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# **D-Wave Micro Client dimod Documentation**

***Release 0.3.0***

**D-Wave Systems Inc**

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## Contents

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<b>1</b>	<b>Installation</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>License</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Documentation</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Indices and tables</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Python Module Index</b>	<b>17</b>



dimod wrapper for the [D-Wave Micro Client](#)



# CHAPTER 1

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## Installation

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To install:

```
pip install dwave_micro_client_dimod
```

To build from source:

```
pip install .
```





## CHAPTER 2

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### License

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Released under the Apache License 2.0



### 3.1 DWaveSampler

**class DWaveSampler** (*solver\_name=None, url=None, token=None, proxies=None, permissive\_ssl=False*)  
dimod wrapper for a D-Wave Micro Client.

#### Parameters

- **solver\_name** (*str, optional*) – Id of the requested solver. None will return the default solver (see [configuration](#)).
- **url** (*str, optional*) – URL of the SAPI server. None will return the default url (see [configuration](#)).
- **token** (*str, optional*) – Authentication token from the SAPI server. None will return the default token (see [configuration](#)).
- **proxies** (*dict, optional*) – Mapping from the connection scheme (http[s]) to the proxy server address.
- **permissive\_ssl** (*boolean, optional, default=False*) – Disables SSL verification.

#### structure

*tuple* –

A named 3-tuple with the following properties/values:

**odelist** (list): The nodes available to the sampler.

**edgelist** (list[(node, node)]): The edges available to the sampler.

**adjacency** (dict): Encodes the edges of the sampler in nested dicts. The keys of adjacency are the nodes of the sampler and the values are neighbor-dicts.

**accepted\_kwargs**

`dict[str, dimod.SamplerKeywordArg]` – The keyword arguments accepted by the `sample_ising` and `sample_qubo` methods for this sampler.

**my\_kwargs()**

The keyword arguments accepted by DWaveSampler

**Returns** `SamplerKeywordArg`: The keyword arguments accepted by the `sample_ising` and `sample_qubo` methods for this sampler or the top-level composite layer. For all accepted keyword arguments see `accepted_kwargs`.

**Return type** `dict[str`

**sample\_ising** (*linear, quadratic, \*\*kwargs*)

Sample from the provided Ising model.

**Parameters**

- **linear** (*list/dict*) – Linear terms of the model.
- **quadratic** (*dict of (int, int) – float*): Quadratic terms of the model.
- **\*\*kwargs** – Parameters for the sampling method, specified per solver.

**Returns** `FutureResponse`

**sample\_qubo** (*Q, \*\*kwargs*)

Sample from the provided QUBO.

**Parameters**

- **Q** (*dict*) – The coefficients of the QUBO.
- **\*\*kwargs** – Parameters for the sampling method, specified per solver.

**Returns** `FutureResponse`

## 3.2 EmbeddingComposite

**class EmbeddingComposite** (*sampler*)

Composite to map unstructured problems to a structured sampler.

**Parameters** **sampler** (`dimod.TemplateSampler`) – A structured dimod sampler to be wrapped.

**sample\_ising** (*h, J, \*\*kwargs*)

Sample from the provided unstructured Ising model.

**Parameters**

- **h** (*list/dict*) – Linear terms of the model.
- **J** (*dict of (int, int) – float*): Quadratic terms of the model.
- **\*\*kwargs** – Parameters for the sampling method, specified per solver.

**Returns** `dimod.SpinResponse`

**accepted\_kwargs**

`dict[str – SamplerKeywordArg]` – The keyword arguments accepted by the `sample_ising` and `sample_qubo` methods for this sampler.

**my\_kwargs()**

The keyword arguments accepted by the sampler or the highest composite layer.

**Returns** `SamplerKeywordArg`: The keyword arguments accepted by the `sample_ising` and `sample_qubo` methods for this sampler or the top-level composite layer. For all accepted keyword arguments see `accepted_kwargs`.

**Return type** `dict[str`

---

**Note:** This method is inherited from the `TemplateSampler` base class.

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**sample\_qubo** (*Q*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Converts the given QUBO into an Ising problem, then invokes the `sample_ising` method.

See `sample_ising` documentation for more information.

