters

- **layer_num** (int, required.) – The number of layers.
- **unit** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – The type of rnn unit.
- **input_dim** (int, required.) – The input dimension fo the unit.
- **hid_dim** (int, required.) – The hidden dimension fo the unit.
- **droprate** (float, required.) – The dropout ratrio.

forward(*x*)

Calculate the output.

Parameters **x** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, input_dim).

Returns **output** – The output of RNNs.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

init_hidden()

Initialize hidden states.

rand_ini()

Random Initialization.

to_params()

To parameters.

class model_word_ada.basic.BasicUnit(*unit*, *input_dim*, *hid_dim*, *droprate*)
The basic recurrent unit for the vanilla stacked RNNs.

Parameters

- **unit** (str, required.) – The type of rnn unit.
- **input_dim** (int, required.) – The input dimension fo the unit.
- **hid_dim** (int, required.) – The hidden dimension fo the unit.
- **droprate** (float, required.) – The dropout ratrio.

forward(*x*)

Calculate the output.

Parameters **x** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, input_dim).

Returns **output** – The output of RNNs.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

init_hidden()

Initialize hidden states.

rand_ini()

Random Initialization.

1.3 model_word_ada.dataset module

class model_word_ada.dataset.**EvalDataset** (*dataset*, *sequence_length*)
Dataset for Language Modeling

Parameters

- **dataset** (list, required.) – The encoded dataset (outputs of preprocess scripts).
- **sequence_length** (int, required.) – Sequence Length.

construct_index()

construct index for the dataset.

get_tqdm (*device*)

construct dataset reader and the corresponding tqdm.

Parameters **device** (torch.device, required.) – the target device for the dataset loader.

reader (*device*)

construct dataset reader.

Parameters **device** (torch.device, required.) – the target device for the dataset loader.

Returns **reader** – A lazy iterable object

Return type iterator.

class model_word_ada.dataset.**LargeDataset** (*root*, *range_idx*, *batch_size*, *sequence_length*)
Lazy Dataset for Language Modeling

Parameters

- **root** (str, required.) – The root folder for dataset files.
- **range_idx** (int, required.) – The maximum file index for the input files (train_*.pk).
- **batch_size** (int, required.) – Batch size.
- **sequence_length** (int, required.) – Sequence Length.

get_tqdm (*device*)

construct dataset reader and the corresponding tqdm.

Parameters **device** (torch.device, required.) – the target device for the dataset loader.

open_next()

Open the next file.

reader (*device*)

construct dataset reader.

Parameters **device** (torch.device, required.) – the target device for the dataset loader.

Returns **reader** – A lazy iterable object

Return type iterator.

```
shuffle()  
    shuffle dataset
```

1.4 model_word_ada.densenet module

```
class model_word_ada.densenet.BasicUnit(unit, input_dim, increase_rate, droprate)  
The basic recurrent unit for the densely connected RNNs.
```

Parameters

- **unit** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – The type of rnn unit.
- **input_dim** (float, required.) – The input dimension fo the unit.
- **increase_rate** (float, required.) – The hidden dimension fo the unit.
- **droprate** (float, required.) – The dropout ratrio.

```
forward(x)
```

Calculate the output.

Parameters **x** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, input_dim).

Returns **output** – The output of RNNs.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

```
init_hidden()
```

Initialize hidden states.

```
rand_ini()
```

Random Initialization.

```
class model_word_ada.densenet.DenseRNN(layer_num, unit, emb_dim, hid_dim, droprate)  
The multi-layer recurrent networks for the densely connected RNNs.
```

Parameters

- **layer_num** (float, required.) – The number of layers.
- **unit** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – The type of rnn unit.
- **input_dim** (float, required.) – The input dimension fo the unit.
- **hid_dim** (float, required.) – The hidden dimension fo the unit.
- **droprate** (float, required.) – The dropout ratrio.

```
forward(x)
```

Calculate the output.

Parameters **x** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, input_dim).

Returns **output** – The output of RNNs.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

```
init_hidden()
```

Initialize hidden states.

```
rand_ini()
```

Random Initialization.

to_params()
To parameters.

1.5 model_word_ada.ldnet module

```
class model_word_ada.ldnet.BasicUnit(unit,      input_dim,      increase_rate,
                                      layer_drop=0)
```

The basic recurrent unit for the densely connected RNNs with layer-wise dropout.

