
Botibal Documentation

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VirtualTam

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A silly, quizzical XMPP bot based on the [SliXMPP](#) (3.5+) library.

CHAPTER 1

Installation

Botibal is currently compatible with [Python 3.5](#), 3.6 and 3.7, and has been tested on Linux.

1.1 With pip (system-wide)

The simplest way to install Botibal is with [pip](#):

```
$ pip install botibal
```

1.2 With pip & virtualenv (recommended)

To install Botibal in a Python [virtualenv](#) (here with Python 3.5 as the default interpreter):

```
# create a new virtualenv
$ virtualenv /path/to/envs/botibal

# activate the virtualenv
$ source /path/to/envs/botibal/bin/activate

# install botibal
(botibal) $ pip install botibal

# check which packages have been installed
(botibal) $ pip freeze
aiodns==1.0.1
botibal==0.7.5
pyasn1==0.1.9
pyasn1-modules==0.0.8
slixmpp==1.1
```

To specify a Python interpreter:

```
# create a new Python 3 virtualenv
$ virtualenv -p /usr/bin/python3.5 /path/to/envs/botibal3

# activate the virtualenv
$ source /path/to/envs/botibal3/bin/activate

# install botibal
(botibal3) $ pip install botibal

# check which packages have been installed
(botibal3) $ pip freeze
aiodns==1.0.0
botibal==0.7.5
pyasn1==0.1.9
pyasn1-modules==0.0.8
pycares==1.0.0
slixmpp==1.1
wheel==0.24.0
```

1.3 From the sources

To install Botibal from the latest source revision and install it in a dedicated `virtualenv`:

```
# fetch the sources
$ git clone https://github.com/virtualtam/botibal
$ cd botibal

# create and activate a new virtualenv
$ virtualenv /path/to/botibal-src
$ source /path/to/botibal-src/bin/activate

# upgrade pip (required to read requirements attributes)
(botibal-src) $ pip install -U pip

# build and install
(botibal-src) $ make install

# check which packages have been installed
(botibal3) $ pip freeze

aiodns==1.0.0
botibal==0.7.5
pyasn1==0.1.9
pyasn1-modules==0.0.8
pycares==1.0.0
slixmpp==1.1
wheel==0.24.0
```

Botibal relies on a simple [INI](#) file to hold its configuration. An [example configuration file](#) is provided in the sources.

2.1 Example configuration file

For the bot to work properly, a configuration file must be created:

- it can be located anywhere on the disk,
- it will be passed as a mandatory argument when running a bot (see [Usage](#)),
- it holds connection and administration information (JIDs, MUC).

Listing 1: `config.example.ini`

```
[auth]
jid=imahbot@lulzse.cx
password=OhGoshWhereAreTheKeys?

[muc]
room=1408@skyr.im
admin_jid=thecat@saw.it

[nick]
botibal=Botibal
minibal=Minibal
quizzibal=Quizzibal
```


3.1 MiniBal, the minimalist bot

- connects to a groupchat,
- answers to plopping: `<user>: plop <bot> => <bot>: plop <user>`,
- allows to taunt users!
- gives the current date and time.

3.2 Botibal, the silly bot

- all of MiniBal's features,
- knows basic text ciphering (currently, ROT13).

3.3 Quizzibal, the quizzical bot

- all of MiniBal's features,
- quizz sessions!
- quizz handling: start/stop, display scores, manage questions.

4.1 Start the bot

Run with no arguments to get the help string:

```
$ botibal [-h] [-d] (-b | -m | -q) config_file database_file

positional arguments:
  config_file      configuration file
  database_file    data storage file

optional arguments:
  -h, --help          show this help message and exit
  -d, --debug          set logging to DEBUG
  -b, --botibal        BotiBal, the silly bot
  -m, --minibal        MiniBal, the minimalist bot
  -q, --quizzibal     QuizziBal, the quizzical bot
```

To start MiniBal:

```
$ botibal -m ~/botibal/config.ini ~/botibal/botibal.db
```

4.2 Chat commands

The available commands depend on which bot is running, and are split as follows:

- *MUC* - command execution (say/display something);
- *PM* - bot admin:
 - add, delete and list elements,
 - change bot status,

- send instructions that will result in the bot sending messages to the MUC.

The bots' internal command interface is derived from `argparse`, interaction is thus very similar to running programs from the command-line (see the *Examples* section).

Once the bot is online and connected to a groupchat, you can:

- get help for MUC commands
 - list all available commands: `<bot_nick>: -h`
 - get help for a given command: `<bot_nick>: <command> -h`
- execute MUC commands: `<bot_nick>: command [args]`
- get help for PM commands:
 - list all available commands: `-h`
 - get help for a given command: `<command> -h`
- execute PM commands: `command [args]`

5.1 MUC interaction (MiniBal)

```
<Hans> plop Minibal
<Minibal> plop Hans
[...]
<Hans> Minibal: -h
<Minibal>
usage: Minibal: [-h] {say,time} ...

positional arguments:
  {say,time,taunt}
    say              say something
    time
[...]
<Hans> Minibal: say -h
<Minibal>
usage: Minibal: say [-h] text [text ...]

positional arguments:
  text
[...]
<Hans> Minibal: say hello, world!
<Minibal> hello, world!
```

5.2 PM interaction (MiniBal)

```
<Hans> -h
<Minibal>
usage: Minibal: [-h] {say,time,quit,taunt} ...
```

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```
positional arguments:
  {say,time,quit,taunt}
    say                say something
    time
    quit               tells the bot to stop
    taunt              manage taunts
[...]
<Hans> taunt add programming, do you speak it, mofo?
<Hans> taunt --list
<Minibal>
1 - programming, do you speak it, mofo? (Hans)
```

See also:

- *Installation*
- *Configuration*

6.1 Requirements

To install *production* and *test* dependencies:

```
(botibal) $ pip install -r requirements/tests.txt
```

To install *production*, *test* and *development* dependencies:

```
(botibal) $ pip install -r requirements/development.txt
```

6.2 Tools

Static analysis:

- *isort*: check imports ordering & formatting;
- *pycodestyle*: miscellaneous language checks (formerly *PEP8*);
- *pydocstyle*: check doctsring formatting (formerly *PEP257*);
- *Pylint*: all-in-one syntax checker.

Tests:

- *coverage*;
- *pytest*;

- `unittest`.

6.2.1 Tox

Alternatively, if you have `Tox` installed, as well as a Python 3.5+ interpreter available:

```
# yup, it's that simple ;-)  
$ tox
```