**Parameters**

- **Q** (*dict*) – A dictionary defining the QUBO. Should be of the form `{(u, v): bias}` where `u, v` are variables and `bias` is numeric.
- **\*\*kwargs** – Any keyword arguments are passed directly to `sample_ising`.

**Returns** A `BinaryResponse`, converted from the `SpinResponse` return from `sample_ising`.

**Return type** `BinaryResponse`

---

**Note:** This method is inherited from the `TemplateSampler` base class.

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**structure**

Structure for the sampler. None for unstructured samplers.

## 3.3 TilingComposite

**class TilingComposite** (*sampler, sub\_m, sub\_n, t=4*)

Composite to tile a small problem across a Chimera-structured sampler. A problem that can fit on a small Chimera graph can be replicated across a larger Chimera graph to get samples from multiple areas of the system in one call. For example, a 2x2 Chimera lattice could be tiled 64 times (8x8) on a fully-yielded D-WAVE 2000Q system (16x16).

**Parameters**

- **sampler** (`dimod.TemplateSampler`) – A structured dimod sampler to be wrapped.
- **sub\_m** (*int*) – The number of rows in the sub Chimera lattice.
- **sub\_n** (*int*) – The number of columns in the sub Chimera lattice.
- **t** (*int*) – The size of the shore within each Chimera cell.

**structure**

*tuple* –

A named 3-tuple with the following properties/values:

`nodelist` (*list*): The nodes available to the sampler.

`edgelist` (*list[(node, node)]*): The edges available to the sampler.

`adjacency` (*dict*): Encodes the edges of the sampler in nested dicts. The keys of `adjacency` are the nodes of the sampler and the values are neighbor-dicts.

**embeddings**

*list* – A list of dictionaries mapping from the sub Chimera lattice to the structured sampler of the form {v: {s, ...}, ...} where v is a variable in the sub Chimera lattice and s is a variable in the system.

**sample\_ising** (*h*, *J*, **\*\*kwargs**)

Sample from the sub Chimera lattice.

**Parameters**

- **h** (*list/dict*) – Linear terms of the model.
- **J** (*dict of (int, int)* – float): Quadratic terms of the model.
- **\*\*kwargs** – Parameters for the sampling method, specified per solver.

**Returns** dimod.SpinResponse

**draw\_tiling** (*sampler*, *t=4*)

Draw Chimera graph of sampler with colored tiles.

**Parameters**

- **sampler** (dwave\_micro\_client\_dimod.TilingComposite) – A tiled dimod sampler to be drawn.
- **t** (*int*) – The size of the shore within each Chimera cell.

Uses *dwave\_networkx.draw\_chimera* (see [draw\\_chimera](#)). Linear biases are overloaded to color the graph according to which tile each Chimera cell belongs to.

## 3.4 FutureResponse

**class FutureResponse** (*info=None*, *vartype=None*)

A response object for async samples added to it.

**Parameters**

- **info** (*dict*) – Information about the response as a whole.
- **vartype** (dimod.Vartype) – The values that the variables in each sample can take. See dimod.Vartype.

**add\_samples\_future** (*future*)

Add samples from a micro client Future.

**Parameters** **future** (dwave\_micro\_client.Future) – A Future from the dwave\_micro\_client.

**datalist**

*list* – The data in order of insertion. Each datum in data is a dict containing ‘sample’, ‘energy’, and ‘num\_occurrences’ keys as well as any other information added on insert. This attribute should be treated as read-only, as changing it can break the response’s internal logic.

**add\_data\_from** (*data*)

Loads data into the response.

**Parameters** **data** (*iterable[dict]*) – An iterable of datum. Each datum is a dict. The datum must contain ‘sample’ and ‘energy’ keys with dict and number values respectively.

## Examples

```
>>> response = dimod.TemplateResponse
>>> response.add_data_from([{'energy': -1, 'num_occurrences': 1, 'sample': {0: 1}},
                             {'energy': 1, 'num_occurrences': 1, 'sample': {0: -1}}])
```

**add\_sample** (*sample*, *energy*, *num\_occurrences*=1, *\*\*kwargs*)

Loads a sample and associated energy into the response.