Parameters

- **unit** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – The type of rnn unit.
- **input_dim** (float, required.) – The input dimension fo the unit.
- **increase_rate** (float, required.) – The hidden dimension fo the unit.
- **droprate** (float, required.) – The dropout ratrio.
- **layer_dropout** (float, required.) – The layer-wise dropout ratrio.

forward(x, p_out)

Calculate the output.

Parameters

- **x** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, input_dim).
- **p_out** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – the final output tensor for the softmax, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, input_dim).

Returns

- **out** (torch.FloatTensor.) – The undropped outputs of RNNs to the softmax.
- **p_out** (torch.FloatTensor.) – The dropped outputs of RNNs to the next_layer.

init_hidden()

Initialize hidden states.

rand_ini()

Random Initialization.

```
class model_word_ada.ldnet.LDRNN(layer_num, unit, emb_dim, hid_dim, droprate, layer_drop)
```

The multi-layer recurrent networks for the densely connected RNNs with layer-wise dropout.

Parameters

- **layer_num** (float, required.) – The number of layers.
- **unit** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – The type of rnn unit.
- **input_dim** (float, required.) – The input dimension fo the unit.
- **hid_dim** (float, required.) – The hidden dimension fo the unit.
- **droprate** (float, required.) – The dropout ratrio.
- **layer_dropout** (float, required.) – The layer-wise dropout ratrio.

forward(x)

Calculate the output.

Parameters **x** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, input_dim).

Returns **output** – The output of RNNs to the Softmax.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

init_hidden()
Initialize hidden states.

rand_ini()
Random Initialization.

to_params()
To parameters.

1.6 model_word_ada.LM module

class model_word_ada.LM.LM(**rnn**, **soft_max**, **w_num**, **w_dim**, **droprate**, **label_dim=-1**,
add_relu=False)

The language model model.

Parameters

- **rnn** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – The RNNs network.
- **soft_max** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – The softmax layer.
- **w_num** (int, required.) – The number of words.
- **w_dim** (int, required.) – The dimension of word embedding.
- **droprate** (float, required) – The dropout ratio.
- **label_dim** (int, required.) – The input dimension of softmax.

forward(**w_in**, **target**)

Calculate the loss.

Parameters

- **w_in** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (word_num, input_dim).
- **target** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – the target of the language model, of shape (word_num).

Returns **loss** – The NLL loss.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

init_hidden()

Initialize hidden states.

load_embed(**origin_lm**)

Load embedding from another language model.

log_prob(**w_in**)

Calculate log-probability for the whole dictionary.

Parameters **w_in** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (word_num, input_dim).

Returns **prob** – The full log-probability.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

rand_ini()

Random initialization.

1.7 model_word_ada.utils module

model_word_ada.utils.**adjust_learning_rate**(optimizer, lr)
adjust learning to the the new value.

Parameters

- **optimizer** (required.) – pytorch optimizer.
- **float** (float, required.) – the target learning rate.

model_word_ada.utils.**init_embedding**(input_embedding)
random initialize embedding

model_word_ada.utils.**init_linear**(input_linear)
random initialize linear projection.

model_word_ada.utils.**init_lstm**(input_lstm)
random initialize lstms

model_word_ada.utils.**repackage_hidden**(h)
Wraps hidden states in new Variables, to detach them from their history

Parameters **h** (Tuple or Tensors, required.) – Tuple or Tensors, hidden states.

Returns **hidden** – detached hidden states

Return type Tuple or Tensors.

model_word_ada.utils.**to_scalar**(var)
convert a tensor to a scalar number

CHAPTER 2

Sequence Labeling

2.1 model_seq.crf module

class `model_seq.crf.CRF`(`hidden_dim: int, tagset_size: int, if_bias: bool = True`)
Conditional Random Field Module

Parameters

- `hidden_dim` (int, required.) – the dimension of the input features.
- `tagset_size` (int, required.) – the size of the target labels.
- `if_bias` (bool, optional, (default=True).) – whether the linear transformation has the bias term.

forward(`feats`)

calculate the potential score for the conditional random field.

Parameters `feats` (`torch.FloatTensor`, required.) – the input features for the conditional random field, of shape (*, `hidden_dim`).

