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# **django-pwned-passwords**

## **Documentation**

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# CHAPTER 1

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## Django PWNED Passwords

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`django-pwned-passwords` is a Django password validator that checks Troy Hunt's PWNED Passwords API to see if a password has been involved in a major security breach before.

**Note:** This app currently sends a portion of a user's hashed password to a third party. Before using this application, you should understand how that impacts you.

### 1.1 Documentation

The full documentation is at <https://django-pwned-passwords.readthedocs.io>.

### 1.2 Requirements

- Django [1.9, 2.1]
- Python 2.7, [3.5, 3.6, 3.7]

### 1.3 Quickstart

Install `django-pwned-passwords`:

```
pip install django-pwned-passwords
```

Add it to your `INSTALLED_APPS`:

```
INSTALLED_APPS = (
    ...
    'django_pwned_passwords',
    ...
)
```

Add django-pwned-passwords's PWNEDPasswordValidator:

```
AUTH_PASSWORD_VALIDATORS = [
    ...
    {
        'NAME': 'django_pwned_passwords.password_validation.PWNEDPasswordValidator'
    }
]
```

## 1.4 Features

This password validator returns a ValidationError if the PWNED Passwords API detects the password in its data set. Note that the API is heavily rate-limited, so there is a timeout (PWNED\_VALIDATOR\_TIMEOUT).

If PWNED\_VALIDATOR\_FAIL\_SAFE is True, anything besides an API-identified bad password will pass, including a timeout. If PWNED\_VALIDATOR\_FAIL\_SAFE is False, anything besides a good password will fail and raise a ValidationError.

## 1.5 Settings

Setting	Description	Default
PWNED_VALIDATOR_TIMEOUT	The timeout in seconds. The validator will not wait longer than this for a response from the API.	2
PWNED_VALIDATOR_FAIL_SAFE	If the API fails to get a valid response, should we fail safe and allow the password through?	True
PWNED_VALIDATOR_URL	The URL for the API in a string format.	<a href="https://haveibeenpwned.com/api/v2/pwnedpassword/{short_hash}">https://haveibeenpwned.com/api/v2/pwnedpassword/{short_hash}</a>
PWNED_VALIDATOR_ERROR_MESSAGE	The error message for an invalid password.	"Your password was determined to have been involved in a major security breach."
PWNED_VALIDATOR_FAILURE_MESSAGE	The error message when the API fails. Note: this will only display if PWNED_VALIDATOR_FAIL_SAFE is False.	"We could not validate the safety of this password. This does not mean the password is invalid. Please try again later."
PWNED_VALIDATOR_HELP_TEXT	The help text for this password validator.	"Your password must not have been detected in a major security breach."
PWNED_VALIDATOR_MINIMUM_BREACHES	The minimum number of breaches needed to raise an error	1

## 1.6 Rate Limiting

Historically, requests to the API were rate limited. However, with the new k-anonymity model-based API, there are no such rate limits.

## 1.7 Running Tests

```
source <YOURVIRTUALENV>/bin/activate
(myenv) $ pip install tox
(myenv) $ tox
```

## 1.8 Credits

Tools used in rendering this package:

- [Cookiecutter](#)
- [cookiecutter-djangopackage](#)



# CHAPTER 2

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## Installation

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Install via pip:

```
$ pip install django-pwned-passwords
```

Add it to your INSTALLED\_APPS:

```
INSTALLED_APPS = (
    ...
    'django_pwned_passwords',
    ...
)
```

Add django-pwned-passwords's PWNEDPasswordValidator to AUTH\_PASSWORD\_VALIDATORS:

```
AUTH_PASSWORD_VALIDATORS = [
    ...
    {
        'NAME': 'django_pwned_passwords.password_validation.PWNEDPasswordValidator'
    }
]
```



# CHAPTER 3

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## Contributing

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Contributions are welcome, and they are greatly appreciated! Every little bit helps, and credit will always be given. You can contribute in many ways:

### 3.1 Types of Contributions

#### 3.1.1 Report Bugs

Report bugs at <https://github.com/jamiecounsell/django-pwned-passwords/issues>.

If you are reporting a bug, please include:

- Your operating system name and version.
- Any details about your local setup that might be helpful in troubleshooting.
- Detailed steps to reproduce the bug.

#### 3.1.2 Fix Bugs

Look through the GitHub issues for bugs. Anything tagged with “bug” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

#### 3.1.3 Implement Features

Look through the GitHub issues for features. Anything tagged with “feature” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

### 3.1.4 Write Documentation

django-pwned-passwords could always use more documentation, whether as part of the official django-pwned-passwords docs, in docstrings, or even on the web in blog posts, articles, and such.

### 3.1.5 Submit Feedback

The best way to send feedback is to file an issue at <https://github.com/jamiecounsell/django-pwned-passwords/issues>.

If you are proposing a feature:

- Explain in detail how it would work.
- Keep the scope as narrow as possible, to make it easier to implement.
- Remember that this is a volunteer-driven project, and that contributions are welcome :)

## 3.2 Get Started!

Ready to contribute? Here's how to set up *django-pwned-passwords* for local development.

1. Fork the *django-pwned-passwords* repo on GitHub.
2. Clone your fork locally:

```
$ git clone git@github.com:your_name_here/django-pwned-passwords.git
```

3. Install your local copy into a virtualenv. Assuming you have virtualenvwrapper installed, this is how you set up your fork for local development:

```
$ mkvirtualenv django-pwned-passwords
$ cd django-pwned-passwords/
$ python setup.py develop
```

4. Create a branch for local development:

```
$ git checkout -b name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

Now you can make your changes locally.

5. When you're done making changes, check that your changes pass flake8 and the tests, including testing other Python versions with tox:

```
$ flake8 django_pwned_passwords tests
$ python setup.py test
$ tox
```

To get flake8 and tox, just pip install them into your virtualenv.

6. Commit your changes and push your branch to GitHub:

```
$ git add .
$ git commit -m "Your detailed description of your changes."
$ git push origin name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

7. Submit a pull request through the GitHub website.

### 3.3 Pull Request Guidelines

Before you submit a pull request, check that it meets these guidelines:

1. The pull request should include tests.
2. If the pull request adds functionality, the docs should be updated. Put your new functionality into a function with a docstring, and add the feature to the list in README.rst.
3. The pull request should work for Python 2.7, 3.5, and 3.6, and for PyPy. Check [https://travis-ci.org/jamiecounsell/django-pwned-passwords/pull\\_requests](https://travis-ci.org/jamiecounsell/django-pwned-passwords/pull_requests) and make sure that the tests pass for all supported Python versions.

### 3.4 Tips

To run a subset of tests:

```
$ python -m unittest tests.test_django_pwned_passwords
```



# CHAPTER 4

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## Credits

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### 4.1 Development Lead

- Jamie Counsell <[jamiecounsell@me.com](mailto:jamiecounsell@me.com)>

### 4.2 Contributors

None yet. Why not be the first?



# CHAPTER 5

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## History

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See Github Releases