### Parameters

- **sample** (*dict*) – A sample as would be returned by a discrete model solver. Should be a dict of the form {var: value, ...}.
- **energy** (*number*) – The energy associated with the given sample.
- **num\_occurrences** (*int*) – The number of times the sample occurred.
- **\*\*kwargs** –

## Examples

```
>>> response = dimod.TemplateResponse()
>>> response.add_sample({0: -1}, 1)
>>> response.add_sample({0: 1}, -1, sample_idx=1)
>>> list(response.data())
[{'energy': -1, 'num_occurrences': 1, 'sample': {0: 1}, 'sample_idx': 1},
 {'energy': 1, 'num_occurrences': 1, 'sample': {0: -1}}]
```

**add\_samples\_from** (*samples*, *energies*, *num\_occurrences*=1, *\*\*kwargs*)

Loads samples and associated energies from iterators.

### Parameters

- **samples** (*iterator*) – An iterable object that yields samples. Each sample should be a dict of the form {var: value, ...}.
- **energies** (*iterator*) – An iterable object that yields energies associated with each sample.
- **num\_occurrences** (*int*) – Default 1. The number of times the sample occurred. This is applied to each sample.
- **\*\*kwargs** –

## Examples

```
>>> response = dimod.TemplateResponse()
>>> response.add_samples_from([{'0': -1}, {'0': 1}], [1, -1], dataval='test')
>>> list(response.data())
[{'dataval': 'test', 'energy': -1, 'num_occurrences': 1, 'sample': {0: 1}},
 {'dataval': 'test', 'energy': 1, 'num_occurrences': 1, 'sample': {0: -1}}]
```

**cast** (*response\_class*, *varmap*=None, *offset*=0.0)

Casts the response to a different type of dimod response.

**Parameters**

- **response\_class** (*type*) – A dimod response class.
- **varmap** (*dict*, *optional*) – A dict mapping a change in sample values. If not provided samples are not changed.
- **offset** (*number*, *optional*) – Default 0.0. The energy offset to apply to all of the energies in the response.

**Returns** A dimod response.

**Return type** response\_class

**data** (*keys=None*, *ordered\_by\_energy=True*)

An iterator over the data.

**Parameters**

- **keys** (*list*, *optional*) – are provided, data yields a tuple of the values associated with each key in each datum.
- **ordered\_by\_energy** (*bool*, *optional*) – Default True. If True, the datum (or tuples) are yielded in order energy, low-to-high. If False, they are yielded in order of insertion.

**Yields** *dict* – The datum stored in response.

If keys are provided, returns a tuple (see parameter description above and example below).

**Examples**

```
>>> response = dimod.TemplateResponse()
>>> response.add_samples_from([{'0': -1}, {'0': 1}], [1, -1])
>>> list(response.data())
[{'energy': -1, 'num_occurrences': 1, 'sample': {'0': 1}},
 {'energy': 1, 'num_occurrences': 1, 'sample': {'0': -1}}]
>>> for sample in response.data(keys=['sample']):
...     pass
>>> for sample, num_occurrences in response.data(keys=['sample', 'num_
↪occurrences']):
...     pass
```

**done** ()

True if all of the futures added to the response have arrived.

**energies** (*data=False*)

An iterator over the energies.

**Parameters** **data** (*bool*, *optional*) – Default False. If True, returns an iterator of 2-tuples, (sample, datum).

**Yields** *number* – The energies, from low-to-high.

If data=True, yields 2-tuple (energy, datum). Where datum is the data associated with the given energy.

**items** (*data=False*)

Iterator over the samples and energies.



**Parameters** `data` (*bool, optional*) – If True, return an iterator of 3-tuples (sample, energy, data). If False return an iterator of 2-tuples (sample, energy) over all of the samples and energies. Default False.

**Returns** If data is False, return an iterator of 2-tuples (sample, energy) over all samples and energies in response in order of increasing energy. If data is True, return an iterator of 3-tuples (sample, energy, data) in order of increasing energy.

**Return type** iterator

### Examples

```
>>> response = TemplateResponse()
>>> response.add_sample({0: -1}, 1, data={'n': 5})
>>> response.add_sample({0: 1}, -1, data={'n': 1})
>>> list(response.items())
[({0: 1}, -1), ({0: -1}, 1)]
>>> list(response.items(data=True))
[({0: 1}, -1, {'n': 1}), ({0: -1}, 1, {'n': 5})]
```

---

**Note:** Depreciation Warning: This method of access is being depreciated. it can be replaced by `response.data(keys=['sample', 'energy'])`

---

**relabel\_samples** (*mapping*)

Return a new response object with the samples relabeled.