Returns `output` – A float tensor of shape (ins_num, from_tag_size, to_tag_size)

Return type `torch.FloatTensor`.

rand_init()

random initialization

class `model_seq.crf.CRFDecode`(`y_map: dict`)
The negative loss for the Conditional Random Field Module

Parameters `y_map` (dict, required.) – a dict maps from tag string to tag index.

decode(`scores, mask`)

find the best path from the potential scores by the viterbi decoding algorithm.

Parameters

- **scores** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – the potential score for the conditional random field, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, from_tag_size, to_tag_size).

- **mask** (torch.ByteTensor, required.) – the mask for the unpadded sentence parts, of shape (seq_len, batch_size).

Returns **output** – A LongTensor of shape (seq_len - 1, batch_size)

Return type torch.LongTensor.

to_spans (sequence)

decode the best path to spans.

Parameters **sequence** (list, required.) – the list of best label indexes paths .

Returns **output** – A set of chunks contains the position and type of the entities.

Return type set.

class model_seq.crf.CRFLoss (y_map: dict, average_batch: bool = True)

The negative loss for the Conditional Random Field Module

Parameters

- **y_map** (dict, required.) – a dict maps from tag string to tag index.
- **average_batch** (bool, optional, (default=True).) – whether the return score would be averaged per batch.

forward (scores, target, mask)

calculate the negative log likelihood for the conditional random field.

Parameters

- **scores** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – the potential score for the conditional random field, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, from_tag_size, to_tag_size).
- **target** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the positive path for the conditional random field, of shape (seq_len, batch_size).
- **mask** (torch.ByteTensor, required.) – the mask for the unpadded sentence parts, of shape (seq_len, batch_size).

Returns **loss** – The NLL loss.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

2.2 model_seq.dataset module

class model_seq.dataset.SeqDataset (dataset: list, flm_pad: int, blm_pad: int, w_pad: int, c_con: int, c_pad: int, y_start: int, y_pad: int, y_size: int, batch_size: int)

Dataset for Sequence Labeling

Parameters

- **dataset** (list, required.) – The encoded dataset (outputs of preprocess scripts).
- **flm_pad** (int, required.) – The pad index for the forward language model.
- **blm_pad** (int, required.) – The pad index for the backward language model.
- **w_pad** (int, required.) – The pad index for the word-level inputs.

- **c_con** (int, required.) – The index of connect character token for character-level inputs.
- **c_pad** (int, required.) – The pad index for the character-level inputs.
- **y_start** (int, required.) – The index of the start label token.
- **y_pad** (int, required.) – The index of the pad label token.
- **y_size** (int, required.) – The size of the tag set.
- **batch_size** (int, required.) – Batch size.

batchify(batch, device)

batchify a batch of data and move to a device.

Parameters

- **batch** (list, required.) – a sample from the encoded dataset (outputs of preprocess scripts).
- **device** (torch.device, required.) – the target device for the dataset loader.

construct_index(dataset)

construct index for the dataset.

Parameters **dataset** (list, required.) – the encoded dataset (outputs of preprocess scripts).

get_tqdm(device)

construct dataset reader and the corresponding tqdm.

Parameters **device** (torch.device, required.) – the target device for the dataset loader.

reader(device)

construct dataset reader.

Parameters **device** (torch.device, required.) – the target device for the dataset loader.

Returns **reader** – A lazy iterable object

Return type iterator.

shuffle()

shuffle dataset

2.3 model_seq.elmo module

class model_seq.elmo.EBUnit(ori_unit, drop_rate, fix_rate)

The basic recurrent unit for the ELMo RNNs wrapper.

Parameters

- **ori_unit** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – The original module of rnn unit.
- **drop_rate** (float, required.) – The dropout ratio.
- **fix_rate** (bool, required.) – Whether to fix the ratio.

forward(x)

Calculate the output.

Parameters **x** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – The input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, input_dim).

Returns **output** – The output of RNNs.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

class model_seq.elmo.ERNN(*ori_drnn*, *droprate*, *fix_rate*)
The multi-layer recurrent networks for the ELMo RNNs wrapper.

Parameters

- **ori_drnn** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – The original module of rnn networks.
- **droprate** (float, required.) – The dropout ratio.
- **fix_rate** (bool, required.) – Whether to fix the ratio.

forward(*x*)

Calculate the output.

Parameters **x** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, input_dim).

Returns **output** – The ELMo outputs.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

regularizer()

Calculate the regularization term.

Returns

Return type The regularization term.

class model_seq.elmo.ElmoLM(*ori_lm*, *backward*, *droprate*, *fix_rate*)
The language model for the ELMo RNNs wrapper.

Parameters

- **ori_lm** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – the original module of language model.
- **backward** (bool, required.) – whether the language model is backward.
- **droprate** (float, required.) – the dropout ratio.
- **fix_rate** (bool, required.) – whether to fix the ratio.

forward(*w_in*, *ind=None*)

Calculate the output.

Parameters

- **w_in** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size).
- **ind** (torch.LongTensor, optional, (default=None).) – the index tensor for the backward language model, of shape (seq_len, batch_size).

Returns **output** – The ELMo outputs.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

init_hidden()

initialize hidden states.

prox(*lambda0*)

the proximal calculator.

regularizer()

Calculate the regularization term.

Returns **reg** – The list of regularization terms.

Return type list.

2.4 model_seq.evaluator module

class model_seq.evaluator.**eval_batch**(decoder)

Base class for evaluation, provide method to calculate f1 score and accuracy.

Parameters decoder (torch.nn.Module, required.) – the decoder module, which needs to contain the to_span() method.

acc_score()

calculate the accuracy score based on the inner counter.

calc_acc_batch(decoded_data, target_data)

update statics for accuracy score.

Parameters

- **decoded_data** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the decoded best label index pathes.
- **target_data** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the golden label index pathes.

calc_f1_batch(decoded_data, target_data)

update statics for f1 score.

Parameters

- **decoded_data** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the decoded best label index pathes.
- **target_data** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the golden label index pathes.

eval_instance(best_path, gold)

Calculate statics to update inner counters for one instance.

Parameters

- **best_path** (required.) – the decoded best label index path.
- **gold** (required.) – the golden label index pathes.

f1_score()

calculate the f1 score based on the inner counter.

reset()

reset counters.

class model_seq.evaluator.**eval_wc**(decoder, score_type)

evaluation class for LD-Net

Parameters

- **decoder** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – the decoder module, which needs to contain the to_span() and decode() method.
- **score_type** (str, required.) – whether the f1 score or the accuracy is needed.

calc_score(seq_model, dataset_loader)

calculate scores

Parameters

- **seq_model** (required.) – sequence labeling model.

- **dataset_loader** (*required.*) – the dataset loader.
- Returns** `score` – calculated score.
- Return type** `float`.

2.5 model_seq.seqlabel module

```
class model_seq.seqlabel.SeqLabel(f_lm, b_lm, c_num: int, c_dim: int, c_hidden: int, c_layer: int, w_num: int, w_dim: int, w_hidden: int, w_layer: int, y_num: int, droprate: float, unit: str = 'lstm')
```

Sequence Labeling model augmented with language model.

Parameters

- **f_lm** (`torch.nn.Module`, *required.*) – The forward language module for contextualized representations.
- **b_lm** (`torch.nn.Module`, *required.*) – The backward language module for contextualized representations.
- **c_num** (`int`, *required.*) – The number of characters.
- **c_dim** (`int`, *required.*) – The dimension of character embedding.
- **c_hidden** (`int`, *required.*) – The dimension of character hidden states.
- **c_layer** (`int`, *required.*) – The number of character lstms.
- **w_num** (`int`, *required.*) – The number of words.
- **w_dim** (`int`, *required.*) – The dimension of word embedding.
- **w_hidden** (`int`, *required.*) – The dimension of word hidden states.
- **w_layer** (`int`, *required.*) – The number of word lstms.
- **y_num** (`int`, *required.*) – The number of tags types.
- **droprate** (`float`, *required*) – The dropout ratio.
- **unit** ("`str`", *optional*, (*default* = '`lstm`')) – The type of the recurrent unit.

forward (`f_c, f_p, b_c, b_p, flm_w, blm_w, blm_ind, f_w`)

Calculate the output (crf potentials).

Parameters

- **f_c** (`torch.LongTensor`, *required.*) – Character-level inputs in the forward direction.
- **f_p** (`torch.LongTensor`, *required.*) – Ouput position of character-level inputs in the forward direction.
- **b_c** (`torch.LongTensor`, *required.*) – Character-level inputs in the backward direction.
- **b_p** (`torch.LongTensor`, *required.*) – Ouput position of character-level inputs in the backward direction.
- **flm_w** (`torch.LongTensor`, *required.*) – Word-level inputs for the forward language model.