**Parameters** `mapping` (*dict[hashable, hashable]*) – A dictionary with the old labels as keys and the new labels as values. A partial mapping is allowed.

### Examples

```
>>> response = TemplateResponse()
>>> response.add_sample({'a': -1, 'b': 1}, 1)
>>> response.add_sample({'a': 1, 'b': -1}, -1)
>>> mapping = {'a': 1, 'b': 0}
```

```
>>> new_response = response.relabel_samples(mapping)
>>> list(new_response.samples())
[{0: -1, 1: 1}, {0: 1, 1: -1}]
```

**samples** (*data=False*)

An iterator over the samples.

**Parameters** `data` (*bool, optional*) – Default False. If True, returns an iterator of 2-tuples, (sample, datum).

**Yields** *dict* – The samples, in order of energy low-to-high.

If data=True, yields 2-tuple (sample, datum). Where datum is the data associated with the given sample.

## Examples

```
>>> response = TemplateResponse()
>>> response.add_samples_from([{'0': -1}, {'0': 1}], [1, -1])
>>> list(response.samples())
[{'0': 1}, {'0': -1}]
```

### **sorted\_datalist**

*list[dict]* – The data in order of energy, low-to-high. The datum stored in sorted\_datalist are the same as in datalist. This list is generated on the first read after an insertion to the response.

## 3.5 License

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## CHAPTER 4

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### Indices and tables

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- [genindex](#)
- [modindex](#)
- [search](#)
- [Glossary](#)



### **C**

`dwave_micro_client_dimod.composite`, [8](#)

### **r**

`dwave_micro_client_dimod.response`, [10](#)

### **S**

`dwave_micro_client_dimod.sampler`, [7](#)

### **t**

`dwave_micro_client_dimod.tiling`, [9](#)



## A

accepted\_kwargs (DWaveSampler attribute), 7  
 accepted\_kwargs (EmbeddingComposite attribute), 8  
 add\_data\_from() (FutureResponse method), 10  
 add\_sample() (FutureResponse method), 11  
 add\_samples\_from() (FutureResponse method), 11  
 add\_samples\_future() (FutureResponse method), 10

## C

cast() (FutureResponse method), 11

## D

data() (FutureResponse method), 12  
 datalist (FutureResponse attribute), 10  
 done() (FutureResponse method), 12  
 draw\_tiling() (in module  
     dwave\_micro\_client\_dimod.tiling), 10  
 dwave\_micro\_client\_dimod.composite (module), 8  
 dwave\_micro\_client\_dimod.response (module), 10  
 dwave\_micro\_client\_dimod.sampler (module), 7  
 dwave\_micro\_client\_dimod.tiling (module), 9  
 DWaveSampler (class in  
     dwave\_micro\_client\_dimod.sampler), 7

## E

EmbeddingComposite (class in  
     dwave\_micro\_client\_dimod.composite),  
     8  
 embeddings (TilingComposite attribute), 9  
 energies() (FutureResponse method), 12

## F

FutureResponse (class in  
     dwave\_micro\_client\_dimod.response), 10

## I

items() (FutureResponse method), 12

## M

my\_kwargs() (DWaveSampler method), 8  
 my\_kwargs() (EmbeddingComposite method), 8

## R

relabel\_samples() (FutureResponse method), 13

## S

sample\_ising() (DWaveSampler method), 8  
 sample\_ising() (EmbeddingComposite method), 8  
 sample\_ising() (TilingComposite method), 10  
 sample\_qubo() (DWaveSampler method), 8  
 sample\_qubo() (EmbeddingComposite method), 9  
 samples() (FutureResponse method), 13  
 sorted\_datalist (FutureResponse attribute), 14  
 structure (DWaveSampler attribute), 7  
 structure (EmbeddingComposite attribute), 9  
 structure (TilingComposite attribute), 9

## T

TilingComposite (class in  
     dwave\_micro\_client\_dimod.tiling), 9