- **blm_w** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – Word-level inputs for the backward language model.
- **blm_ind** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – Output position of word-level inputs for the backward language model.
- **f_w** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – Word-level inputs for the sequence labeling model.

Returns output – A float tensor of shape (sequence_len, batch_size, from_tag_size, to_tag_size)

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

load_pretrained_word_embedding (pre_word_embeddings)

Load pre-trained word embedding.

prune_dense_rnn ()

Prune dense rnn to be smaller by deleting layers.

rand_init ()

Random initialization.

set_batch_seq_size (sentence)

Set the batch size and sequence length.

to_params ()

To parameters.

class model_seq.seqlabel.Vanilla_SeqLabel (f_lm, b_lm, c_num, c_dim, c_hidden, c_layer, w_num, w_dim, w_hidden, w_layer, y_num, drop_rate, unit='lstm')

Sequence Labeling model augmented without language model.

Parameters

- **f_lm** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – forward language module for contextualized representations.
- **b_lm** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – backward language module for contextualized representations.
- **c_num** (int, required.) – number of characters.
- **c_dim** (int, required.) – dimension of character embedding.
- **c_hidden** (int, required.) – dimension of character hidden states.
- **c_layer** (int, required.) – number of character lstms.
- **w_num** (int, required.) – number of words.
- **w_dim** (int, required.) – dimension of word embedding.
- **w_hidden** (int, required.) – dimension of word hidden states.
- **w_layer** (int, required.) – number of word lstms.
- **y_num** (int, required.) – number of tags types.
- **drop_rate** (float, required) – dropout ratio.
- **unit** ("str", optional, default = 'lstm') – type of the recurrent unit.

forward (f_c, f_p, b_c, b_p, flm_w, blm_w, blm_ind, f_w)

Calculate the output (crf potentials).

Parameters

- **f_c** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – Character-level inputs in the forward direction.
- **f_p** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – Output position of character-level inputs in the forward direction.
- **b_c** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – Character-level inputs in the backward direction.
- **b_p** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – Output position of character-level inputs in the backward direction.
- **flm_w** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – Word-level inputs for the forward language model.
- **blm_w** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – Word-level inputs for the backward language model.
- **blm_ind** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – Output position of word-level inputs for the backward language model.
- **f_w** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – Word-level inputs for the sequence labeling model.

Returns output – A float tensor of shape (sequence_len, batch_size, from_tag_size, to_tag_size)

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

load_pretrained_word_embedding (pre_word_embeddings)

Load pre-trained word embedding.

rand_init ()

Random initialization.

set_batch_seq_size (sentence)

set batch size and sequence length

2.6 model_seq.seqLM module

class model_seq.seqLM.**BasicSeqLM** (ori_lm, backward, droprate, fix_rate)

The language model for the dense rnns.

Parameters

- **ori_lm** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – the original module of language model.
- **backward** (bool, required.) – whether the language model is backward.
- **droprate** (float, required.) – the dropout ratio.
- **fix_rate** (bool, required.) – whether to fix the ratio.

forward (w_in, ind=None)

Calculate the output.

Parameters

- **w_in** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size).

- **ind** (torch.LongTensor, optional, (default=None).) – the index tensor for the backward language model, of shape (seq_len, batch_size).

Returns **output** – The ELMo outputs.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

init_hidden()
initialize hidden states.

regularizer()
Calculate the regularization term.

Returns **reg** – The list of regularization terms.

Return type list.

to_params()
To parameters.

2.7 model_seq.sparse_lm module

class model_seq.sparse_lm.**SBUnit** (*ori_unit*, *droprate*, *fix_rate*)
The basic recurrent unit for the dense-RNNs wrapper.

Parameters

- **ori_unit** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – the original module of rnn unit.
- **droprate** (float, required.) – the dropout ratio.
- **fix_rate** (bool, required.) – whether to fix the ratio.

forward (*x*, *weight*=1)
Calculate the output.

Parameters

- **x** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – The input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, input_dim).
- **weight** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – The selection variable.

Returns **output** – The output of RNNs.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

prune_rnn (*mask*)
Prune dense rnn to be smaller by deleting layers.

Parameters **mask** (torch.ByteTensor, required.) – The selection tensor for the input matrix.

class model_seq.sparse_lm.**SDRNN** (*ori_drnn*, *droprate*, *fix_rate*)
The multi-layer recurrent networks for the dense-RNNs wrapper.

Parameters

- **ori_unit** (torch.nn.Module, required.) – the original module of rnn unit.
- **droprate** (float, required.) – the dropout ratio.
- **fix_rate** (bool, required.) – whether to fix the ratio.

forward(*x*)
Calculate the output.

Parameters **x** (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size, input_dim).

Returns **output** – The ELMo outputs.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

prox()
the proximal calculator.

prune_dense_rnn()
Prune dense rnn to be smaller by delecting layers.

regularizer()
Calculate the regularization term.

Returns

- **reg0**(torch.FloatTensor.) – The value of reg0.
- **reg1**(torch.FloatTensor.) – The value of reg1.
- **reg2**(torch.FloatTensor.) – The value of reg2.

to_params()
To parameters.

class model_seq.sparse_lm.**SparseSeqLM**(*ori_lm*, *backward*, *droprate*, *fix_rate*)
The language model for the dense rnns with layer-wise selection.

Parameters

- **ori_lm**(torch.nn.Module, required.) – the original module of language model.
- **backward**(bool, required.) – whether the language model is backward.
- **droprate**(float, required.) – the dropout ratrio.
- **fix_rate**(bool, required.) – whether to fix the rqtio.

forward(*w_in*, *ind=None*)
Calculate the output.

Parameters

- **w_in** (torch.LongTensor, required.) – the input tensor, of shape (seq_len, batch_size).
- **ind**(torch.LongTensor, optional, (default=None).) – the index tensor for the backward language model, of shape (seq_len, batch_size).

Returns **output** – The ELMo outputs.

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

init_hidden()
initialize hidden states.

prox()
the proximal calculator.

prune_dense_rnn()
Prune dense rnn to be smaller by delecting layers.

regularizer()
Calculate the regularization term.

Returns `reg` – The list of regularization terms.

Return type list.

to_params()
To parameters.

2.8 model_seq.utils module

`model_seq.utils.adjust_learning_rate(optimizer, lr)`
adjust learning to the the new value.

Parameters

- **optimizer** (required.) – pytorch optimizer.
- **float** (float, required.) – the target learning rate.

`model_seq.utils.init_embedding(input_embedding)`
random initialize embedding

`model_seq.utils.init_linear(input_linear)`
random initialize linear projection.

`model_seq.utils.init_lstm(input_lstm)`
random initialize lstms

`model_seq.utils.log_sum_exp(vec)`
log sum exp function.

Parameters `vec` (torch.FloatTensor, required.) – input vector, of shape(ins_num, from_tag_size, to_tag_size)

Returns `sum` – log sum exp results, tensor of shape (ins_num, to_tag_size)

Return type torch.FloatTensor.

`model_seq.utils.repackage_hidden(h)`
Wraps hidden states in new Variables, to detach them from their history

Parameters `h` (Tuple or Tensors, required.) – Tuple or Tensors, hidden states.

Returns `hidden` – detached hidden states

Return type Tuple or Tensors.

`model_seq.utils.to_scalar(var)`
convert a tensor to a scalar number

CHAPTER 3

Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- search

Python Module Index

a

adaptive, 3

seqlm, 18

sparse_lm, 19

b

basic, 4

u

utils, 9

c

crf, 11

d

dataset, 5

densenet, 6

e

elmo, 13

evaluator, 15

l

ldnet, 7

LM, 8

m

model_seq.crf, 11

model_seq.dataset, 12

model_seq.elmo, 13

model_seq.evaluator, 15

model_seq.seqlabel, 16

model_seq.seqlm, 18

model_seq.sparse_lm, 19

model_seq.utils, 21

model_word_ada.adaptive, 3

model_word_ada.basic, 4

model_word_ada.dataset, 5

model_word_ada.densenet, 6

model_word_ada.ldnet, 7

model_word_ada.LM, 8

model_word_ada.utils, 9

s

seqlabel, 16

Index

A

acc_score() (model_seq.evaluator.eval_batch method), 15
adaptive (module), 3
AdaptiveSoftmax (class in model_word_ada.adaptive), 3
adjust_learning_rate() (in module model_seq.utils), 21
adjust_learning_rate() (in module model_word_ada.utils), 9

B

basic (module), 4
BasicRNN (class in model_word_ada.basic), 4
BasicSeqLM (class in model_seq.seqlm), 18
BasicUnit (class in model_word_ada.basic), 4
BasicUnit (class in model_word_ada.densenet), 6
BasicUnit (class in model_word_ada.ldnet), 7
batchify() (model_seq.dataset.SeqDataset method), 13

C

calc_acc_batch() (model_seq.evaluator.eval_batch method), 15
calc_f1_batch() (model_seq.evaluator.eval_batch method), 15
calc_score() (model_seq.evaluator.eval_wc method), 15
construct_index() (model_seq.dataset.SeqDataset method), 13
construct_index() (model_word_ada.dataset.EvalDataset method), 5
CRF (class in model_seq.crf), 11
crf (module), 11
CRFDecode (class in model_seq.crf), 11
CRFLoss (class in model_seq.crf), 12

D

dataset (module), 5, 12
decode() (model_seq.crf.CRFDecode method), 11
densenet (module), 6
DenseRNN (class in model_word_ada.densenet), 6

E

EBUnit (class in model_seq.elmo), 13

elmo (module), 13
ElmoLM (class in model_seq.elmo), 14
ERNN (class in model_seq.elmo), 14
eval_batch (class in model_seq.evaluator), 15
eval_instance() (model_seq.evaluator.eval_batch method), 15
eval_wc (class in model_seq.evaluator), 15
EvalDataset (class in model_word_ada.dataset), 5
evaluator (module), 15

F

f1_score() (model_seq.evaluator.eval_batch method), 15
forward() (model_seq.crf.CRF method), 11
forward() (model_seq.crf.CRFLoss method), 12
forward() (model_seq.elmo.EBUnit method), 13
forward() (model_seq.elmo.ElmoLM method), 14
forward() (model_seq.elmo.ERNN method), 14
forward() (model_seq.seqlabel.SeqLabel method), 16
forward() (model_seq.seqlabel.Vanilla_SeqLabel method), 17
forward() (model_seq.seqlm.BasicSeqLM method), 18
forward() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SBUnit method), 19
forward() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SDRNN method), 19
forward() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SparseSeqLM method), 20
forward() (model_word_ada.adaptive.AdaptiveSoftmax method), 3
forward() (model_word_ada.basic.BasicRNN method), 4
forward() (model_word_ada.basic.BasicUnit method), 4
forward() (model_word_ada.densenet.BasicUnit method), 6
forward() (model_word_ada.densenet.DenseRNN method), 6
forward() (model_word_ada.ldnet.BasicUnit method), 7
forward() (model_word_ada.ldnet.LDRNN method), 7
forward() (model_word_ada.LM.LM method), 8

G

get_tqdm() (model_seq.dataset.SeqDataset method), 13

get_tqdm() (model_word_ada.dataset.EvalDataset method), 5
get_tqdm() (model_word_ada.dataset.LargeDataset method), 5

|

init_embedding() (in module model_seq.utils), 21
init_embedding() (in module model_word_ada.utils), 9
init_hidden() (model_seq.elmo.ElmoLM method), 14
init_hidden() (model_seq.seqlm.BasicSeqLM method), 19
init_hidden() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SparseSeqLM method), 20
init_hidden() (model_word_ada.basic.BasicRNN method), 4
init_hidden() (model_word_ada.basic.BasicUnit method), 4
init_hidden() (model_word_ada.densenet.BasicUnit method), 6
init_hidden() (model_word_ada.densenet.DenseRNN method), 6
init_hidden() (model_word_ada.ldnet.BasicUnit method), 7
init_hidden() (model_word_ada.ldnet.LDRNN method), 8
init_hidden() (model_word_ada.LM.LM method), 8
init_linear() (in module model_seq.utils), 21
init_linear() (in module model_word_ada.utils), 9
init_lstm() (in module model_seq.utils), 21
init_lstm() (in module model_word_ada.utils), 9

L

LargeDataset (class in model_word_ada.dataset), 5
ldnet (module), 7
LDRNN (class in model_word_ada.ldnet), 7
LM (class in model_word_ada.LM), 8
LM (module), 8
load_embed() (model_word_ada.LM.LM method), 8
load_pretrained_word_embedding()
 (model_seq.seqlabel.SeqLabel method), 17
load_pretrained_word_embedding()
 (model_seq.seqlabel.Vanilla_SeqLabel method), 18
log_prob() (model_word_ada.adaptive.AdaptiveSoftmax method), 3
log_prob() (model_word_ada.LM.LM method), 8
log_sum_exp() (in module model_seq.utils), 21

M

model_seq.crf (module), 11
model_seq.dataset (module), 12
model_seq.elmo (module), 13
model_seq.evaluator (module), 15

model_seq.seqlabel (module), 16
model_seq.seqlm (module), 18
model_seq.sparse_lm (module), 19
model_seq.utils (module), 21
model_word_ada.adaptive (module), 3
model_word_ada.basic (module), 4
model_word_ada.dataset (module), 5
model_word_ada.densenet (module), 6
model_word_ada.ldnet (module), 7
model_word_ada.LM (module), 8
model_word_ada.utils (module), 9

O

open_next() (model_word_ada.dataset.LargeDataset method), 5

P

prox() (model_seq.elmo.ElmoLM method), 14
prox() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SDRNN method), 20
prox() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SparseSeqLM method), 20
prune_dense_rnn() (model_seq.seqlabel.SeqLabel method), 17
prune_dense_rnn() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SDRNN method), 20
prune_dense_rnn() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SparseSeqLM method), 20
prune_rnn() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SBUnit method), 19

R

rand_ini() (model_word_ada.adaptive.AdaptiveSoftmax method), 4
rand_ini() (model_word_ada.basic.BasicRNN method), 4
rand_ini() (model_word_ada.basic.BasicUnit method), 5
rand_ini() (model_word_ada.densenet.BasicUnit method), 6
rand_ini() (model_word_ada.densenet.DenseRNN method), 6
rand_ini() (model_word_ada.ldnet.BasicUnit method), 7
rand_ini() (model_word_ada.ldnet.LDRNN method), 8
rand_ini() (model_word_ada.LM.LM method), 9
rand_init() (model_seq.crf.CRF method), 11
rand_init() (model_seq.seqlabel.SeqLabel method), 17
rand_init() (model_seq.seqlabel.Vanilla_SeqLabel method), 18
reader() (model_seq.dataset.SeqDataset method), 13
reader() (model_word_ada.dataset.EvalDataset method), 5
reader() (model_word_ada.dataset.LargeDataset method), 5
regularizer() (model_seq.elmo.ElmoLM method), 14
regularizer() (model_seq.elmo.ERNN method), 14
regularizer() (model_seq.seqlm.BasicSeqLM method), 19
regularizer() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SDRNN method), 20

regularizer() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SparseSeqLM method), 20
repackage_hidden() (in module model_seq.utils), 21
repackage_hidden() (in module model_word_ada.utils), 9
reset() (model_seq.evaluator.eval_batch method), 15

S

SBUnit (class in model_seq.sparse_lm), 19
SDRNN (class in model_seq.sparse_lm), 19
SeqDataset (class in model_seq.dataset), 12
SeqLabel (class in model_seq.seqlabel), 16
seqlabel (module), 16
seqlm (module), 18
set_batch_seq_size() (model_seq.seqlabel.SeqLabel method), 17
set_batch_seq_size() (model_seq.seqlabel.Vanilla_SeqLabel method), 18
shuffle() (model_seq.dataset.SeqDataset method), 13
shuffle() (model_word_ada.dataset.LargeDataset method), 5
sparse_lm (module), 19
SparseSeqLM (class in model_seq.sparse_lm), 20

T

to_params() (model_seq.seqlabel.SeqLabel method), 17
to_params() (model_seq.seqlm.BasicSeqLM method), 19
to_params() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SDRNN method), 20
to_params() (model_seq.sparse_lm.SparseSeqLM method), 21
to_params() (model_word_ada.basic.BasicRNN method), 4
to_params() (model_word_ada.densenet.DenseRNN method), 6
to_params() (model_word_ada.ldnet.LDRNN method), 8
to_scalar() (in module model_seq.utils), 21
to_scalar() (in module model_word_ada.utils), 9
to_spans() (model_seq.crf.CRFDecode method), 12

U

utils (module), 9, 21

V

Vanilla_SeqLabel (class in model_seq.seqlabel), 17